June 24, 2022

The Honorable Edmund S. Villagomez  
Speaker, House of Representatives  
Twenty-Second Northern Marianas  
Commonwealth Legislature  
Saipan, MP 96950

The Honorable Justo S. Quitugua  
Acting President of the Senate  
Twenty-Second Northern Marianas  
Commonwealth Legislature  
Saipan, MP 96950

Dear Mr. Speaker and Acting President:

This is to inform you that I have signed into law House Bill No. 22-22, HD1, SD1 entitled, “To establish laws to regulate bioprospecting activities within the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in order to ensure prior, informed consent and equitable sharing of benefits.”, which was passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Twenty Second Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature.

This bill becomes Public Law No. 22-19. Copies bearing my signature are forwarded for your reference.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

[Acting Governor]

cc: Acting Press Secretary; Attorney General’s Office; Department of Lands & Natural Resources; Commonwealth Law Revision Commission; Public Auditor; Special Assistant for Administration; Special Assistant for Programs and Legislative Review
June 17, 2022

The Honorable Ralph DLG. Torres
Governor
Commonwealth of the Northern Marianna Islands
Capitol Hill
Saipan, MP 96950

Dear Governor Torres:

I have the honor of transmitting herewith for your action H. B. No. 22-22, HD1, SD1, entitled: “To establish laws to regulate bioprospecting activities within the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianna Islands in order to ensure prior, informed consent and equitable sharing of benefits.”, which was passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Twenty-Second Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature.

Sincerely yours,

Linda B. Muna
House Clerk

Attachment
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

FEBRUARY 19, 2021

REPRESENTATIVE ANGEL A. DEMAPAN OF SAIPAN, PRECINCT 1 (for himself; Representatives Roy C.A. Ada; Blas Jonathan “BJ” T. Attao, Ivan A. Blanco, Joel C. Camacho, Joseph A. Flores, Joseph Leepan T. Guerrero, John Paul P. Sablan, and Patrick H. San Nicolas,) in an open and public meeting with an opportunity for the public to comment, introduced the following Bill:

H. B. No. 22-22, HD1, SD1

AN ACT

TO ESTABLISH LAWS TO REGULATE BIOPROSPECTING ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS IN ORDER TO ENSURE PRIOR, INFORMED CONSENT AND EQUITABLE SHARING OF BENEFITS.

The Bill was referred to the House Committee on Natural Resources, which submitted Standing Committee Report 22-23; adopted 8/31/2021.

THE BILL WAS PASSED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON FIRST AND FINAL READING, AUGUST 31, 2021; with amendments in the form of H. B. No. 22-22, HD1 and transmitted to THE SENATE.

The Bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Judiciary, Government, Law and Federal Relations, which submitted Standing Committee Report 22-66; adopted 5/26/2022.

THE BILL WAS PASSED BY THE SENATE ON MAY 26, 2022, FIRST AND FINAL READING; with amendments in the form of H. B. No. 22-22, HD1, SD1 and returned to the House of Representatives on May 31, 2022.

The House of Representatives accepted the Senate amendments and passed H. B. 22-22, HD1, SD1 during its First Day, Third Special Session on June 13, 2022.

Linda B. Muña, House Clerk
SECTION 3. ENACTMENT.

The following is hereby enacted, subject to codification by the CNMI Law Revision Commission:

"Section 101. Definitions.

(1) Bioprospecting defined.

(a) “Bioprospecting” means any search, analysis or study of naturally occurring biological processes, organic compounds, living or dead organisms, genetic information and DNA, and any other naturally occurring substances, processes and outputs found in the CNMI, for purposes of discovering something useful or commercially valuable, whether or not the search, analysis or study is conducted on-site or if materials were removed for off-site investigative processing.

(b) “Bioprospecting” does not include:

(i) horticultural cultivation, except for horticultural genetic engineering conducted in a manner otherwise constituting bioprospecting;

(ii) an agricultural enterprise;

(iii) a forest and range management practice;

(iv) invasive weed management; or

(v) incidental removal of materials while engaged in bona fide research or commercial enterprises provided removed materials are not used for bioprospecting.

(2) “Non-federal lands and waters” means lands and above-water and submerged lands and natural bodies of water in the CNMI that:

(a) is not owned or controlled by the federal government or within the exclusive and permanent jurisdiction of the federal government; and

(b) is owned by the CNMI, its municipality, or any other government agency that is not the federal government.
Section 102. Scope of Act.

(1) This Act does not modify or replace any other requirement under federal, CNMI, or local law related to an act that under this Act is considered bioprospecting, including any requirement to obtain the permission of a landowner.

(2) This Act applies only to non-federal public lands and waters owned by the CNMI and its municipalities and any other government agency that is not the federal government.

(3) This Act does not apply to private lands. Permission from a private landowner must be obtained to conduct any bioprospecting on private lands.

Section 103. Regulations.

Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act or as soon as possible thereafter, the Secretary of the CNMI Department of Lands and Natural Resources (DLNR) shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the intent of this Act inclusive of monitoring procedures and proper vetting of potential licensing applicants to ensure that the applicant is a person or an entity in good standing.

Section 104. License for bioprospecting.

(1) Beginning immediately upon the promulgation of rules and regulations by DLNR, DLNR shall create a license application form for purposes of this Act that includes:

   (a) notice of the CNMI’s reservation of economic interests provided in Section 105;

   (b) a statement to be signed by a person who is applying for a license that states that the person agrees to negotiate as described in Section 105; and

   (c) a requirement that the person lists the locations at which the person anticipates bioprospecting during the 12-month period of the license.

   (d) a requirement that the person reports the results of the bioprospecting within 12 months after the end of the license period. Results must identify any findings identified as being potentially valuable, either economically,
historically, or culturally, and state whether or not any further action will be taken in regards to the potentially valuable findings.

(e) a requirement that the person report to DLNR of any subsequent actions taken in regards to any findings.

(f) a requirement that DLNR be advised within three months of any assignment of the findings to another party.

(g) a requirement that all obligations under this Act of the person confer to subsequent assignees of the findings.

(2) Before engaging in an act of bioprospecting, a person shall apply for a license with the DLNR and consent to any monitoring deemed necessary by DLNR.

(a) A license under this Act expires one year after issuance of the license unless otherwise revoked by DLNR at an earlier time.

(3) To obtain a license with the division or renew a license, a person shall:

(a) submit a license application form created by the DLNR in accordance with this Act;

(b) pay a license fee established by DLNR.

(4) Fifty percent of the license fee shall be deposited in a special account, to be called the “Bioprospecting Revolving Fund” to be established by the Secretary of the Department of Finance that shall be used by the Department of Lands and Natural Resources for expenses incurred as a result of enforcement and compliance monitoring for any licensed bioprospecting activity in the CNMI.

(5) The Secretary of the Department of Lands and Natural Resources shall be the expenditure authority for the license fees collected in the “Bioprospecting Revolving Fund” account established in subsection (4).

Section 105. Reservation of economic interests - Agreement to negotiate in good faith.

(1) The right of a person to engage in an act of bioprospecting in this Commonwealth is subject to the CNMI’s reservation of any right it may have to an economic benefit derived from the act of bioprospecting.
(2) A person may not engage in an act of bioprospecting in the CNMI if the person, as part of the license required herein, does not agree in writing to negotiate in good faith with the CNMI if the CNMI asserts an economic interest described in Subsection (1).

**Section 106. Economic benefits of bioprospecting denied.**

(1) A person who engages in an act of bioprospecting in violation of this Act is guilty of criminal trespass.

(2) If found guilty of a violation under this Act, a court may in addition to a penalty imposed herein, order restitution that is proportional to the economic interests the CNMI may have.

(3) Restitution funds collected shall be deposited into the “Bioprospecting Revolving Fund” to be used by the Department of Lands and Natural Resources for expenses incurred as a result of enforcement and compliance monitoring for any licensed bioprospecting activity in the CNMI.

(4) The Secretary of the Department of Lands and Natural Resources shall be the expenditure authority for the restitution fees collected in the “Bioprospecting Revolving Fund” established in subsection (3).”

**SECTION 4. SEVERABILITY.**

If any provisions of this Act or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance should be held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Act or the application of its provisions to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

**SECTION 5. SAVINGS CLAUSE.**

This Act and any repealer contained herein shall not be construed as affecting any existing right acquired under contract or acquired under statutes repealed or under any rule, regulation, or order adopted under the statutes. Repealers contained in this Act shall not affect any proceeding instituted under or pursuant to prior law. The enactment of the Act shall not have the effect of terminating, or in any way modifying, any liability, civil or criminal, which shall already be in existence on the date this Act becomes effective.
SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the Governor, or its becoming law without such approval.

Attested to by: 
Linda B. Muña, House Clerk

Certified by: 
SPEAKER EDMUND S. VILLAGOMEZ
House of Representatives
22nd Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature

Approved this 24th day of June, 2022

JUDE U. HOFSCHEIDER
Acting Governor
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands