## TABLE OF CONTENTS

**ADOPTION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Notice of Certification and Adoption Of Regulations of the State Board of Education Public School System</td>
<td>034360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Notice of Certification and Adoption The Personnel Rules and Regulations of the Marianas Visitor's Authority</td>
<td>034362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Notice of Certification and Adoption Of Regulations for Podiatrists Healthcare Professions Licensing Board</td>
<td>034364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Notice of Certification and Adoption Of Regulations of the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Control Division Department of Commerce</td>
<td>034366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Notice and Certification of Adoption For Licensed Professional Counselors, Licensed Mental Health Counselors, and Licensed Mental Health Counselor Associates Healthcare Professions Licensing Board</td>
<td>034368</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PROPOSED**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Notice of Proposed Regulations for Licensed Baccalaureate Social Worker, Licensed Master’s Social Worker and the Licensed Clinical Social Worker Healthcare Professions Licensing Board</td>
<td>034371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notice of Proposed Amendments to the Regulations for Acupuncture Healthcare Professions Licensing Board</td>
<td>034388</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Public Notice of Proposed Revisions to Section 8
Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs
Northern Marianas Housing Corporation ............................................................ 034400

Public Notice of Proposed Regulations for the
Mariana Crow Conservation Area
Department of Lands and Natural Resources ...................................................... 034537

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

Executive Order No. 2013-21
Declaration of Health Emergency (CHC)
Office of the Governor ................................................................. 034547

Executive Order No. 2013-22
Declaration of a State of Significant Emergency (CUC)
Office of the Governor ................................................................. 034550

Executive Order No. 2013-23
Declaration of Health Emergency (CHC)
Office of the Governor ................................................................. 034555

DIRECTIVES

Directive No. 08
Decentralization of Utilities
Office of the Governor ................................................................. 034558
PUBLIC NOTICE OF CERTIFICATION AND ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS OF The Commonwealth State Board of Education

PRIOR PUBLICATION IN THE COMMONWEALTH REGISTER AS PROPOSED REGULATIONS Volume 35, Number 08, pp 034138-034146, of August 28, 2013

Regulations of the State Board of Education: §60-20-412 Entrance Age

ACTION TO ADOPT PROPOSED REGULATIONS: The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, State Board of Education (the Board), HEREBY ADOPTS AS PERMANENT regulations the Proposed Regulations which were published in the Commonwealth Register at the above-referenced pages, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The Board announced that it intended to adopt them as permanent, and now does so.

The Revision to the Entrance Age within the CNMI Public School System as published, such adopted regulations are a true, complete and correct copy of the referenced Proposed Regulations, and that they are being adopted without modification or amendment.

PRIOR PUBLICATION: The prior publication was as stated above. The Board adopted the regulations as final at its Special Board meeting of September 27, 2013.

MODIFICATIONS FROM PROPOSED REGULATIONS, IF ANY: “None”

AUTHORITY: The Board is required by the Legislature to adopt rules and regulations regarding those matters over which the State Board of Education has jurisdiction.
EFFECTIVE DATE: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC sec. 9105(b), these adopted regulations are effective 10 days after compliance with the APA, 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a) or (b), which, in this instance, is ten (10) days after this publication in the Commonwealth Register.

COMMENTS AND AGENCY CONCISE STATEMENT: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC sec. 9104(a)(2), the agency has considered fully all written and oral submissions respecting the proposed regulations. Upon this adoption of the regulations, the agency, if requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within 30 days thereafter, will issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating therein its reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. Please see the following pages for this agency’s concise statement, if there are any, in response to filed comments.

ATTORNEY GENERAL APPROVAL for non-modified regulations or regulations with NON-material modification: The adopted regulations were approved for promulgation by the Attorney General in the above-cited pages of the Commonwealth Register, pursuant to 1 CMC sec. 2153(e) (To review and approve, as to form and legal sufficiency, all rules and regulations to be promulgated by any department, agency or instrumentality of the Commonwealth government, including public corporations, except as otherwise provided by law).

I DECLARE under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on the 27th day of September 2013, at Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Certified and ordered by:

HERMAN T. GUERRERO, Chairperson
Thirteenth CNMI State Board of Education

Filed and Recorded by:

ESTHER M. SAN NICOLAS
Commonwealth Register
PUBLIC NOTICE OF CERTIFICATION AND ADOPTION

OF

The Personnel Rules and Regulations of the Marianas Visitors Authority

PRIOR PUBLICATION IN THE COMMONWEALTH REGISTER
AS PROPOSED REGULATIONS
Volume 35, Number 07, pp 033935-034037, of July 28, 2013

The Personnel Rules and Regulations of the Marianas Visitors Authority:

ACTION TO ADOPT PROPOSED REGULATIONS: The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Marianas Visitors Authority ("MVA"), HEREBY ADOPTS AS PERMANENT REGULATIONS the Proposed Rules and Regulations which were published in the Commonwealth Register at the above-referenced pages, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The MVA announced that it intended to adopt them as permanent, and now does so. A true copy is attached. I also certify by signature below that:

• as published, such adopted regulations are a true, complete and correct copy of the referenced Proposed Regulations, and
• that they are being adopted without modification or amendment.

PRIOR PUBLICATION: The prior publication was as stated above. The Board of Directors adopted the regulations as final at its meeting of February 07, 2013.

AUTHORITY: The Marianas Visitors Authority is empowered by the Legislature through Public Law 11-15 to adopt personnel rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of personnel matters within the MVA.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC sec. 9105(b), these adopted regulations are effective 10 days after compliance with the APA, 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a) or (b), which, in this instance, is 10 days after this publication in the Commonwealth Register.

COMMENTS AND AGENCY CONCISE STATEMENT: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC sec. 9104(a)(2), the agency has considered fully all written and oral submissions respecting the proposed regulations. Upon this adoption of the regulations, the agency, if requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within 30 days thereafter, will issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating therein its reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. Please see the following pages for this agency's concise statement, if there are any, in response to filed comments.
I DECLARE under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on the 10th day of October, 2013, at Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Certified and ordered by:

PERRY JOHN P. TENORIO  
Managing Director  

Date  

Filed and Recorded by:

ESTHER SN. NESBITT  
Commonwealth Register  

Date
PUBLIC NOTICE AND CERTIFICATION OF ADOPTION OF THE
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD’S REGULATIONS FOR PODIATRISTS

Prior Publication in the Commonwealth Register
As Proposed Regulations for Podiatrists
Volume 35, Number 08, PP 34147-34158 of August 28, 2013

Regulations for Podiatrists: NMIAC Title 140, §140-50.3-4500

Adoption of the Amendments to the Regulations for Podiatrists: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB), hereby adopts the attached regulations as permanent regulations, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The Health Care Professions Licensing Board announced that it intended to adopt them as permanent and now does so.

Prior Publication: The prior publication was as stated above. The Health Care Professions Licensing Board adopted the attached regulations as final as of the date of signing below.

Modifications from Prior Published Proposed Regulations, if Any: None.

Authority: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board has statutory power to promulgate and effect regulations pursuant to P.L. 15-105, Section 3, § 2206 (b), as amended.

Effective Date: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC § 9105(b), these adopted to the HCPLB regulations for Podiatrists are effective 10 days after compliance with the APA, 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a), which in this instance is 10 days after this publication in the Commonwealth Register.

Comments and Agency Concise Statement. Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC § 9104(a) (2), the HCPLB has reviewed no comments on the proposed regulations during the thirty-day period. Upon this adoption of the amendments, the agency, if requested to do so by any interested person, within 30 days of adoption, will issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption.

Attorney General Approval: The adopted regulations for Podiatrists were approved for promulgation by the CNMI Attorney General in the above cited pages of the Commonwealth Register, pursuant to 1 CMC §2153(e) (to review and approve as to form and legal sufficiency all rules and regulations to be promulgated by any department or agency or instrumentality of the Commonwealth government, including public corporations, except as otherwise provided by law).
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct copy and that this declaration was executed on the ____ day of __________, 2010, at Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Certified and Ordered by:

Ahmad Al-Alou, MD
HCPLB Chairman

10/15/13
Date

Filed and Recorded by:

Esther SN Nesbitt
Commonwealth Register

10/28/2013
Date
PUBLIC NOTICE OF CERTIFICATION AND ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS OF
The Department of Commerce
Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Control Division

PRIOR PUBLICATION IN THE COMMONWEALTH REGISTER AS PROPOSED REGULATIONS
Volume 35, Number 08, pp 034194 -211, of August 28, 2013

Proposed Regulations of the Alcoholic Beverage Control: No Changes

ACTION TO ADOPT PROPOSED REGULATIONS: The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Secretary of the Department of Commerce, HEREBY ADOPTS AS PERMANENT regulations the Proposed Regulations of the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Control Division which were published in the Commonwealth Register at the above-referenced pages, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The Secretary of the Department of Commerce announced that it intended to adopt them as permanent, and now does so. A true copy is attached. I also certify by signature below that:

as published, such adopted regulations are true, complete and correct copy of the referenced Proposed Regulations,

and that they are being adopted without modification or amendment.

PRIOR PUBLICATION: The prior publication was as stated above. The Secretary of the Department of Commerce hereby adopts the regulations as final.

MODIFICATIONS FROM PROPOSED REGULATIONS, IF ANY: None. The Secretary of the Department of Commerce further request and direct that this adoption be published in the Commonwealth Register.

AUTHORITY: The Secretary of the Department of Commerce is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to 4 CMC, §5575, and 1 CMC §2454, (modified be Section 302(c) of Executive Order 94-3, text printed in Reorganization Plan No. 2, Directive 93, Comm. Reg. Vol. 16, No. 6, at 11931 [effective date June 15, 1994], Public Law 16-27 [effective date April 07, 2008], and Public Law 17-83 [effective date September 23, 2012], codified at 4 CMC, Division 5, Chapter 5, as amended, repealed and re-enacted.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC sec. 9105(b), these adopted regulations are effective 10 days after compliance with the APA, 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a) or (b), which, in this instance, is 10 days after this publication in the Commonwealth Register.

COMMENTS AND AGENCY CONCISE STATEMENT: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC sec. 9104(a)(2), the agency has placed through its website, for public comments, the Proposed Regulations of the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Control Division which were published in the Commonwealth Register at the above-referenced pages, for full consideration of all written and oral submissions respecting the proposed regulations. After fulfillment of the 30 days publication, the Department of Commerce did not receive any written or oral submission from the general public, prior to this adoption or within 30 days thereafter.
Therefore, the agency did not issue any concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption.

I DECLARE under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on the 18th day of October, 2013, at Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Certified and ordered by:

[Signature]
SIXTO K. IGISOMAR
Secretary of Commerce

Date
10/23/13

Filed and Recorded by:

[Signature]
ESTHER SN. NESBITT
Commonwealth Register

Date
10/28/2013
PUBLIC NOTICE AND CERTIFICATION OF ADOPTION OF THE
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD’S REGULATIONS FOR
LICENSED PROFESSIONAL COUNSELORS, LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELORS,
AND LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELOR ASSOCIATES

PRIOR PUBLICATION IN THE COMMONWEALTH REGISTER
AS PROPOSED REGULATIONS
VOLUME 35, NUMBER 08, PP 34159-34175 OF AUGUST 28, 2013

Regulations for Licensed Professional Counselors, Licensed Mental Health Counselors, and Licensed Mental Health Counselor Associates: NMIAC Title 140, §140-50.3-4600

ADOPTION OF THE REGULATIONS FOR LICENSED PROFESSIONAL COUNSELORS, LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELORS, AND LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELOR ASSOCIATES: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB), hereby adopts the attached regulations as permanent regulations, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The Health Care Professions Licensing Board announced that it intended to adopt them as permanent and now does so.

PRIOR PUBLICATION: The prior publication was as stated above. The Health Care Professions Licensing Board adopted the attached regulations as final as of the date of signing below.

MODIFICATIONS FROM PRIOR PUBLISHED PROPOSED REGULATIONS, IF ANY:
1. § 140-50.3-004601 "Definitions" is modified to add a definition for "CEU". All other definition is redesignated (f) to (g) accordingly.
   (e) "CEU" is the continuing education unit. CE and CEU is not the same. One hour of credit will be allowed for each clock or contact hour of CE participation. One CEU equals to 10 clock, credit or contact CE hours.

2. § 140-50.3-004607 Continuing Education (CE).
   (a) Each professional or mental health counselor licensed to practice in the CNMI is required to complete forty (40) CE hours or four CEU and each licensed mental health counselor associate is required to complete twenty (20) CE hours or two CEU, during the 24 months prior to the expiration of his or her license as a prerequisite to the renewal of his or her biennial license.
   
   (b) One hour of credit will be allowed for each clock or contact hour of CE participation. One CEU equals to 10 clock, credit or contact CE hours. One academic semester hour equals to 15 CE credit or contact hours. One academic quarter hour equals to 10 CE credit or contact hours.
(c) Approved continuing education activities include, but are not limited to the American Mental Health Counselors Association, the American Association of State Counseling Boards, the Canadian Counseling and Psychotherapy Association, and the National Board for Certified Counselors.

(1) A Licensed Professional Counselor shall take CE/CEU including, but not limited from the following content areas:
   (i) Counseling Theory/Practice and the Helping Relationship
   (ii) Human Growth and Development
   (iii) Social and Cultural Foundations
   (iv) Group Dynamics, Processing and Counseling
   (v) Career Development and Counseling
   (vi) Research and Program Evaluation
   (vii) Counselor Professional Identity and Practice Issues;
   (viii) Ethics; and
   (ix) Multiple Sessions/Conferences

(2) A Licensed Mental Health Counselor shall take at least 50 percent of the CE/CEU required, including but not limited, from the following content areas:
   (i) Counseling and Psychotherapy Theory and Practice
   (ii) Abnormal Psychology and Psychotherapy
   (iii) Testing and Appraisal; and
   (iv) Group Counseling and Psychotherapy; and
   (v) Ethics

(d) If a licensee fails to meet the CE requirements for renewal of license because of illness, military service, or other extenuating circumstances, the Board, upon appropriate written explanation, may grant an extension of time to complete same, on an individual basis.

(e) It shall be the responsibility of the licensee to obtain documentation, satisfactory to the Board, from the organization or institution of his or her participation in the continuing education, and the number of credits earned.

(f) Licensure renewal shall be denied to any licensee who fails to provide satisfactory evidence of completion of CE requirements or who falsely certifies attendance at or completion of the CE as required herein.

3. § 140-50.3-004608 Renewal.
   (c) All licensees must submit satisfactory evidence of completion of CE/CEU requirements, as required under §4607 of these regulations.

AUTHORITY: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board has statutory power to promulgate and effect regulations pursuant to P.L. 15-105, Section 3, § 2206 (b), as amended.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC § 9105(b), these adopted regulations to the HCPLB regulations for Licensed Professional Counselors,
Licensed Mental Health Counselors, and Licensed Mental Health Counselors Associates are effective 10 days after compliance with the APA, 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a), which in this instance is 10 days after this publication in the Commonwealth Register.

COMMENTS AND AGENCY CONCISE STATEMENT. Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC § 9104(a) (2), the HCPLB received some minor comments on the proposed regulations during the thirty-day period. Upon this adoption of the amendments, the agency, if requested to do so by any interested person, within 30 days of adoption, will issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption.

ATTORNEY GENERAL APPROVAL: The adopted regulations for Licensed Professional Counselors, Licensed Mental Health Counselors, and Licensed Mental Health Counselors Associates were approved for promulgation by the CNMI Attorney General in the above cited pages of the Commonwealth Register, pursuant to 1 CMC §2153(e) (to review and approve as to form and legal sufficiency all rules and regulations to be promulgated by any department or agency or instrumentality of the Commonwealth government, including public corporations, except as otherwise provided by law).

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct copy and that this declaration was executed on the day of , 2010, at Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Certified and Ordered by:

Ahmad Al-Alou, MD  
HCPLB Chairman

Pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(e) (AG approval of regulations to be promulgated as to form) and 1 CMC § 9104(3) (obtain AG approval), the certified final regulations, modified as indicated above from the cited proposed regulations, have been reviewed and approved as to form and legal sufficiency by the CNMI Attorney General, and shall be published (1 CMC §2153(f) (publication of rules and regulations).

Dated the day of October, 2012

JOEY P. SAN NICOLAS  
Attorney General

Filed and Recorded by:

Ester SN. Nesbitt  
Commonwealth Register
NOTICE OF PROPOSED REGULATIONS TO THE
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD
FOR
LICENSED BACCALAUREATE SOCIAL WORKER, LICENSED MASTER'S SOCIAL WORKER
AND THE LICENSED CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER

INTENDED ACTION TO ADOPT THESE PROPOSED REGULATIONS: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB) intends to adopt as permanent regulations the attached Proposed Regulations, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The regulations would become effective 10 days after compliance with 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a) or (b) (1 CMC §9105(b)).

AUTHORITY: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board has statutory power to promulgate and effect regulations pursuant to P.L. 15-105, Section 3, § 2206 (b), as amended.

THE TERMS AND SUBSTANCE: Regulation History: PL 15-105 (effective when approved by Governor Benigno R. Fitial, November 7, 2007), the “Health Care Professions Act of 2007,” 3 CMC §§ 2201-36. The Act created a Health Care Professions Licensing Board, as an independent regulatory agency, without placing it in a Department. The Board is authorized to license health care professionals in the Commonwealth, establish standards for educational programs, administer exams, and to discipline licensees for violations of the act. See PL 15-105. 3 CMC § 2206(b), which empowers the Board to adopt rules and regulations consistent with the Act and necessary to carry out the Act’s provisions, including define and describe the regulated professions and their practice. The Social Workers are included in the health care professions, under the power, jurisdiction and authority of the HCPLB. § 2212 of PL 15-105.

THE SUBJECTS AND ISSUES INVOLVED: These are the proposed regulations for the practice of Licensed Baccalaureate Social Worker, Licensed Master’s Social Worker and the Licensed Clinical Social Worker.

DIRECTIONS FOR FILING AND PUBLICATION: The Board is soliciting comments regarding these proposed regulations which must be received by the Board within thirty (30) days of first publication of this notice in the Commonwealth Register. Interested persons may request copies of the proposed regulations by contacting us at 664-4809 or by email at bpl@pticom.com or come by our office located at Bldg. 1242, Pohnpei Ct., Capitol Hill, Saipan. Written comments on these amendments should be drop off at our office or sent to the BPL, P.O. Box 502078, Saipan, MP 96950, or by email at bpl@pticom.com.
Pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(e) (AG approval of regulations to be promulgated as to form) and 1 CMC § 9104(a) (3) (obtain AG approval) the proposed regulations attached hereto have been reviewed and approved as to form and legal sufficiency by the CNMI Attorney General and shall be published, 1 CMC § 2153(f) (publication of rules and regulations).
Commonwealth gi Sangkattan na Islas Marianas Siha
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD
P.O. Box 502078, #1242 Pohnpei Court
Capitol Hill, Saipan, MP 96950
Tel. No.: (670) 664-4809 Fax No.: (670) 664-4814
e-mail: bpl@pticom.com

NUTISIA GI MANMAPROPONI NA REGULASION SIHA PARA I HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD
PARA I LICENSED BACCALAUREATE SOCIAL WORKER, LICENSED MASTER'S SOCIAL WORKER YAN I LICENSED CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER

I AKSION NI MA’INTENSIONA PARA U MA’ADÁPTA ESTI I MANMAPROPONI NA REGULASION SIHA:
I Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB) ha intensiona para u adápta kumu petmánienti na regulasion siha ni mafiechettun i Manmaproponi na Regulasion Siha, sigun i manera gi Aktun Administrative Procedure, 1 CMC § 9104 (a). I regulasion siha para u ifektibu gi halum i dies(10) dihas dispues di compliance i 1 CMC §§ 9102 yan i 9104 (a) pat i (b) (1 CMC § 9105 (b)).

ÁTURIDÁT: I Health Care Professions Licensing Board gai statutory power para u cho’gui yan u huyung regulasion siha, sigun gi Lal Pupbliku 15-105, Seksiona 3, § 2206 (b) kumu ma’amenda.


I MASUHETU YAN ASUNTU NI TINEKKA SIHA: Esti i manmaproponi na regulasion siha para u mapraktika ni Licensed Baccalaureate Social Worker, Licensed Master’s Social Worker yan i Licensed Clinical Social Worker.

Nina’halua As: Ahmad Al-Alou, M.D.
Kabesiyu, HCPLB

Fetcha 10/15/13
Sigun i 1 CMC § 2153 (e), (Inaprueban Abugådu Heneråt i regulasion siha ni para u macho’gui kumu fotma) yan i 1 CMC § 9104 (a) (3) (inahentan inaprueban Abugådu Heneråt) i manmaproponi na regulasion siha ni mañechetun guini ni manmaribisa yan manma’aprueba kumu fotma yan sufisientligåt ginin i CNMI Abugådu Heneråt yan debi na u mapupblika, 1 CMC § 2153 (f) (pupblikasion areklamentu yan regulasion siha).
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD
P.O.Box. 502078, #1242 Pohnpei Court
Capitol Hill, Saipan, MP 96950
Tel No: (670)664-4809 Fax: (670)664-4814
Email: bpl@pticom.com

ARONGORONG REEL POMWOL ALLEGH REEL HEALTH CARE PROFESSION LICENSING BOARD
REER LICENSED BACCALURETE SOCIAL WORKER, LICENSED MASTER’S SOCIAL WORKER ME
LICENSED CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER.

MANGEMANGIL MWÓGHUT YEEL BWE EBWE ADAPTAÁLI POMMWOL ALLEGH KKAL:
Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB) emusche bwe adaptááli me aleghú ló
atiwlíg kka e appaasch bwe Proposed Regulations, sángi mwóghutughutul Administrative
Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). Atiwlíg kka ebwe bwungulól 10 ráál mwiril re ataabwey
alleghú l 1 CMC §§ 9102 me 9104(a) ngáre (b) (1 CMC §9105(b)).

BWÁNGIL: Health Care Professions Licensing Board nge eyoor bwángil ebwe akkaté me
ghitipwotchuw allegh kkaal bwelle reel P.L. 15-105, Tailil 3, § 2206 (b), igha e ameenda.

KKAPASAL ME AWEWEEL: Uruwowul atiwlíg kkal: P.L. 15-105(bwung ló ighiwe Sow
CMCS§§2201-36. Mwóghut yeel e fééru ta Health Care Professional Licensing Board, ngare eew
Independent Regulatory Agency, ese lo llong faal lemelemil eew department. Eyoor bwángil
Board ebwe ngaleer yaar License Health Care Professionals lól Commonwealth, ee ayocra
Standards reel progróomal Education, isisiwow Exams, me ebwe Discipline liir Licensees ngáre
rese attaabwey alleghú mwóghut yeel. Amweri PL 15-105. 3 CMC § 2206 (b), igha e ngaleey
bwángil Board ebwe adaptááli allegh kkaa e attaabwey ngáli Act me meeta kka ee ghi titttingóor
ebwe fééru Provisions-ii Act, e bwal too long reel ebwe awwewey Regulated Professions kkaa
me yaar angaang. Social Workers nge rebwal schuulong reel Health Care Professions, faal
lemelemil me bwángil HCPLB. §2212 reel PL 15-105.

KKAPASAL ME ÓUTOL: Pomwol allegh kkaal reer aar angaang Licensed Baccalaureate Social
Workers, Licensed Master’s Socail Worker, me Licensed Clinical Social Worker.

AFALA REEL AMWELL ME ARONGOWOWUL: Board ekke titttingór mängemángilir toulap reel
pomwol allegh kkal iye rebwe bwughil llól eligh rál ngáre schagh aa akkatééló liól
Commonwealth Register. Schóó kka re remuschel Copy-il pomwol allegh kkal emwel rebwe
faingi numero ye 664-4809 me ngáre email bpl@pticom.com me ngáre mweteló reel bwulasiyo
Bldg 1242, Pohnpei Ct., Capital Hill, Seipél. Ischil mängemáng ebwe isisilong liól bwulasiyo me
ngáre afanga ngali BPL, P.O. Box 502078, Seipél, MP 96950 bwal Email li ló bpl@pticom.com
Isáliiyalong: Ahmad Al-Alou
Ahmad Al-Alou, MD
HCPLB · Chairman

Mwir Sángi: Esther S. Fleming
Special Assistant for Administration

Amwel Sángi: Esther SN. Nesbitt
Commonwealth Register

Sángi 1 CMC § 2153(e) Allégh kkaal a lléghló sángi AG bwe e fil reel fféérúl me 1 CMC §9104(a)(3) (mwiir sángi AG) Pomwol atiwlígh kkal a appaaschlong a takkal amwuri fiischiy, me angúúngú ló fféérúl me legal sufficiency sángi CNMI Attorney General me ebwele akkatééwoow, 1 CMC §2153(f) (Arongowowul allégh me atiwlígh kkaal).

Joey P. San Nicolas
Attorney General

10/28/13
Ráll
§ 140-50.3-002300 Part 2300. Licensed Baccalaureate Social Worker, Licensed Master's Social Worker and the Licensed Clinical Social Worker.

§ 140-50.3-002301 Definitions.

(a) "ACSW" is the Academy of Certified Social Workers.

(b) "ASWB" is the Association of Social Work Boards.

(c) "CASSW" is the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work, which is the council that accredits the schools of social work in Canada.

(d) "CSWE" is the Council on Social Work Education, which is the council that accredits baccalaureate and master's degree programs in social work in the U.S.

(e) "L.B.S.W." means a "licensed baccalaureate social worker" who has been issued a license by this board to practice within their scope of practice and whose license is in good standing.

(f) "L.M.S.W." means a "licensed master's social worker" who has been issued a license by this board to practice within their scope of practice and whose license is in good standing.

(g) "L.C.S.W." means a "licensed clinical social worker" who has been issued a license by this board to practice within their scope of practice and whose license is in good standing.

(h) "NASW" is the National Association of Social Workers.

(i) "Practice of Baccalaureate Social Work" is applying social work theory, knowledge, methods, ethics and the professional use of self to restore or enhance social, psychosocial, or bio-psychosocial functioning of individuals, couples, families, groups, organizations and communities. Baccalaureate Social Work is generalist practice and may include interviewing, assessment, planning, intervention, evaluation, case management, mediation, counseling, supportive counseling, direct practice, information and referral, problem solving, supervision, consultation, education, advocacy, community organization, and policy and program development, implementation, and administration.

(j) "Practice of Clinical Social Work" is the practice of social work that requires applying social work theory, knowledge, methods, ethics, and the professional use of self to restore or enhance social, psychosocial, or bio-psychosocial functioning of individuals, couples, families, groups, and/or persons who are adversely affected by social or psychosocial stress or health impairment. The practice of clinical social work requires applying specialized clinical knowledge and advanced clinical skills in assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of mental,
emotional, and behavioral disorders, conditions and addictions, including severe mental illness and serious emotional disturbances in adults, adolescents, and children. The clinical social worker may engage in Baccalaureate Social Work practice and Master's Social Work practice. Clinical treatment methods may include but are not limited to providing individual, marital, couple, family, and group therapy, mediation, counseling, supportive counseling, direct practice, and psychotherapy. Clinical social workers are qualified and authorized to use the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM), the International Classification of Diseases (ICD), Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) Codes, and other diagnostic classification systems in assessment, diagnosis, treatment and other practice activities. An LCSW may provide any clinical or non-clinical social work service or supervision in either an employment or independent practice setting. An LCSW may work under contract, bill directly for services, and bill third parties for service reimbursements.

(k) "Practice of Master's Social Work" is applying social work theory, knowledge, methods and ethics and the professional use of self to restore or enhance social, psychosocial, or biopsychosocial functioning of individuals, couples, families, groups, organizations and communities. An LMSW may practice clinical social work in an agency employment setting under clinical supervision or under contract with an agency when under a clinical supervision plan. Master's Social Work practice may include applying specialized knowledge and advanced practice skills in assessment, treatment, planning, implementation and evaluation, case management, mediation, counseling, supportive counseling, direct practice, information and referral, supervision, consultation, education, research, advocacy, community organization and developing, implementing and administering policies, programs and activities. An LMSW may engage in Baccalaureate Social Work practice.

(l) "Private Practice of Social Work" means that independent practice of a social worker on a self-employed basis.

§ 140-50.3-002302 Exemptions.
Licensure shall not be required of:
(a) Any licensed person doing work within the scope of practice or duties of the person’s profession that overlaps with the practice of social work; provided that the person does not hold him/herself out to be a social worker;

(b) Any student enrolled in an educational institution in a recognized program of study leading toward attainment of a degree in social work; provided that the student’s activities and services are part of a prescribed course of study supervised by the educational institution, and the student is identified by an
appropriate title such as "social work student", or any other title which clearly indicates the student's training status;

(c) Any person in the practice of a religious ministry; provided that the person functions only within the person's capacities as a member of a religious ministry; and provided further that the person does not hold him/herself out to be a social worker; or

(d) Any person who is obtaining supervised clinical experience for licensure as a psychologist, marriage and family therapist, or as another licensed professional; provided that the person does not hold him/herself out to be a social worker.

§ 140-50.3-002303 Reserved.

§ 140-50.3-002304 Requirements for Licensure.
(a) An applicant to practice as a social worker must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, be a U.S. citizen or a foreign national lawfully entitled to remain and work in the Commonwealth, and meets the following requirements:

(1) Licensed Baccalaureate Social Worker (L.B.S.W.):
   (i) Hold's a Bachelor's degree in social work from a college or university accredited by or deemed to be equivalent to an accredited program by the Council on Social Work Education, or the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work or from a college or university accredited by an accrediting organization recognized by the Board, or a social work education program approved by the Board; and

   (ii) Has passed the basic examination administered by the Association of Social Work Boards, or an examination in social work approved by the Board.

(2) Licensed Master's Social Worker (L.M.S.W.):
   (i) Hold's a Master's degree in social work from a college or university accredited by or deemed to be equivalent to an accredited program by the Council on Social Work Education, or the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work or from a college or university accredited by an accrediting organization recognized by the Board, or a social work education program approved by the Board; and

   (ii) Has passed the intermediate examination administered by the Association of Social Work Boards, or an examination in social work approved by the Board.

(3) Licensed Clinical Social Worker (L.C.S.W.):
(i) Holds a master's or doctoral degree in social work from a college or university accredited by or deemed to be equivalent to an accredited program by the Council on Social Work Education, or the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work or from a college or university accredited by an accrediting organization recognized by the Board, or a social work education program approved by the Board;

(ii) Has passed the clinical examination administered by the Association of Social Work Boards, or an examination in social work approved by the Board; and

(iii) Has provided evidence of successful completion of at least two (2) years of continuous full-time employment in postgraduate clinical social work under the supervision of a licensed clinical social worker, a licensed physician or a licensed osteopathic physician who has completed a residency in psychiatry, a licensed clinical mental health counselor, a diplomate in clinical social work, a designated member of the ACSW, a licensed psychiatrist, or a licensed psychologist.

§ 140-50.3-002305 Supervisor; Supervision Report.

(a) A supervisor shall be a licensed clinical social worker, a licensed physician or a licensed osteopathic physician who has completed a residency in psychiatry, a licensed clinical mental health counselor, and a diplomate in clinical social work, a designated member of the ACSW, a licensed psychiatrist, or a licensed psychologist.

(b) Supervision shall have occurred in an agency setting that provides clinical diagnosis and psychotherapy and, supervisor and applicant shall have met at least one hour each week to discuss client cases and treatment procedures.

(c) Supervision Report shall contain sufficient detail to evaluate an applicant's supervised practice, including:

(1) The applicant’s name;

(2) The supervisor’s name, signature, address, license number, state where granted, date when granted, and area of specialization;

(3) The name and nature of the practice setting and a description of the client population served;

(4) Specific dates of practice covered in the report;

(5) Number of practice hours during this period (to include all duties);
(6) The applicant's specific duties;
(7) Number of one-to-one supervisory hours;
(8) Detailed assessment of the applicant's performance;
(9) The clinical skills supervised; and
(10) The ethical practices reviewed.

(d) Supervision of a LMSW pursuing licensure as an independent practitioner (non-clinical) must be provided by a licensed LMSW or LCSW approved to provide independent practice.

§ 140-50.3 - 002306 Licensure by Endorsement.
(a) The Board may grant a license to a person to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master’s or Clinical social worker without examination if:

(1) The person holds a valid, active license to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master’s or Clinical social worker in another U.S. state or territory; and

(2) The person substantially complies with the appropriate requirements for licensure in §140-50.3-002304; and

(3) The requirements in the jurisdiction of licensure are at least as stringent as those under these regulations.

(b) The Board may deny a license by endorsement to a person to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master’s or Clinical social worker if the person has been the subject of an adverse action in which his/her license was suspended, revoked, placed on probation, conditioned or renewal denied.

§ 140-50.3 - 002307 Application.
An application for a license to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master’s or Clinical social worker shall be made on a form to be provided by the Board accompanied with the following information and documentations as are necessary to establish that the applicant possesses the qualifications as required in these regulations:

(1) The applicant’s full name and all aliases or other names ever used, current address, date and place of birth and social security number;

(2) Applicant’s 2x2 photograph taken within six (6) months from date of application; and

(3) Applicant must pay the appropriate fees, including the application fee which shall not be refunded;
(4) Applicant to provide originals of all documents and credentials, or notarized or certified copies acceptable to the Board of such documents and credentials, including but not limited to:

(i) Diploma or certificate showing successful completion of the appropriate degree in social work from the required educational school or program;

(ii) Documents showing satisfactory proof that applicant has taken and passed the appropriate required examination;

(iii) For the L.C.S.W., documents showing proof that applicant has satisfactorily completed the clinical training required under § 140-50.3- 002304 (a)(3)(iii); or

(iv) Documents showing proof that applicant holds a valid, active license to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master's or Clinical social worker in another jurisdiction and substantially complies with the appropriate requirements for licensure under § 140-50.3- 002304; and

(5) Applicant to provide a list of all jurisdictions, U.S. or foreign, in which the applicant is licensed or has applied for a license to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master's or Clinical social worker;

(6) Applicant to provide a detailed educational history, including places, institutions, dates and program descriptions of all his or her education beginning with secondary schooling and including all college and/or training programs;

(7) Applicant to provide a list of all jurisdictions, U.S. or foreign, in which the applicant has been denied licensure or voluntarily surrendered a license to practice as a Baccalaureate, Master's or Clinical social worker; and

(8) Applicant to provide a list of all jurisdictions, U.S. or foreign, of all sanctions, judgments, awards, settlements or convictions against the applicant that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action under the Act or these regulations.

$140-50.3-002308$ Scope of Practice.

(a) Licensed Baccalaureate Social Worker (L.B.S.W.): A LBSW may:

(1) Engage in psychosocial evaluation, excluding the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, and conduct basic data gathering or records and specific life issues of individuals, groups and families, assess this data and formulate and implement a plan to achieve specific goals related to specific life issues;
(2) Serve as an advocate for clients or groups of clients for the purpose of achieving specific goals relating to specific life issues;

(3) Refer clients to other professional services;

(4) Plan, manage, direct or coordinate social services; and

(5) Participate in training and education of social work students and supervise other LBSW.

(b) A LBSW may not engage in the private practice of social work, diagnose mental illness and emotional disorders or provide psychotherapy.

(c) Licensed Master's Social Worker (L.M.S.W.): A LMSW may:
   (1) Engage in administration, research, consultation, social planning and teaching of social work;
   (2) Perform all the functions of a LBSW;
   (3) Engage in a non-clinical private practice; and
   (4) Engage in the consultation of a LBSW for the purpose of preparing the LBSW for eventual LMSW's status. This includes responsibility for ongoing training and evaluation. The LMSW has an obligation to assess the LBSW's competence and ethics and may share this assessment with the Board at the time the LBSW applies for the LMSW license.

(d) Licensed Clinical Social Worker (L.C.S.W.): A LCSW may:
   (1) Practice social work in a clinical setting without consultation;
   (2) Engage in psychosocial evaluation, including diagnosis and treatment of mental illness and emotional disorders;
   (3) Engage in clinical private practice of social work;
   (4) Perform all the functions of a LMSW; and
   (5) Engage in the clinical consultation of a LMSW for the purpose of preparing the LMSW for eventual LCSW's status. This includes responsibility for ongoing training and evaluation. The LCSW has an obligation to assess the LMSW's competence and ethics and may share this assessment with the Board at the time the LMSW applies for the LCSW license.
§ 140-50.3-002309  Employment of Social Worker.
A social worker employed directly by a physician, psychologist or other social worker, or by a public or private agency, institution, hospital, nursing home, rehabilitation center, or any similar facility, is not to be considered within the definition of an independent practitioner. Furthermore, a social worker who contracts with an agency or institution that assumes full responsibility for and supervises the services provided to clients is not considered to be a private practitioner.

§ 140-50.3-002310  Continuing Education (CE).
(a) All L.B.S.W., L.M.S.W., or L.C.S.W. licensed to practice in the CNMI are required to complete the following CE hours as a prerequisite to the renewal of their biennial license:
   (1) L.B.S.W. - 20 hours;
   (2) L.M.S.W. - 25 hours;
   (3) L.C.S.W. - 30 hours.

(b) One CE unit or credit equals to one clock hour.

(c) Approved continuing education activities includes but is not limited to the following:
   (1) Courses, workshops, programs or online CE approved by the National Association of Social Workers and its affiliates, the Association of Social Work Boards and its affiliates, or other programs approved by the Board;

   (2) Seminars, courses, conferences, or workshops sponsored by national, regional, state, or local social work professional organizations or state boards in the related specialties of marriage, family and group counseling, psychiatry, psychology, pastoral counseling;

   (3) Postgraduate training programs (e.g., intern, residency or fellowship programs) or completion of social work related courses that are part of the curriculum of a college, university or graduate school of social work;

   (4) Teaching or presenting the activities described in paragraph (2) and (3) of this section;

   (5) Writing a published work or presenting work applicable to the profession of social work; or

   (6) Providing supervision to a social worker participating in a social work education program approved by the Board.

(d) If a licensee fails to meet the CE requirements for renewal of license because of illness, military service, medical or religious activity, residence in a foreign country, or other extenuating circumstances, the Board upon appropriate written
request from the applicant may grant an extension of time to complete same, on an individual basis.

(e) It shall be the responsibility of the licensee to obtain documentation, satisfactory to the Board, from the organization or institution of his or her participation in the continuing education, and the number of course/credit hours.

(f) licensure renewal shall be denied to any licensee who fails to provide satisfactory evidence of completion of CE requirements, or who falsely certifies attendance at and/or completion of the CE as required herein.

§ 140-50.3-002311 Retention of Client Records; Disposition of Client Records in Case of Death or Incapacity of Licensee.

(a) In this section, "client record" means information maintained in a written or electronic form regarding treatment of billing of a client.

(b) A social worker who serves clients outside of an agency setting shall ensure that a client record is maintained for each such client and that all client records are legible and are kept in a secure, safe, and retrievable condition.

(c) The social worker shall retain a client record for seven (7) years from the date of the last session with the client.

(d) The social worker in private practice shall make necessary arrangements for the maintenance of and access to client records that ensure the clients' right to confidentiality in the event of the death or incapacity of the licensee.

(e) The social worker shall name a qualified person to intercede for client welfare and to make necessary referrals, when appropriate.

§ 140-50.3-002312 Code of Ethics.
The Board recognizes the Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers (and any amendments thereof to the Code) as its model code, to the extent that it does not conflict with CNMI laws, rules or regulations or Board Position Statements. A copy of the NASW Code of Ethics may be obtained at www.nasw.org.

§ 140-50.3-002313 Standards for Clinical Social Work in Social Work Practice.
The Board recognizes the National Association of Social Workers Standards for Clinical Social Work in Social Work Practice (and any amendments thereof to the standards) as its model standards, to the extent that it does not conflict with CNMI laws, rules or regulations or Board Position Statements. A copy of the standards may be obtained at www.nasw.org.
§ 140-50.3-002314  Reserved.

§ 140-50.3-002315  Disciplinary Action.
The Board shall have the power to impose administrative penalty and/or reprimand; revoke or suspend; refuse to issue, restore or renew, the license of any person who is found guilty of one or more of the violations pursuant to § 2224 of P.L. 15-105 and §§ 140-50.3-00901 – 1300 of the regulations, including but is not limited to the following:

(a) Revealing facts, data or information relating to a client or examinee, except as allowed by the law or rules and regulations;

(b) Making gross or deliberate misrepresentations or misleading claims as to his/her professional qualifications or of the efficacy or value of his/her treatments or remedies, or those of another practitioner;

(c) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm or corporation any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually rendered. Social workers shall not participate in fee-splitting arrangements, nor shall they give or accept kickbacks for referrals;

(d) The commission of any act or sexual misconduct, sexual abuse or sexual relations with one’s client, patient, student supervisee or with an ex-client or patient within 24 months after termination of treatment;

(e) Putting an intern or trainee under the social worker’s supervision to perform, or to pretend to be competent to perform, professional services beyond the trainee’s or intern’s level of training;

(f) Submission of fraudulent claims for services to any person or entity including, but not limited to, health insurance companies or health service plans or third party payers; and

(g) Failing to insure that all records and written data are stored using security measures that prevent access to records by unauthorized persons. Social workers are responsible for insuring that the content and disposition of all records are in compliance with all relevant law and rules and regulations.
INTENDED ACTION TO ADOPT THESE PROPOSED REGULATIONS: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB) intends to adopt as permanent regulations the attached Proposed Amendments to the Regulations for Acupuncture, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The regulations would become effective 10 days after compliance with 1 CMC §§ 9102 and 9104(a) or (b) (1 CMC §9105(b)).

AUTHORITY: The Health Care Professions Licensing Board has statutory power to promulgate and effect regulations pursuant to P.L. 15-105, Section 3, § 2206 (b), as amended.

THE TERMS AND SUBSTANCE: The HCPLB must amend the regulations to include continuing education and renewal of license for licensed acupuncturists.

THE SUBJECTS AND ISSUES INVOLVED: Amendment to these regulations:
1. To amend the regulations and include “Continuing Education” under § 140-50.3-002106 and “Renewal” in the following section and re-number the sections accordingly.

DIRECTIONS FOR FILING AND PUBLICATION: The Board is soliciting comments regarding the proposed amendment which must be received by the Board within thirty (30) days of first publication of this notice in the Commonwealth Register. Interested persons may request copies of the proposed amendments by contacting us at 664-4809 or by email at bpl@pticom.com or come by our office located at Bldg. 1242, Pohnpei Ct., Capitol Hill, Saipan. Written comments on these amendments should be drop off at our office or sent to the BPL, P.O. Box 502078, Saipan, MP 96950.

Submitted By: [Signature]
Ahmad Al-Alou, MD
Chairman, HCPLB

Received By: [Signature]
Esther S. Fleming
Special Assistant for Administration

Filed and Recorded By: [Signature]
Esther SN Nesbitt
Commonwealth Register

Date: 10/15/13
Date: 10/28/13
Date: 10/28/2013
Pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(e) (AG approval of regulations to be promulgated as to form) and 1 CMC § 9104(a) (3) (obtain AG approval) the proposed regulations attached hereto have been reviewed and approved as to form and legal sufficiency by the CNMI Attorney General and shall be published, 1 CMC § 2153(f) (publication of rules and regulations).

JOEY P. SAN NICOLAS
Attorney General

10/28/13 Date
To amend the regulations and include "Continuing Education" under this section and "Renewal" in the following section and re-number the sections accordingly.

§ 140-50.3-002106 Continuing Education.
(a) All acupuncturists licensed to practice in the CNMI are required to complete thirty (30) CE hours during the twenty-four (24) months prior to the expiration of their license as a prerequisite to the renewal of their biennial license.
(b) One hour of credit will be allowed for each clock hour of CE participation.
(c) The content of all courses of continuing education submitted for board approval shall be relevant to the practice of acupuncture and Asian medicine and shall fall within the following categories:
   (1) Acupuncture and Asian Medicine;
   (2) Western biomedicine and biological sciences;
   (3) Scientific or clinical content with a direct bearing on the quality of patient care, community or public health, or preventive medicine; or
   (4) Courses concerning law and ethics and health facility standards.
(d) The Board shall award hours in an approved continuing education as follows:
   (1) Seminar or workshop;
   (2) Course at an accredited educational institution; or
   (3) Self-study, online, or correspondence course.
(e) It shall be the responsibility of the licensee to obtain documentation, satisfactory to the Board, from the organization or institution of his or her participation in the continuing education and of the number of credits earned.
(f) If a licensee fails to meet the CE requirements for renewal of license because of illness, military service, or other extenuating circumstances, the Board, upon appropriate written explanation, may grant an extension of time to complete same, on an individual basis.
(g) Licensure renewal shall be denied to any licensee who fails to provide satisfactory evidence of completion of CE requirements or who falsely certifies attendance at and/or completion of the CE.

§ 140-50.3-002107 Renewal.
(a) All licenses issued by the Board expire every two years following issuance or renewal and become invalid after that date.
(b) Each licensee shall be responsible for submitting a completed renewal application at least sixty (60) days before the expiration date. The Board shall send, by mail or email, a notice to every person licensed hereunder, giving the date of expiration and the fee and any additional requirements for the renewal thereof.
(c) All licensees must submit satisfactory evidence of completion of CE requirements, as required under §2106 of these regulations.

(d) A late fee of $25.00 will be charged every 1st of the month after the expiration date.

(e) Licenses which have expired for failure to renew on or before the date required may be reinstated within one year of the expiration date upon payment of the renewal and late fees for each calendar month until the renewal fee is paid. Each licensee whose license has expired and lapsed for more than one year by failure to renew must file a new application, meet current requirements for licensure, and receive Board approval.

(f) A licensee whose license has been revoked, suspended, or placed on probation by the licensing authority of another U.S. or foreign jurisdiction, or who has voluntarily or involuntarily surrendered his or her license in consideration of the dismissal or discontinuance of pending or threatened administrative or criminal charges, following the expiration date of his or her CNMI license, may be deemed ineligible for renewal of his or her license to practice acupuncture in the CNMI. This will not, however, prevent the Board from considering a new application.
Commonwealth gi Sangkattan na Islas Marianas Siha
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD
P.O. Box 502078, #1242 Pohnpei Court
Capitol Hill, Saipan, MP 96950
Tel. No.: (670) 664-4809 Fax No.: (670) 664-4814
e-mail: bpl@pticom.com

NUTISIA GI MANMAPROPONI NA AMENDASION GI REGULASION SIHA PARA I HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD PARA ACUPUNCTURE

I AKSION NI MA’INTENSIONA PARA U MA’ADÂPTA ESTI I MANMAPROPONI NA REGULASION SIHA:
I Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB) ha intensiona para u adápta kumu petmanienti na regulasion siha ni mañechettun i Manmaproponi na Amendsion siha para i Regulasion Acupuncture, sigun gi manera siha gi Aktun Administrative Procedure, 1 CMC § 9104 (a). I regulasion siha para u ifektibu gi dies(10) dihas na tiempi dispues di compliance i 1 CMC §§ 9102 yan i 9104 (a) pat i (b)
(1 CMC §9105(b)).

ÅTURIDÂT: I Health Care Professions Licensing Board gai statutory power ni para u cho’gui yan u huyung regulasion siha sigun gi Lai Pupbliku 15-105, Seksiona 3, § 2206 (b), kumu ma’amenda.

I TEMA YAN SUSTÂNSIAN I PALÂBRA SIHA: I HCPLB debi na u amenda i regulasion siha para u ingklusu i continuing education yan marinueban lisensia para i malisensia na acupuncturists.

I MASUHETU YAN ASUNTU NI TINEKKA SIHA: Amendsion para esti na regulasion siha:
1. Para u amenda i regulasion siha yan u ingklusu i “Continuing Education” gi papa’ i § 140-50.3 -02106 yan “Rinunueba” gi sigienti na seksiona yan mata’lun manumiru i seksiona siha ni ginagagão.

DIREKSIUN PARA U MAPO’LU YAN I PUPBLIKASION: I Kuetpu mamaisin upiñon siha gi put i maproponi na amendasion ni debi na u marisibi ni Kuetpu gi halum i trenta (30) dihas gi primet na publikasion esti na nutisia gi halum i Rehistran Commonwealth. Håyi na petsona gai intires siña manggagåo kopia siha gi manmaproponi na amedsion siha ågang ham gi numiru 664-4809 pat i email gi bpl@pticom.com pat fàtgu gi ufisinan-màmi ni gaigì gi Bldg. 1242, Pohnpei Ct., Capitol Hill, Saipan. Tinigi’ upiñon siha gi esti na amendasion siha debi na u chuli’ guatu gi ufisinan-màmi pat na’hånao guatu gi BPL, P.O. Box 502078, Saipan, MP 96950.

Nina’hålum As:  
Ahmad Al-Alou, MD  
Kabesiyu, HCPLB

Fetcha

10/15/13
DIREKSION PARA U MAPO'LU VAN I PUBLIKASION: I Kuętpu mamaisin upiön siha gi put esti i manmaproponi na regulasion ni debi na u marisibi ni Kuętpu gi halum trenta(30) dihas na tiempu gi primet na publikasion esti na nutisia gi halum i Rehistran Commonwealth. Todu manggai intires na petsona siha siña manggâgâo kopia siha gi manmaproponi na regulasion ni u âgang ham gi numirun tilifon gi 664-4809 pat i email gi bpl@pticom.com pat fåttu gi ufisinan-mâmi ni gaigi gi Bldg. 1242, Pohnpei Ct., Capitol Hill, Saipan. Tinigi' upiön gi esti na mamendasion siha debi na u machuli' guatu gi ufisinan-mâmi pat u mana'hânâo guatu gi BPL, P.O. 502078, Saipan, MP, pat email gi bpl@pticom.com.

Nina’halum As: ____________________________          Fetcha
Ahmad Al-Alou, MD
Kabesiyu, HCPLB

Rinisibi as: ________________________________          Fetcha
Esther S. Fleming
Espisiät Na Ayudânti Para I Atmínistrasión

Pine’lu Yan Ninota as: ____________________________          Fetcha
Esther SN. Nesbitt
Rehistran Commonwealth

Sigun i 1 CMC § 2153 (e), (Inapruéban Abugadu Henerát i regulasion siha ni para u mach’gui kumu fotma) yan i 1 CMC § 9104 (a) (3) (Inahentan inapruéban Abugadu Henerát) i manmaproponi na regulasion siha ni mañechettun guini ni manmaribisa yan manma’aprueba kumu fotma yan sufsiensi ligât ginin i CNMI Abugadu Henerát yan debi na u mapupblika, 1 CMC § 2153 (f) (puplikasion areklamentu yan regulasion sihaj).

JOEY P. SAN NICOLAS
Abugadu Henerát

10/28/13
Fetcha
Para u ma’amenda i regulasion siha yan ingklusu i “Continuing Education” gi papa’ esti na seksiona yan “Rinunueba” gi halum i sigienti na seksiona yan u mata’lun numiru i seksiona gi ginagagao.

§ 140-50.3-002106 Continuing Education.

(a) Todu acupuncturists manmalisensia para u mapraktika gi halum CNMI ni manmadimanda para u makumpli i trenta(30) CE hours gi durántin i bentikuattru(24) mesis na tiempu ántis di expiration i lisensian-ñiha kumu prerequisite ni para i rinunueban i beinnial license na lisensian-ñiha.

(b) One hour of credit para u masedi para kada clock hour gi pattisipasion i CE.

(c) I content todu i courses gi continuing education ni mana’háluum guatu para inapruéban i kuétpu para ya debi na u relevant para i practice of acupuncture yan Asian medicine yan debi na poddung gi halum i sigienti siha na katagoria siha:

(1) Acupuncture yan Asian Medicine;

(2) Western biomedicine yan biological sciences;

(3) Scientific pat clinical content with direct bearing gi kuálidát i patient care, community pat public health, pat preventive medicine; pat

(4) Courses ni tinetekka i lai yan i ethics yan i health facility standards.

(d) I kuétpu debi na u grátit asas gi inapruéban continuing education kumu i sigienti:

(1) Seminar pat workshop;

(2) Course gi accredited educational institution; pat

(3) Self-study, online, pat correspondence course.

(e) Debi na u responsáppblidat i malisensia para u ahenta i dokumentasion, satisfetchu i kuétpu, ginin i otorganisasion pat institusión-ña pat pattisipasion-ña gi continuing education yan i numirun credits earned.

(f) Yanggin i malisensia ha fail para u meet i dinimándai CE para i rinunueban i lisensia sa' put minalángu, military service, pat ottru extenuating circumstances, i kuétpu, gigun ma’ apropositu i eksplanasion tinigi’, siña magráritis i extension i tiempu para u kumplidu parehu, gi maneran indibiyuat.

(g) Licensure renewal debi na u mapuni gi maseha háyi na malisensia ni ti ha pribeniyi satisfactory evidence i completion i dinimándan CE siha pat háyi falsely certifies i attendance gi yan/pat i kinemplidun i CE.
§ 140-50.3-002107 Rinunueba.

(a) Todo lisensia siha ni manmalaknus ni Kuetpu para u expire kada dos(2) ánus ni tinattitiyi i malaknos-ña pat marinueba yan para u invalid dispues di fetcha.

(b) Kada malisensia debi na u responsápbli para u na'háhalum i makumpí na rinunueban aplikasion putlumenus sisenta(60) dihas ántis di fetchan expiration. I Kuetpu debi na u na'hánao, kontra i katta pat i email, i nutisia para kada petsona ni malisensia gi sampapa’, manána’i fetchan expiration yan i apas yan maseha håfu más na dinimanda siha gi para i rinunueba guíi.

(c) Todo manmalisensia siha debi na u mana’hálum satisfactory evidence gi kumpliedun i dinimándan CE siha, kumu madimanda gi papa’ i §2106 gi esti na regulasion siha.

(d) Bentisingku ($25.00pesus) i late fee para u ma-charge gi kada 1st diha gi mes dispues di fetchan expiration.

(e) I lisensia siha ni man-expired ni ti marinueba gi pat ántis di ha’áni ni madimanda siña u ma-reinstated gi halum un ánus gi fetchan expiration gigun ma’apási i rinunueba yan i late fees para kada mes kalendáriu estaki ma’apási i rinunueba na ápas. Kada i lisensian malisensia expired yan lapsed más ki un ánus ya ti marinueba debi na u file neubu na aplikasion, u meet i prisi di na dinimanda siha para i licensure, yan u risibi i inaprueban i Kuetpu.

(f) I lisensian malisensia ni ma-revoked, masuspendi, pat maapega gi probation ni licensing authority gi ottru na U. S. pat foreign jurisdiction, pat humuluntáriu pat involuntarily surrendered i lisensián-ña gi kunsiderasion i dismissal pat discontinuance i pending pat threatened administrative pat criminal charges, ni tinattitiyi ni fetchan expiration i lisensian CNMI, siña ma-deemed ineligible ni para i rinunueban i lisensián-ña ni para u praktika acupuncture gi halum CNMI. Esti ni u, lão, u prevent i Kuetpu kontra i kinensideran i nuebu na aplikasion.
Mángemángil mwóghutughút bwe rebwe adaptááli pomwol allégh kkal:
Health Care Professions Licensing Board (HCPLB) emuschel ebwe adaptááli bwe ebwe llégh ló allégh kka e appasch bwe Pomonwol Ameenda ngáli allégh rel Acupuncture, sángi mwóghutughútúl Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). Allégh kka ebwe bwunguló llól seigh (10) ráll mwiril yaar atabwey 1 CMC §§ 9102 me 9104(a) ngére (b) (1 CMC §9105 (b)).

Bwángil: Health Care Professions Licensing Board nge eyoor bwángil ebwe akkaté allégh kkaal me ghtipwotchuw allégh kkaal bwelle reel P.L. 15-105, Talil 3, §2206 (b), iye aa ssiwel.

Kkápasal me òutol: HCPLB ee ghtipwooch bwe rebwe ameendáali allégh bwele rebwe aschuuw llong rel Continuing Education me ebwe ffëér sèfàá Liseensia ngalí Licensenced Acupuncture.

Kkápasal me ouwül: Ameenda ngali kka Allégh:  
1. Rebwe ameendalí allégh kka bwe rebwe apaschaalong “Continuing Education” faal §140-50.3-002106 me “Renewal”rebwe iisìlong leyil me awelewela llóllil.

Afala reel amwelil me arongowowul: Board ekke ttittingor mángemángiir toulap reel pomwol ameenda kkal iye rebwe bwughil llól (30) ellíigh ráll ngare schagh aa akkatééló llól Commonwealth Register. Schóó kka re remuschal copy-il pomwol amenda kkal emwel rebwe faingi numero ye 664-4809 me ngare email bpl@pticom.com me ngare mweteló reel bwulasiyo Bldg 1242, Pohnpei Ct., Capital Hill, Seipel. Ischil mángemáng ebwe isisìlong llól bwulasiyo me ngare afanga ngalí BPL, P.O. Box 502078, Seipel, MP 96950.

Isáliiyalong: Ahmad Al-Alou, MD
HCPLB : Chairman

Mwir Sángi: Esther S, Fleming
Special Assistant for Administration

Amwel Sángi: Esther M. SN Nesbitt
Commonwealth Register

10/15/13
Ráll

10/23/13
Ráll

10-28-2013
Ráll
Sangi 1 CMC § 2153 (e) (Allégh kkaal a lléghló sángi AG bwe e fil reel fféérúul ) me 1 CMC §9104(a) (3)(mwiir sángi AG) Pomwol atiwlish kkal a appaschlong a takkal amwari fiischiy, me angüüngí ló fféérúl me legal sufficiency sángi CNMI Attorney General me ebwele atootowoow, 1 CMC §2153 (f) (Arongowowul allégh me atiwlish kkaal).

Joey P. San Nicholas
Attorney General

/10/26/13
Ráll
§140-50.3-0021.6 CONTINUING EDUCATION.

(a) olongeer Acupuncture kka eyoor yaar liseenia bwe rebwe akkabwung mewól CNMI ee ghi tittinóngó bwe rebwe attaakka elíigh (30) CE hours llol Ruuweigh me Fawuu (24) maram óttol ebwe Expiration yaar liseensia igha re ebwe ghitipwotchuw mwóghutughutúl ngáre ebwe fféér sefaal yaar Biennial License.

(b) Rebwe ngaleey schagh eew óttol oora rel Credit igha rebwe pangiiy bwe Clock Hour of CE Participation.

(c) Rel kkapasal ólongal Courses rel Continuing Education ikka ee attoootolong bwe ebwe llégh lló sángírh Board ebwe aweewe rel mwóghutughutúl Acupuncture me Asian Medicine nge ebwe táttál llong leyíil tállil kka:

(1) Acupuncture and Asian Medicine;
(2) Western biomedicine and biological sciences;
(3) Scientific or Clinical content with a direct bearing on the quality of patient care, community or public health or preventive medicine or;
(4) Courses concerning law and ethics and health facility standards.

(d) Board ebwe ngaleey ótool oora ngáre ee llégh lló rel Continuing Education kke re táttál:
(1) Seminar or workshops;
(2) Courses at an accredited educational institution; or
(3) Self-study, on-line, or correspondence course.

(e) Yaal angaang schöó kka re akkaamwósch liseensia bwe rebwe bwughi lló dökkomento, me kkapasal aweewe ngalíir Board, sángí schöól lemelem me mwóghutughút rebwe tütál llól Continuing Education me fitoow re ngaleey bwe yaal Credits.

(f) Schöódka rese attabweey CE Requirements bwe ebwe fféér sefaál yaar liseensia bwele igha rel sumbwaay, military services, me ngere igha rel awwewel kkapasal weires, eyoor bwángírh Board, ngere eyoor Isísílongol angíngí, bwe rebwe ayyoora tool igha ghal yaar rebwe attaakka meeta ce tittinóngó rel bweletal.

(g) Esóóbw fféér sefaál liseensia ngali malle e akkaamwósch liseensia ngáre re-se ayyoora welewelel awwewel kkapasal igha re attaakka CE Requirements ngáre eyoor ruuttul yaar Attendance me/ngáre re attaakka CE
§ 14050.3-002107  RENEWAL

(a) Ólongal liseensia iye ee attootowow sängi Board nge ebwe expired lö schagh öttol llol ruúw rígh igha ee attootowow nge ee fféér sefáal me esóóbw yoor lö lo alúghálághúl.

(b) Ngálíër malekka re akkamwóósch liseensia nge iir mille rebwe mwóghút aghali me rebwe attootolong Ólongal yaar ebwe fféér sefáal Application llol oleigh (60) ráll öttol igha ebwe expired sängi rállí isíisiwowul. Board ebwe afanga llol Mail ngáre Email, arongoronar scookka re ayoora yaar liseensia, ebwe aitingálí yaal ebwe expired lö sängi öttol rállí me óbwóóósl me meetz kka ebwal tittiingtór bwe ebwe mwelí fféér sefáal me mwetelo nwal.

(c) Ólongal liseensia nge rebwe attootolong aweewel kkapas bwe re attaakka lö CE requirements, rel mille ee isíislong faal §2106 rel allégh kkaal.

(d) Eyoor $25.00 pper igha ubwe óbwóósu ghal ceráll llól maram ngáre ua allu lló mwiriil öttol rállí Expiration igha isíisiwowul.

(e) Liseensia kka ra Expired nge rese fféérú sefáalí wól rállí nge ebwe attootolong llól eew rágh sängi yaal Expiration igha rebwe attootolong óbwóósl ilgha rebwe fféér sefáal nge ebwe yoor Late Fee ghal llól Calendar Month öttol igha attootolong Ólongal óbwóósl Renewal. Schóókka re akkamwóósch liseensia nge aa Expired me Lapsed llól eew rágh bwe re-se Renew nge rebwe bwal isíis sefáállong Application ie e fféé, attabweey mwóghútughutuí mé bwángútól merel Board.

(f) Liseensia kka re Revoke-li, suspend-li ngáre re schiwel Probation schagh sängi Licensing Authority merel U.S. ngáre Foreign Jurisdiction, ngáre Voluntarily me Involuntarily re asafaááli llong yaar liseensia rel igha mängemängil rel yaal ebwe Dismissal ngáre Discontinuance of Pending ngáre rel Threatened Administrative igha Criminal Charges, mwiril öttol Expiration-il yaal CNMI License, nge resóóbw fféér sefáal yaar Liseensia bwe rebwe Practice Accupuncture wól CNMI. Esóóbw, ngáre, sängi Board emmwel bwe rebwe bwal amwuri sefáállí New Application.
NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION
P.O. BOX 500514, Saipan, MP 96950-0514

PUBLIC NOTICE

OF PROPOSED REVISIONS TO NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION (NMHC)
SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

INTENDED ACTION TO ADOPT PROPOSED REVISIONS TO NMHC SECTION 8
ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS: The Board of Directors
("Board") of NMHC intends to adopt as permanent regulations the attached proposed
Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs,
pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a) and
applicable regulations. The proposed Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan
for Rental Assistance Programs would become effective 10 days after compliance with
1 CMC §§ 9102, 9104(a), and 9105(b)).

AUTHORITY: The Board, through its Chairperson, is authorized to promulgate these
Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs
pursuant to Executive Order No. 94-3, Section 407 of the Reorganization Plan No. 2 of
1994, Directive No. 138, and NMHC's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws on file with the
CNMI Registrar of Corporations as of February 6, 1995.

THE TERMS AND SUBSTANCE: The proposed Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative
Plan for Rental Assistance Programs are substantially similar to the current Administrative
Plan for Section 8 Rental Assistance Programs which was published in the
Commonwealth Register, Volume 20, Number 02, February 18, 1999, pages 16471 to
16533, as amended in subsequent public notices in the Commonwealth Register,
Volume 22, No. 9 and Volume 23, No. 02. NMHC originally published the existing
Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs to establish policies for carrying out
NMHC's rental assistance programs in a manner consistent with funding source
requirements of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
(HUD) and local objectives. Substantive additions to the said plan include the NMHC
Board of Directors' adoption of the following provisions: 1) Section 18: Temporary
Compliance Assistance, 2) Section 19: Project-Based Voucher Program, and 3) Appendix C: CNMI Building Safety Code Rules and Regulations. The purpose of the
Temporary Compliance Assistance provision is to provide guidelines for NMHC in fulfilling
certain Public Housing and Housing Choice Voucher Program requirements during a
period of decreased resources available to Public Housing Agencies across the nation.
The proposed establishment of a Project-Based Voucher program will aid NMHC
improve its voucher leasing percentages, increase assisted affordable housing choices,
and promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households. The last
substantive amendment involves the NMHC Board's adoption of the CNMI Building

"NMHC is a fair housing agency and an equal opportunity, lender and employer"
CITATION OF RELATED AND/OR AFFECTED STATUTES, RULES AND REGULATIONS. The proposed revisions were formulated to restate, enhance, supplement and clarify the existing NMHC Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs and will not repeal the entire plan located at Northern Mariana Islands Administrative Code (NMIAC), Title 100, Chapter 80.

DIRECTIONS FOR FILING AND PUBLICATION: The proposed Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs shall be published in the Commonwealth Register in the section on proposed and newly adopted regulations (1 CMC § 9102(a)(1) and posted in convenient places in the Civic Center and in local government offices in each senatorial district, both in English and in the principal vernacular of both Chamorro and Carolinian. (1 CMC § 9104(a)(1)).

TO PROVIDE COMMENTS: Send or deliver your comments to Jesse S. Palacios, Corporate Director, NMHC to the following address, fax or email address, with the subject line "Proposed Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs."

NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION
P.O. Box 500514, 
Saipan, MP 96950
Tel. No.: 234-6866/234-9447, 234-7689 Fax 234-9021
Email address: jspalacios@nmhc.gov.net

Comments are due within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice. Please submit your supporting data, views and arguments. (1 CMC § 9104(a)(2))

Submitted by: 
Merced (Marcie) M. Tomokane
Chairperson

Received by: Special Assistant for Administration

Filed and Recorded by: 
Esther N. San Nicolas NESCOTT
Commonwealth Register

Date
09/26/13

Date 
9/24/13

Date 
10/28/2013
Pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(e) (AG approval of regulations to be promulgated as to form) and 1 CMC § 9104(a)(3) (obtaining AG approval) the proposed CDA Board of Directors' By-Laws attached hereto have been reviewed and approved as to form and legal sufficiency by the CNMI Attorney General and shall be published pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(f) (publication of rules and regulations).

Dated this _______ day of September, 2013.

[Signature]

JOSEPH P. SAN NICOLAS
Attorney General
NUTISIAN PUPBLIKU

GI MANMAPROPONI NA REVISIONS PARA I SEKSIONA 8 GI PRUGRÁMAN ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN PARA I ASISTENSIAN ATKILON GI NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION (NMHC)

I AKSON NI MA’INTENSIONA PARA U MA’ADÁPTA I MANMAPROPONI NA REVISIONS PARA I SEKSIONA 8 GI PRUGRÁMAN SIHA GI ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN PARA I ASISTENSIAN ATKILON GI NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION (NMHC): I Kuæpuñ Directot siha (“Kuæpu”) gi NMHC ha intensiona para u adápta kumu petmanienti na regulasion siha ni mañeçhetten i manmaproponi na Revisions gi NMHC Seksiona 8 gi Administrative Plan para i Prugràman Asistensian Atkilon Siha, sign gi manera siha gi Aektun Administrative Procedure, 1 CMC § 9104(a) yan i aplikápbli na regulasion siha. I manmaproponi na Revisions para i NMHC na Seksiona 8 gi Administrative Plan para i Prugràman Asistensian Atkilon Siha para u ifektibu gi dies(10) dihas dispues di compliance i 1 CM C §§ 9102, 9104(a), yan i 9105(b)).


SITASION I MANA'ACHULI’ YAN/PAT MANINAFEKTA NA ESTATUA, AREKLAMENTU YAN REGULASION SIHA: I manmaproponi na revisions manmafotma para u restate, enhance, supplemental yan u maklarifika i prisenti na NMHC Administrative Plan para i Prugáman Asistensian Atkilon Siha yan ti para u mata’lun u mapela i interu na plánu ni gaigi gi Kodigo Administrative gi Sangkattan na Islas Marianas Siha (NMHC), Titulu 100, Kapitulu 80.

DIREKSION PARA U MAPO’LU YAN MAPUPBLIKA: I maproponi na Revisions para i Seksiona 8 gi NMHC Administrative Plan para i Prugáman Asistensian Atkilon Siha debi na u mapupblika gi halum i Rehistran Commonwealth gi halum i seksiona gi manmaproponi yan nuebu ma’adâpta na regulasion siha gi (1 CMC § 9102(a) (1) yan u mapega gi halum i mangkuminienti na lugát siha gi Civic Center yan gi halum ufisinan gubietnamento siha gi kada distritun senadot, parehu gi English yan gi lingguáhin Chamorro yan Carolinian. (1 CMC § 9104(a) (1).

PARA U MAPRIBENIYI UPIÑON SIHA: Na’hánāo pat intrega i upiñon-mu siha guatu gi as Jesse S. Palacios, Corporate Director, NMHC gi para i sigienti na address, fax pat email address, gi ráyan suhetu “Manmaproponi na Revisions para i Seksiona 8 gi NMHC Administrative Plan para i Prugáman Asistensian Atkilon Siha.

NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION
P.O. BOX 500514
Saipan, MP 96950
Numirun Tilifon: 234-6866/234-9447 Fax: 234-9021
Email address: jspalacios@nmhc.gov.net

Todu upiñon debi na u fanhálum treinta(30) dihas ginin i fetchan esti na nutisia. Put fabot na’hálum i supottasion data, views yan kinuntestan atgumentom-mu siha. (1 CMC § 9104(a) (2))

Nina’hálum as: [Signature]
Merced (Marcie) M. Tomokane
Kabesiyu

Fetcha [Signature] 10/01/13
Sigun i 1 CMC § 2153(e) (I Abugadu Henerat ha aprueba i regulasion siha na para u macho'gui kumu fotma) yan 1 CMC § 9104(a)(3) (hentan inaprueban Abugadu Henerat) i manmaproponi na CDA By-Laws Kuëtpun Direkot Siha ni mâñechettun guini ni manmaribisa yan manma'aprueba kumu fotma yan sufisienti ligât ginin i CNMI Abugadu Henerat yan debi na u mapupblika sigun gi, 1 CMC § 2153(f) (pupblikasion areklamentu yan regulasion siha).

Mafetcha guini gi diha 26th October, 2013.

JOEY P. SAN NICOLAS
Abugadu Henerat

Rinisibi as:  
ESTHER S. FLEMING  
Ispisiât na Ayudânti para i Atministrasion

Pine'lu yan Ninota as:  
Esther SN. Nesbitt  
Rehistran Commonwealth

10/28/13
Fetcha

10.28.2013
Fetcha
ARONGORONGOL TOULAP

POMWOL REVISION REL NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION (NMHC) SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN REL RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

MÁNGEMÁNGIL MWÓGHUT YEEL BWE EBWE ADOPTÁÁLI POMWOL REVISION MEREL NMHC SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM: Pomwol mwóghutughút sángi Board of Directors nge re mángemángil rebwe adoptááli allégh me ebwe lléghló Revisions kka a apaa sch llông rel NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs, sángi mwóghutughutúl Administrative Procedures Act 1 CMC §§ 9104 me mille a ffil bwe allégh. Pomwol Revisions rel NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs nge ebwe bwúnguluó seigh (10) ràií mwiiriil igha e palaweli 1 CMC §§ 9102, 9104(a), me 9105(b).

BWÁNGIL: Sángi Chairperson ebwe yoor bwángil Board bwe ebwe attootowow arongorong rel kkapasal Revision rel NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance bwe ebwe ffér ngálí Executive order No. 94-3, Section 407 rel igha rebwe féérú sefááli Plan No. 2 of 1994, Directive No. 138, me NMHC Articles of Corporation me Allégh kka aa isisilong rel CNMI registrar of Corporation wól February 6, 1995.

KKAPASAL ME AWEWEEL: Pomwol Revisions rel NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs nge e weewe me millikka aa apaa sch llông rel Administrative Plan for Section 8 Rental Assistance Pograms ie ra attootowow merel Commonwealth Register, Volume 20, Number 02, wól February 18, 1999, page 16471 mweetánglí 16533, mille ello bwe re fasil ameenda li mwiril yaal attootowow arongorong rel Commonwealth Register, Volume 22, No. 9 me Volume 23 No. 02. NMHC ra attootowow mille a fasil isisilong rel Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs bwe ebwe ffér allégh rel NMHC rental assistance programs bwe ebwe llégh lló mwóghutughutúl me kkapasal funding sources sángi United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) me local objectives. Kkapas kka rebwe isisilong lól mwóghutughutúl NMHC Board of Directors igha rebwe adoptááli leyiir milikka re attootowow:
1). Section 18: Temporary Compliance assistance,
2). Section 19: Project-based Voucher Program, and

Pomwol me mwóghutughutúl Temporary Compliance Assitance bwelle ebwe mmwel ebwe ayoorá affalafal rel NMHC igha ebwe ayoorá ló mwóghutughutúl me milikka e tittiingóór ngálí Public Housing and Housing Choice Voucher Program ótool igha e shuweł ssóóssól resources kka e yoor rel Public Housing Agencies kka re attééw lól ólongal nasion. Pomwol igha re ffér ngálí Project Based Voucher program nge ebwe alisi NMHC bwe ebwe aghatchú ló yaar Voucher Leasing Percentages, me ebwe ayoorá la me igha rebwe affil ghatchúl méél housing choices. Sósóbwul ameenda kkal nge eghal abwári igha NMHC re adoptááli allégh me igha re bwal aschuuwllong CNMI Building Safety Code Rule and Regulations.
CITATION KKA AWEWEL ME/NGÁRE STATUTES, ALLÉGH ME ATIWLIGH KKA EBWE AFEKKTÁLIL. Pomwol Revision kka nge rebwe féérú bwe ebwe iira sefáli, aghatchú, appaaschlong, me ffat llól mmwal yaal NMHC Administrative Plan for Rental Assistance Programs me essóóbw úuíó kkapasal igha e isiis merel Northern Mariana Islands Administrative Code (NMIAC), Title 100, Chapter 80.

AFALAFAL REEL AMWELIL ME ARONGOWOWUL: Pomwol CDA Board of Directors’ allégh kkaal ebwe appasch llolg llól Commonwealth Register llól section we e ira Proposed me Newly Adopted Regulations (1 CMC § 9102(a)(1)me ebwe bwal appasch fetal llól bwuley kka elo Civic Center me bwal llól bwullasiyo kka llól Senatorial District rel kkasal English, Remeraalis me Refaluwasch. (1 CMC § 9104(a)(1))

ATTOTOOLONGOL MÁNGEMÁNG: Afanga ngáre bwughiló yóómw mángemáng reell Jesse S. Palacios, Corporate Director, NMHC ngáli address, fax me email reell subject line “Proposed Revisions to NMHC Section 8 Administrative Plan For Rental Assistance Programs”.

NORTHERN MARIANA HOUSING CORPORATION
P.O. Box 500514
Saipan MP 96950
Tel. No: 234-6866/234-9447/234-7689 FAX 234-9021
Email Address: jspalacios@nmhc.gov.net

Isiisilongol mángemáng nge ebwe llól 30 ráll sángi al toowow arongorong yeel. Isáiliilong yóómw supporting data, views, ngáre angiingi. (1 CMC § 9104(a)(2)).

Isáiliyallon:
Merced (Marcie) M. Tomokane
Chairperson

Aramas ye:
E bwughi Special Assistant for Administration

File me Rekoodliiyal:
Esther SN. Nesbitt
Commonwealth Register

COMMONWEALTH REGISTER VOLUME 35 NUMBER 10 OCTOBER 28, 2013 PAGE 034407
Sängi 1 CMC § 2153(e) (Allégh kkal ebwe Ilégh ló sängi AG bwe e fil reel fféérúl) me 1 CMC § 9104 (a)(3) (mwiir sängi yaar Ilégh Iló merel AG) rei pomwol CDA Board of Directors' allégh ie re aschuulong bwe ra takkal amwuri fiischiy, me Iléghló fféérúl me legal sufficiency sängi CNMI Attorney General me ebwele attootowoow, 1 CMC § 2153(f) (Arongowowul allégh me atiwligh).

Ráálil iye September 2013.

JOEY P. SAN NICOLAS
Attorney General
NORTHERN MARIANAS HOUSING CORPORATION
SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN FOR RENTAL
ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITY
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1: BACKGROUND

1.1 PREAMBLE ................................................. 13
1.2 LOCAL OBJECTIVES ........................................ 13
1.3 PURPOSE .................................................. 13
1.4 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND FAIR HOUSING ............... 14
1.5 PRIVACY RIGHTS ........................................... 14

SECTION 2: APPLICATION PROCESS AND REQUIREMENTS

2.1 HOW TO APPLY ............................................ 15
2.2 APPLICATIONS ............................................ 15
2.3 MISSED APPOINTMENTS ................................... 16

SECTION 3: VERIFICATIONS

3.1 VERIFICATION OF APPLICANT INFORMATION ............ 16
3.2 METHODS OF VERIFICATION ................................ 17
3.3 VERIFICATION OF CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE NON-CITIZEN STATUS ........................................ 17
   3.3.1 Declaration of United States Citizenship ........ 18
   3.3.2 Acceptable Official documents for Verification of Information .. 18
3.4 VERIFICATION: VALIDITY ................................... 18

SECTION 4: ELIGIBILITY

4.1 REQUIREMENTS ............................................ 18
4.2 FAMILY COMPOSITION ..................................... 19
   4.2.1 Family: Defined .................................... 19
   4.2.2 Other Qualifying Relationships/Arrangements .... 19
4.3 INCOME LIMITATION ...................................... 19
4.4 INCOME TARGET REQUIREMENTS .......................... 20
4.5 SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS ................................ 20
4.6 CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE NON-CITIZEN STATUS .... 20
4.7 CHANGES IN ELIGIBILITY PRIOR TO SIGNING OF HAP CONTRACT .................................................. 21
4.8 INELIGIBLE FAMILIES ...................................... 21

SECTION 5: THE WAITING LIST AND PREFERENCE SYSTEM

5.1 OPENING THE WAITING LIST ............................... 22
SECTION 9: LEASING AND OCCUPANCY STANDARDS

9.1 DETERMINING UNIT SIZE OF EACH VOUCHER
(VOUCHER SIZE) .................................................. 33
9.2 GUIDELINES TABLE FOR DETERMINING VOUCHER SIZE ........ 34
  9.2.1 Exemptions from Occupancy Standards ...................... 34
9.3 BRIEFING ..................................................... 34
9.4 BRIEFING PACKET ........................................... 35
9.5 ISSUANCE OF VOUCHER ...................................... 35
  9.5.1 Eligible Applicants/Funding Availability .................... 35
  9.5.2 Voucher and Contractual Agreement ......................... 36
  9.5.3 Expiration of Voucher after Issuance ...................... 36
9.6 TERM AND EXTENSIONS ON UNIT SEARCHING .................. 36
9.7 REQUESTS FOR LEASE APPROVAL ................................ 36
9.8 DISAPPROVAL OF OWNER ...................................... 37

SECTION 10: HOUSING SUBSIDY, TENANT RENT AND PAYMENT STANDARDS

10.1 GENERAL ..................................................... 38
10.2 PAYMENT STANDARDS ......................................... 38
10.3 RENT REASONABLENESS ....................................... 38
  10.3.1 Redetermination of Reasonable Rent ....................... 38
  10.3.2 Rent to Owner May Not Exceed Reasonable Rent .......... 39
10.4 COMPARABILITY .............................................. 39
  10.4.1 Owner Certification of Rents Charged ..................... 39
10.5 RENT CALCULATIONS ......................................... 39
  10.5.1 Calculating Total Tenant Payment (TTP) ................... 39
  10.5.2 Gross Income/Source Codes ............................... 40
  10.5.3 Annualizing Income ...................................... 40
  10.5.4 Annual Income ........................................ 40
  10.5.5 Annual Adjusted Income .................................. 41
  10.5.6 Monthly Adjusted Income ................................ 41
  10.5.7 Rent to Owner and Gross Rent/Rent Reasonableness ....... 41
  10.5.8 Calculating the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) ........ 42
  10.5.9 Family Share ........................................... 42
10.6 MAXIMUM SUBSIDY ........................................... 43
10.7 MINIMUM RENT ................................................ 43
  10.7.1 Financial Hardship Exemption From Minimum Rent ......... 43
  10.7.2 Requesting a Hardship Exemption ........................ 44
10.8 RENT ADJUSTMENTS .......................................... 44
  10.8.1 Rent Increases .......................................... 45
  10.8.2 Disapproval of Requests for Adjustment ................. 45
SECTION 11: PORTABILITY

11.1 GENERAL .................................................. 46
11.2 PORTABILITY PROCEDURES ................................ 46
   11.2.1 Providing Family the Information About Portability .... 46
   11.2.2 Determining Family Eligibility ........................... 47
      A. Program Requirements for Families New to the
         Housing Choice Voucher Program .......................... 47
      B. Program Requirements for Participant Families ............ 47
   11.2.3 Initial PHA’s Responsibilities ......................... 48
      A. Family Portability Information Form ......................... 48
      B. Selecting the Receiving PHA ............................... 48
      C. Providing More Than the Required Information ............. 48
      D. Monitoring Families Searching Other Communities ......... 49
   11.2.4 Receiving PHA Responsibilities .......................... 49
      A. Decision to Absorb or Administer .......................... 49
      B. The Family Search ........................................ 50
      C. Annual and On-going Activities ............................ 50

SECTION 12: MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE

12.1 PROCEDURES .................................................. 51
   12.1.1 Allowable Moves ....................................... 51
   12.1.2 Termination of Lease .................................... 51
   12.1.3 Procedure for Moves: Notice Requirement ............... 51
12.2 LIMITATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ................................. 51
   12.2.1 Restrictions on Moves .................................... 51
   12.2.2 Exceptions on Restrictions ............................... 52
12.3 CLAIMS, MOVE-OUT AND CLOSE-OUT INSPECTIONS ................. 52
   12.3.1 Owner Claims ............................................ 52
   12.3.2 Move-Out and Close-Out Inspections ....................... 52
12.4 CONTINUED ASSISTANCE FOR “MIXED FAMILIES” ............... 53
12.5 FAMILY SEPARATIONS .......................................... 53
12.6 FAMILY ABSENCES FROM THE ASSISTED UNIT ................... 53
   12.6.1 Absences for More Than Thirty Days ..................... 53
   12.6.2 Termination of HAP Contract for Absences More
          Than 180 Days ............................................ 54
   12.6.3 Issuance of New Vouchers if Notice Given ............... 54
   12.6.4 Must Reapply if No Notice Given ......................... 54
12.6.5 Loss of Head of Household/Sole Adult Family Member ........ 54

SECTION 13: ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS/CERTIFICATIONS

13.1 GENERAL .................................................. 55
13.2 PROCEDURES .............................................. 55
  13.2.1 Recertification Notice to the Family .......... 55
  13.2.2 Reporting Interim Changes ......................... 55
  13.2.3 Interim Recertification Policy ....................... 56
  13.2.4 NMHC Errors ........................................ 56
  13.2.5 Duty of Family to Disclose Receipt of Notification From HUD Concerning Family Income ...................... 56
  13.2.6 Notification of Results of Recertification .......... 56
13.3 ADVERSE ACTIONS FOR MISSED REEXAMINATIONS .......... 57
  13.3.1 Failure to Respond to Notification of Recertify ........ 57

SECTION 14: INFORMAL REVIEWS AND HEARINGS

14.1 INFORMAL REVIEW ........................................ 57
  14.1.1 Informal Reviews for Applicants .................... 57
  14.1.2 When Informal Review Required .................... 57
  14.1.3 Informal Review Not Required ....................... 58
14.2 INFORMAL HEARING ....................................... 58
  14.2.1 When Informal Hearing Required .................... 58
  14.2.2 When an Informal Hearing is Not Required ........... 59

SECTION 15: THE HAP CONTRACT

15.1 GENERAL .................................................. 59
15.2 OWNER APPROVALS ...................................... 60
15.3 LANDLORD OBLIGATIONS ................................ 60
15.4 ACTIONS TAKEN FOR HAP CONTRACT BREACHES ............. 60

SECTION 16: TERMINATING OR DENYING ASSISTANCE

16.1 GENERAL .................................................. 61
16.2 GROUNDS FOR TERMINATING OR DENYING ASSISTANCE .... 61
  16.2.1 Mandatory Denial and Termination ................... 61
  16.2.2 Housing Authority Discretion ....................... 62
16.3 FAMILY OBLIGATIONS UNDER RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS ........................................ 62
16.4 ABSENCE FROM THE UNIT ................................ 64
16.5 DUPLICATION OF ASSISTANCE ............................. 64
SECTION 17: SECTION 8 MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (SEMAP)

17.1 GENERAL ................................................................. 64
17.2 PURPOSE ................................................................. 64
17.3 APPLICABILITY ........................................................... 64
17.4 SEMAP REGULATIONS (24 CFR PART 985) .......................... 65

SECTION 18: TEMPORARY COMPLIANCE ASSISTANCE ADDENDUM DOCUMENT

18.1 INTRODUCTION .......................................................... 65
18.2 PURPOSE ................................................................. 66
18.3 TEMPORARY PROVISIONS ............................................. 66
   18.3.1 Option to Use Participant's Actual Past Income in
          Verifying Income ...................................................... 66
   18.3.2 NMHC Policy .......................................................... 66
   18.3.3 Self-Certification of Assets of $5,000 or Less .................. 67
   18.3.4 NMHC Policy .......................................................... 67
   18.3.5 Approval of Exception Payment Standard or Reasonable
          Accommodation .......................................................... 68
   18.3.6 NMHC Policy .......................................................... 68

SECTION 19: PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM

19.1 INTRODUCTION .......................................................... 69
   19.1.1 General Requirements ............................................ 69
   19.1.2 PBV Owner Proposals ............................................ 69
   19.1.3 Dwelling Units ..................................................... 69
   19.1.4 Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units .................... 69
   19.1.5 Housing Assistance Payments Contract ......................... 70
   19.1.6 Selection of PBV Program Participants ......................... 70
   19.1.7 Occupancy ............................................................ 70
   19.1.8 Determining Rent to Owner ....................................... 70
   19.1.9 Payments to Owner ................................................ 70
19.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS ............................................. 70
   19.2.1 Overview [24 CFR 983.5] ........................................ 70
   19.2.2 NMHC Policy .......................................................... 71
   19.2.3 Tenant-Based vs. Project-Based Voucher Assistance
          [24 CFR 983.2] .......................................................... 71
   19.2.4 NMHC Policy .......................................................... 71
   19.2.5 Relocation Requirements [24 CFR 983.7] ....................... 71
   19.2.6 Equal Opportunity Requirements [24 CFR 983.8] ............. 72
19.3 PBV OWNER PROPOSALS ............................................... 72
19.3.1 Overview .......................................................... 72
19.3.2 Owner Proposal Selection Procedure [24 CFR 983.51] .............. 72
   A. NMHC Request for PBV Proposals ................................ 72
   B. NMHC may Select Proposals that were Previously Selected Based On a Competition ........................................... 72
   C. Solicitation and Selection of PBV Proposals [24 CFR 983.51(b) and (c)] ............................................................... 73
   D. NMHC Request for Proposals for Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units ............................................................ 73
   E. PHA Requests for Proposals for Existing Housing Units ....... 74
   F. PHA Selection of Proposals Subject to a Previous Competition Under a Federal, State, or Local Housing Assistance Program. 75
   G. NMHC owned Units [24 CFR 983.51(e) and 983.59] ............. 75
   H. NMHC Notice of Owner Selection [24 CFR 983.51(d)] .......... 76
   I. NMHC Policy ........................................................... 76
19.3.3 Housing Type [24 CFR 983.52] .................................... 77
19.3.4 Prohibition of Assistance for Certain Units ......................... 77
   A. Ineligible Housing Types [24 CFR 983.53] ....................... 77
   B. Subsidized Housing [24 CFR 983.54] ............................. 77
19.3.5 Subsidy Layering Requirements [24 CFR 983.55, FR Notice 11/24/08, and FR Notice 7/09/10] ........................................... 78
19.3.6 Cap on Number of PBV Units in Each Project ..................... 79
   A. 25 Percent per Project Cap [24 CFR 983.56(a), FR Notice 11/24/08] .............................................................. 79
   B. Exceptions to 25 Percent per Project Cap [24 CFR 983.56(b), FR Notice 11/24/08] .......................................................... 79
   C. NMHC Policy ........................................................... 80
   D. Promoting Partially-Assisted Buildings [24 CFR 983.56(c)] .. 80
   E. NMHC Policy ........................................................... 80
19.3.7 Site Selection Standards ............................................ 80
   A. Compliance with PBV Goals, Civil Rights Requirements, and HQS Site Standards [24 CFR 983.57(b)] ........................... 80
   B. NMHC Policy ........................................................... 81
   C. Existing and Rehabilitated Housing Site and Neighborhood Standards [24 CFR 983.57(d)] ................................................. 81
   D. New Construction Site and Neighborhood Standards [24 CFR 983.57(e)] ................................................................. 82
19.3.8 Environmental Review [24 CFR 983.58] ............................ 83
19.4 DWELLING UNITS ....................................................... 84
19.4.1 Overview ............................................................ 84
19.4.2 Housing Quality Standards [24 CFR 983.101] ...................... 84
   A. Lead-based Paint [24 CFR 983.101(c)] ............................ 84
19.4.3 Housing Accessibility for Persons With Disabilities .......... 84
19.4.4 Inspecting Units ........................................ 84
  A. Pre-selection Inspection [24 CFR 983.103(a)] .......... 85
  B. Pre-HAP Contract Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(b)] ... 85
  C. Turnover Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(c)] ............ 85
  D. Annual Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(d)] .............. 85
  E. Other Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(e)] ............... 85
  F. Inspecting PHA-owned Units [24 CFR 983.103(f)] ...... 86
19.5 REHABILITATED AND NEWLY CONSTRUCTED UNITS .......... 86
19.5.1 Overview [24 CFR 983.151] .............................. 86
19.5.2 Agreement to Enter Into HAP Contract .................. 86
  A. Execution of the Agreement [24 CFR 983.153,
     FR Notice 11/24/08] ........................................ 87
  B. NMHC Policy .................................................. 87
19.5.3 Conduct of Development Work ............................ 88
  A. Labor Standards [24 CFR 983.154(b)] ................... 88
  B. Equal Opportunity [24 CFR 983.154(c)] ................. 88
  C. Owner Disclosure [24 CFR 983.154(d) and (e)] ........ 88
19.5.4 Completion of Housing ................................... 88
  A. Evidence of Completion [24 CFR 983.155(b)] .......... 88
  B. NMHC Policy .................................................. 89
  C. NMHC Acceptance of Completed Units [24 CFR 983.156] 89
19.6 HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT (HAP) .......... 89
19.6.1 Overview ................................................. 89
19.6.2 HAP Contract Requirements .............................. 90
  A. Execution of the HAP contract [24 CFR 983.204] ...... 90
  B. NMHC Policy .................................................. 91
  C. Term of HAP Contract [FR Notice 11/24/08] .......... 91
  D. NMHC Policy .................................................. 91
  E. Contract Extensions .......................................... 91
  F. NMHC Policy .................................................. 91
  G. Termination by PHA [24 CFR 983.205(c)] ............... 91
  H. Termination by Owner [24 CFR 983.205(d),
     FR Notice 11/24/08] ........................................ 92
  I. Remedies for HQS Violations [24 CFR 983.207(b)] ... 92
  J. NMHC Policy .................................................. 92
19.6.3 Amendments to the HAP Contract ......................... 92
  A. Substitution of Contract Units [24 CFR 983.206(a)] .. 92
  B. Addition of Contract Units [24 CFR 983.206(b)] ...... 93
  C. NMHC Policy .................................................. 93
19.6.4 HAP Contract year, Anniversary and Expiration Dates
       [24 CFR 983.206(c) and 983.302(e)] .................. 93
19.6.5 Owner Responsibilities Under the HAP [24 CFR 983.209] . 93
19.6.6 Additional HAP Requirements ............................ 94
   A. Housing Quality and Design Requirements [24 CFR 983.101(e) and 983.207(a)] 94
   B. NMHC Policy ........................................ 95
   C. Vacancy Payments [24 CFR 983.352(b)] ................ 95
   D. NMHC Policy ........................................ 95

19.7 SELECTION OF PBV PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS ............... 95
19.7.1 Overview ........................................... 95
19.7.2 Eligibility for PBV Assistance [24 CFR 983.251 (a) and (b)] 95
   A. In-Place Families [24 CFR 983.251(b)] .............. 96
19.7.3 Organization of the Waiting List [24 CFR 983.251(c)] ....... 96
19.7.4 Selection from the Waiting List [24 CFR 983.251(c)] ....... 97
   A. Income Targeting [24 CFR 983.251(c)(6)] .......... 97
   B. Units with Accessibility Features [24 CFR 983.251(c)(7)] 97
   C. Preferences [24 CFR 983.251(d), FR Notice 11/24/08] 97
   D. NMHC Policy ........................................ 98
19.7.5 Offer of PBV Assistance ................................ 98
   A. Refusal of Offer [24 CFR 983.251(e)(3)] ............ 98
   B. Disapproval by Landlord [24 CFR 983.251(e)(2)] .... 98
19.7.6 Owner Selection of Tenants ............................ 99
   A. Leasing [24 CFR 983.253(a)] ........................ 99
   B. Filling Vacancies [24 CFR 983.254(a)] ............... 99
   C. NMHC Policy ....................................... 100
   D. Reduction in HAP Contract Units Due to Vacancies [24 CFR 983.254(b)] .... 100
   E. NMHC Policy ....................................... 100
19.7.7 Tenant Screening [24 CFR 983.255] ..................... 100
   A. NMHC Responsibility ................................. 100
   B. Owner Responsibility ............................... 101

19.8 OCCUPANCY .............................................. 101
19.8.1 Overview ........................................... 101
19.8.2 Lease [24 CFR 983.256] ................................ 101
   A. Form of Lease [24 CFR 983.256(b)] .................. 102
   B. NMHC Policy ....................................... 102
   C. Lease Requirements [24 CFR 983.256(c)] ............. 102
   D. Tenancy Addendum [24 CFR 983.256(d)] .............. 102
   E. Initial Term and Lease Renewal [24 CFR 983.256(f) and 983.257(b)] ............... 103
   F. Changes in the Lease [24 CFR 983.256(e)] ............ 103
   G. Owner Termination of Tenancy [24 CFR 983.257] .... 103
   H. Tenant Absence from the Unit [24 CFR 983.256(g) and 983.312(a)] ............... 104
J. NMHC Policy ........................................... 104
19.8.3 Relocating a Family .................................... 104
   A. Overcrowded, Under-Occupied, and Accessible Units
      [24 CFR 983.259] .................................... 104
   B. NMHC Policy ........................................ 105
19.8.4 Exceptions to the Occupancy Cap [24 CFR 983.261,
   FR Notice 11/24/08] .................................... 106
19.9 DETERMINING RENT TO OWNER ............................. 107
19.9.1 Overview ........................................... 107
19.9.2 Rent Limits [24 CFR 983.301] .......................... 107
19.9.3 Reasonable Rent [24 CFR 983.303] ...................... 110
   A. When Rent Reasonable Determinations are Required ..... 110
   B. How to Determine Reasonable Rent ........................ 110
   C. Comparability Analysis ................................ 110
   D. PHA-owned Units ...................................... 111
   E. Owner Certification of Reasonable Rent .................. 111
19.9.4 Effect of Other Subsidy and Rent Control ............... 111
   A. Other Subsidy [24 CFR 983.304] ........................ 111
   B. Rent Control [24 CFR 983.305] ........................ 112
19.10 PAYMENT TO OWNER .................................... 112
19.10.1 Housing Assistance Payments [24 CFR 983.351] ......... 112
   A. NMHC Policy .......................................... 113
   B. Vacancy Payments ..................................... 113
   C. NMHC Policy .......................................... 113
19.10.3 Tenant Rent to Owner [24 CFR 983.353] ............... 113
   A. Tenant and NMHC Responsibilities ....................... 114
   B. Utility Reimbursements ................................ 114
   C. NMHC Policy .......................................... 114
19.10.4 Other Fees and Charges [24 CFR 983.354] ............. 114
   A. Meals and Supportive Services .......................... 114
   B. Other Charges by Owner ................................ 115
APPENDICES

INFORMAL REVIEW AND HEARING PROCEDURES

APPENDIX A: Informal Review Procedures Packet ....................... 117
APPENDIX B: Informal Hearing Procedures Packet ....................... 121

CNMI BUILDING SAFETY CODE

APPENDIX C: CNMI Building Safety Code Rules and Regulations ........ 128
SECTION 1: BACKGROUND

1.1 PREAMBLE

The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) operates a subsidized program known as the Section 8 Program. In the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), this program is administered by the Northern Marianas Housing Corporation (NMHC), a division under the Commonwealth Development Authority (CDA).

Eligibility to participate in the Section 8 Program is determined by family size and income, in accordance with Federal statutes, regulations, and NMHC’s rules and regulations as provided under this administrative plan.

Under the Section 8 Program, as administered by NMHC, families may reside in units owned by NMHC, or they may reside in privately-owned housing units.

Privately-owned housing units participating in the programs are required to pass minimum housing quality standards (HQS) established by HUD or the local housing code, whichever is more stringent. Contract rentals must be comparable to rentals received for housing units of the same size and type in the same general neighborhood.

1.2 LOCAL OBJECTIVES

The rental assistance programs are designed to achieve two underlying objectives:

A. To provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing for low income families while maintaining their rent payments at an affordable level;

B. To provide an incentive to private property owners to rent to low income families by offering timely assistance payments.

1.3 PURPOSE¹

The purpose of the Administrative Plan is to establish policies for carrying out NMHC’s rental assistance programs in a manner consistent with funding source requirements and local objectives. The Plan covers both admission and continued participation in these programs. Policies are the same for all programs unless otherwise noted.

NMHC is responsible for complying with all changes in program regulations pertaining to these programs. If such changes conflict with this Plan, program regulations will have

¹24 CFR § 982.54
precedence. The original Plan and any changes must be approved by the Board of Directors of NMHC and a copy provided to HUD.

1.4 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND FAIR HOUSING

It is the policy of NMHC to comply fully with all federal, state, and local nondiscrimination laws and with the rules and regulations governing Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity in housing and employment.

NMHC shall not deny any family or individual the opportunity to apply for or receive assistance under the Section 8 Programs on the basis of race, sex, religion, creed, national, or ethnic origin, age, family or marital status, handicap or disability or sexual orientation.

To further its commitment to full compliance with applicable Civil Rights laws, NMHC will provide information pertaining to federal, state, and local laws to the program to voucher holders regarding "discrimination" and any recourse available during the family briefing session, and applicable Fair Housing Information and Discrimination Complaint Forms will be made a part of the voucher holder's briefing packet.

No individual with disabilities shall be denied the benefits or be excluded from participating in this program.

1.5 PRIVACY RIGHTS

Applicants and participants, including all adults in their households, are required to sign the HUD 9886 Authorization for Release of Information. This document incorporates the Federal Privacy Act Statement and describes the conditions under which HUD will release family information.

NMHC’s practices and procedures are designed to safeguard the privacy of applicants and program participants. All applicant and participant files will be stored in a secure location which is only accessible by authorized personnel.

In accordance with HUD requirements, NMHC will furnish prospective owners with the family’s current address as shown in NMHC’s records and, if known to NMHC, the names and address of the landlord at the family’s current and prior address.

NMHC’s policy is to ensure objectivity and consistency in applying the following criteria to evaluate the eligibility of families who apply. Staff will carefully review all

\(^2\) 5 U.S.C. § 552 a
information provided by the family. Families will be provided the opportunity to explain their circumstances, to furnish additional information, if needed, and to receive an explanation of the basis for any decision made by NMHC to their eligibility.

SECTION 2: APPLICATION PROCESS AND REQUIREMENTS

2.1 HOW TO APPLY

NMHC will accept and process applications in accordance with applicable federal regulations. Applications will be received and processed as follows:

A. Applications will be taken at NMHC’s central office or its field offices on Rota and Tinian, as the case may be, at which time all applicants will receive a written statement documenting receipt of the application by NMHC. Unless the waiting list is closed, an application must be accepted even if an informal discussion indicates that the applicant or his/her family may not be eligible.

B. Before formal acceptance of the application, applicants will be expected to provide on the formal application forms all information necessary for making eligibility determinations.

C. All adult members of the household age eighteen (18) years or older must be present to complete and sign the application and to provide photo identification. This provision can be waived only for good cause.

2.2 APPLICATIONS

The purpose of the application is to permit NMHC to assess family eligibility or ineligibility and to determine placement on the waiting list. The application shall contain questions designed to obtain the following information:

A. Name and date of birth of all members;
B. Sex and relationship of all members;
C. Street address and phone numbers;
D. Mailing address (if P.O. Box or other permanent address);
E. Amount(s) and source(s) of income received by household members;
F. Information related to qualification for preference;
G. Social security numbers;
H. Race/Ethnicity;

3 Good cause shall include applicants that are disabled and require that the application be completed by mail.
I. Citizenship/eligible immigration status;
J. Arrests for drug-related or violent criminal activity;
K. Requests for specific accommodation needed to fully utilize program and services; and
L. Other questions that may be deemed necessary to facilitate the eligibility determination process.

The information on the application will not be verified until the applicant has been selected for final eligibility determination. Final eligibility will be determined when the full application process is completed and all information is verified.

Applicants are required to inform NMHC within thirty (30) days of changes in family composition, income, and address, as well as any changes in preference status. Applicants are also required to respond to requests from NMHC to update information or to determine continued interest in assistance. If a family fails to respond to a request from NMHC to update information, NMHC may, after sending a second request by certified mail, reject the application. No application shall be rejected until the thirty-first (31st) day after the receipt of the second request, or if the second request is returned to NMHC by the Post Office on the thirty-first (31st) day after it was mailed by NMHC.

2.3 MISSED APPOINTMENTS

Applicants who fail to appear on a scheduled appointment will be afforded a second appointment for good cause. An applicant who fails to appear on the second scheduled appointment will be sent a notice of denial and/or withdrawal from the waiting list. Applicants removed from the waiting list may request NMHC for an informal review.

SECTION 3: VERIFICATIONS.

3.1 VERIFICATION OF APPLICANT INFORMATION

Information provided by the applicant will be verified including information related to family composition, income, allowances and deductions, assets, eligible immigration status, full-time student status and other factor related to preferences, eligibility and rent calculation. Verifications may not be more than sixty (60) days old preceding the issuance of voucher.

* 24 CFR § 982.522 (a)
In order to verify information provided by a family, each adult member must sign a HUD-approved consent for release of information form that would authorize NMHC to verify income and source of income information provided by the family.

3.2 METHODS OF VERIFICATION

The acceptable methods NMHC uses to verify an applicant’s information include:

A. Upfront Income Verification (UIV) – NMHC uses the EIV system (an independent computerized resource) to obtain verification of employment, gross wages, unemployment compensation, and social security benefits;
B. Written third-party verification;
C. Verbal third-party verification;
D. Review document – Tenant-provided documents to support declaration of income, etc.; and
E. Tenant certification – Tenant must submit notarized statement of reported income, assets, or expenses.

NMHC requires initial mail requests for written verifications addressed to the source of income (or expense). If the information is not returned within 15 days, NMHC shall attempt telephone verification. If both written and oral third party verification attempts fail, the applicant or participant shall be required to provide documents as verification. The client file must include notes as to why documents provided by the client have been used instead of the preferred third party verification.

3.3 VERIFICATION OF CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE NON-CITIZEN STATUS

Persons claiming eligible immigration status must present appropriate immigration documents, which must by verified by NMHC through the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS).

Every applicant household for (and participant in) the housing choice voucher program must sign a certification for every household member either claiming status as:

A. A U.S. citizen, or
B. An eligible alien, or
C. Stating the individual’s choice not to claim eligible status and acknowledge ineligibility.

---

5 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Citizenship Status.
3.3.1 Declaration of United States Citizenship

For household members claiming U.S. citizenship, only a declaration (HUD Form 214) signed by the household member (or in the case of a minor child, by a parent) is required by regulation.

3.3.2 Acceptable Official Documents for Verification of Information

NMHC requires verification of the information provided through the presentation of any one or all of the following official documents:

A. United States passport;
B. Resident Alien Card;
C. Registration Card;
D. Social Security card;
E. Other appropriate documentation.

3.4 VERIFICATION: VALIDITY

NMHC shall only accept information verified and dated 60 days preceding the actual receipt of the aforesaid documents. Information exceeding 60 days must be updated and re-verified.

SECTION 4: ELIGIBILITY

4.1 REQUIREMENTS

To be eligible for participation, an applicant must meet HUD’s criteria, as well as any permissible criteria established by NMHC.

The HUD eligibility criteria include:

A. An applicant must be a “family.”
B. An applicant must be within the appropriate income limits.
C. An applicant must furnish Social Security Numbers for household members 6 years or older.
4.2 FAMILY COMPOSITION

The applicant must qualify as a "Family."

4.2.1 Family: Defined

Family includes but is not limited to:

A. A family with or without children (the temporary absence of a child from the home due to placement in foster care shall not be considered in determining family composition and family size);
B. An elderly family;
C. A near-elderly family;
D. A disabled family;
E. A displaced family;
F. The remaining member of a tenant family; and
G. A single person who is not an elderly or displaced person, or a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

4.2.2 Other Qualifying Relationships/Arrangements

The term "family" shall also include two or more persons (with or without children) regularly living together, related by blood, marriage, adoption, guardianship or operation of law; OR two or more persons who are related but who are regularly living together and can verify shared income or resources; OR two or more persons who intend to share residency and whose income and resources are available to meet the family's needs.

4.3 INCOME LIMITATION

HUD establishes income limits by family size for the area in which NMHC is located. The income limits are published annually in a HUD Notice and are generally effective on the date of publication. The income limits are available on the Internet at www.huduser.com at the "datasets" portal.

---

6 24 CFR § 982.201 (c)
7 24 CFR § 5.403 Definitions.
8 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Income Limits.
There are two income limits that are used to determine eligibility for the housing choice voucher program and a third that is used to ensure that NMHC has met its target for assisting the neediest families in the community.

The *very low-income* limit, which is set at 50 percent of the area median income, is the income limit generally used to determine initial program eligibility.

The *low income-limit*, set at 80 percent of the area median income, is used for families whose incomes fall below the very low-income limits but who are considered to be eligible for assistance:

A. Continuously assisted under the public housing or Section 8 Programs;

B. Non-purchasing households in the following homeownership programs: HOPE 1, HOPE 2 or other HUD-assisted multifamily home ownership programs covered under 24 CFR 284.173;

C. Displaced as a result of prepayment of a mortgage or voluntary termination of a mortgage insurance contract.

4.4 INCOME TARGET REQUIREMENTS

At least 75 percent of the families who are admitted to NMHC’s housing choice voucher program during the housing agency’s fiscal year must be extremely low-income. Extremely low-income families are those with incomes at or below 30 percent of the area median income.

4.5 SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS

Families are required to provide verification of Social Security Numbers for all family members age six (6) years or older prior to admission, if they have been issued a number by the Social Security Administration. This requirement also applies to persons joining the family after admission to the program.

4.6 CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE NON-CITIZEN STATUS

In order to receive assistance, a family member must be a U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant. Individuals who are neither may elect not to contend with their status.

In addition to citizens, persons who qualify on the basis of “eligible immigration status” are:

---

9 24 CFR § 982.201 (b) (2)

NMHC-HUD Section 8 Administrative Plan 20
A. A non-citizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence as an immigrant (including special agricultural workers granted lawful temporary resident status, but excluding alien visitors, tourists, diplomats, or students who enter the U.S. temporarily with no intention of abandoning their residence in a foreign county);

B. A non-citizen who entered the U.S. before June 30, 1948 (or such later date as enacted by law) and who has continuously maintained residence in the U.S. since then and who is not ineligible for citizenship, but who is deemed to be lawfully admitted for permanent residence as a result of an exercise of discretion by the Attorney General;

C. A non-citizen who is lawfully present in the U.S. as a result of (a) refugee status, (b) the granting of asylum which has not been terminated, or (c) the granting of conditional entry prior to April 1, 1980 because of persecution on account of race, religion, or political opinion, or because of being uprooted by catastrophic national calamity;

D. A non-citizen who is lawfully present in the U.S. as a result of an exercise of discretion by the U.S. Attorney General for emergency reasons or reasons deemed strictly in the public interest;

E. A non-citizen who is lawfully present in the U.S. as a result of the Attorney General’s withholding deportation;

F. A non-citizen lawfully admitted for temporary or permanent residence; and

G. A non-citizen who is lawfully in the U.S. and its territories and possessions under Section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. government and the governments of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and Palau, while the applicable section is in effect.

4.7 CHANGES IN ELIGIBILITY PRIOR TO SIGNING OF HAP CONTRACT

Changes that occur during the period between placement on the waiting list and issuance of a voucher may affect the family’s eligibility or Total Tenant Payment (TTP). For example, if a family exceeds the income limit prior to lease up (getting housed), the applicant will no longer be eligible for the assistance under program. The family will then be notified in writing of their ineligible status and their right to an informal review.

4.8 INELIGIBLE FAMILIES

Families who are determined to be ineligible will be notified in writing of the reason for denial and given an opportunity to request an informal review or an informal hearing (if they were denied due to non-citizen status).
SECTION 5: THE WAITING LIST AND PREFERENCE SYSTEM

5.1 OPENING THE WAITING LIST

NMHC shall issue a public notice advising the general public that applications for Section 8 are being accepted. The public notice shall contain the places, date, time, application procedures and any limitations on who may apply and shall be published in a local newspaper of general circulation.

5.2 PREFERENCE SYSTEM

Preferences are used to establish order of placement on waiting list. A preference does not guarantee admission. Preferences will be granted to applicants who are otherwise qualified and who, at the time they are certified for admission, meet the definitions of preferences prescribed.

5.2.1 Order of Preferences & Points Afforded:

A. Elderly 3 pts.
B. Persons with Disabilities 3 pts.
C. Involuntary Displacement 3 pts.
D. Victims of Domestic Violence 3 pts.
E. Substandard Housing 2 pts.
F. High Rent Burden (Rent is > 50 percent of income) 2 pts.

5.3 CLOSING THE WAITING LIST

NMHC shall accept applications only if the waiting list is minimized to 150 or less applicants. Decisions to close the waiting list will also be based on the number of applications available for particular sizes of units available, the number of applicants who qualify for local preferences, and the ability of NMHC to house an applicant in an appropriate unit within a reasonable time. The closing of the waiting list, restricting intake, or re-opening the waiting list will be announced publicly in the newspaper with a general circulation, and the dates for both intake and closing of applications.

---

10 24 CFR § 982.206
11 24 CFR § 982.207
12 Involuntary Displacement includes any of the following: Disaster, Fire, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, and Property Disposition.
13 24 CFR § 982.206
5.4 PURGING THE WAITING LIST

Purging the waiting list prevents delays in leasing activities. When a waiting list is out of date, it can be very difficult, if not impossible, to reach applicants selected from the waiting list. Once they are contacted, their applicant status has often changed such that they no longer meet NMHC’s eligibility or selection criteria. If these delays occur regularly, they can result in a declining leasing rate. Therefore, the primary goal in purging the waiting list is, to obtain current information on interested applicants and to remove applicants no longer interested in participating in the program.

NMHC will update and purge its waiting list bi-annually or as needed, and based on the agency’s waiting list turnover and housing success rates. Every six months or as it deems necessary, NMHC shall send out a written invitation to applicants to attend an eligibility appointment. Failure to attend appointment or respond to this invitation may be used as grounds for an applicant’s removal from the program’s waiting list. Additionally, NMHC may also remove an applicant’s name if the written invitation is returned by the post office and marked “undeliverable.”

5.5 SELECTION AND ADMISSION FROM THE WAITING LIST

Applicants shall be selected in the order of date and time of the initial application with consideration given to HUD’s income targeting requirements as well as agency preference policies as adopted by NMHC.

5.6 REMOVING APPLICANTS FROM THE WAITING LIST

NMHC may remove an applicant from the program’s waiting list for the following reasons:

A. An applicant requests that his/her name be removed;
B. An applicant fails to respond to a written request for information updating;
C. An applicant fails to respond to a written request declaring his/her continued interest;
D. An applicant no longer meets the program’s eligibility criteria.

---

14 24 CFR § 982.204 (c)
15 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Purging and Updating a Waiting List.
5.7 SPECIAL ADMISSIONS/NON-WAITING LIST ADMISSIONS

HUD may award NMHC special program funding that is targeted for families living in specified units. For instance, special housing choice voucher program funding can be targeted to:

A. Families displaced because of demolition or disposition of a public housing development;
B. Families residing in a multifamily rental housing project when HUD sells, forecloses or demolishes the project;
C. For housing covered by the Low Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990 (LIHPRHA), non-purchasing families residing in a project subject to a homeownership program or families displaced because of a mortgage prepayment or voluntary termination of a mortgage insurance contract;
D. Families residing in a project covered by a project-based Section 8 HAP contract at or near the end of the HAP contract term; and
E. Non-purchasing families residing in a HOPE I or HOPE II project.

If HUD awards program funding that is targeted for families living in specified units, NMHC must use the assistance for the families living in these units. NMHC must maintain records showing that the family was issued a HUD-targeted voucher.

Unit leased by non-waiting list admissions are not counted when calculating NMHC's performance under SEMAP Indicator 1.

5.8 GROUNDS FOR DENIAL / TERMINATION

5.8.1 Mandatory Denial or Termination

NMHC shall deny or terminate assistance to applicants/participants for the following reasons:
A. If a member of the family refuses to sign and submit HUD or NMHC required consent forms for obtaining information.
B. If a member of the family has been arrested, charged, or convicted of illegal possession, manufacturing, or distribution of a controlled substance.
C. If no member of the family is a U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant.

---

16 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G:Special Admissions/Non-Waiting List Admissions
17 24 CFR § 982.203
18 24 CFR §§ 982.552 and 982.553

NMHC-HUD Section 8 Administrative Plan

24
D. If the family is under contract and 180 days have elapsed since the NMHC's last housing assistance payment was made.

E. If any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program. NMHC shall deny assistance to any member of the household determined to be registered sex offender under a State sex offender registration program regardless of determination showing a lifetime registration or not.

5.9 NOTIFICATION OF ADVERSE ACTIONS

NMHC shall provide a family (applicant or participant) a written notice that states:

A. The reason(s) for the adverse action;

B. The effective date of the adverse action;

C. The family's right, if they disagree, to request for an informal review or hearing to be held before the effective date of the adverse action.

SECTION 6: HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS)

6.1 GENERAL

Housing Quality Standards (HQS) are HUD's minimum pre-qualifying standards required of landlords/owners who wish to have their units registered under the program's approved landlord registry. HQS is designed to ensure that the registered and participating unit is decent, safe, and sanitary. HQS is required for both initial occupancy and during the duration of the lease term. NMHC will make available to the public the list of HQS requirements and print brochures of Landlord and Tenant responsibilities with respect to complying with HQS requirements and violation penalties.

6.2 PRE-CONTRACT AND PERIODIC HQS INSPECTIONS

The NMHC must inspect the unit leased to a family prior to the initial term of the lease, at least annually during assisted occupancy, and at other times as needed, to determine if the unit meets the HQS.

6.2.1 Rent Reasonableness [See Section 10.3].

---

19 24 CFR § 982.405 (a)
6.3 ANNUAL HQS INSPECTIONS\textsuperscript{20}/ABATEMENT AND TERMINATION

The annual inspection process includes scheduling the unit for inspection, notifying owners and tenants of the inspection date and time, conducting the inspection, enforcing HQS requirements, and when necessary, taking action to abate payments and terminate HAP contracts and program assistance. Inspection requirements are as follows:

A. The unit must be in compliance with HQS requirements throughout the assisted tenancy.

B. Each unit must be inspected annually during assisted tenancy to determine if the unit meets HQS. The inspection must be conducted within twelve months of the previous inspection to meet Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) requirements.

C. NMHC shall notify owners and tenants of HQS deficiencies in writing, and indicate a time period in which to make HQS corrections so that the agency complies with SEMAP requirements.

6.3.1 Abatement of Housing Assistance Payments

NMHC must abate housing assistance payments to the owner for failure to correct an HQS violation under the following circumstances:

A. An emergency (life-threatening) violation is not corrected within 24 hours of inspection and the PHA did not extend the time for compliance;

B. A routine violation is not corrected within 30 days of the inspection and NMHC did not extend the time for compliance;

C. Except in the case of life threatening violations requiring corrections within 24 hours, the owner must receive 30-day written notification of the abatement;

D. Abatements must begin on the first of the month following the failure to comply.

6.3.2 Termination of HAP Contract

NMHC must terminate the HAP contract if the repairs are not made. Abatements of payments lasting six or more months shall constitute an automatic termination of the HAP contract. NMHC shall not terminate the contract until the family finds another unit provided the family does so in a reasonable time.

\textsuperscript{20} HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Annual Inspection Process and Procedure.
6.3.3 Termination of Program Assistance

NMHC shall terminate program assistance to families who fail to correct HQS deficiencies that they caused. NMHC shall notify the owner of its intent to terminate the family’s program participation and assistance so that the owner can begin eviction procedures. NMHC shall continue to pay the owner until the eviction is completed.

6.4 QUARTERLY HQS INSPECTIONS/ABATEMENT AND TERMINATION

The quarterly inspection process includes scheduling the unit for inspection, notifying owners and tenants of the inspection date and time, conducting the inspection, enforcing HQS requirements, and when necessary, taking action to abate payments and terminate HAP contracts and program assistance.

A. The quarterly HQS inspections complement Annual and Special HQS inspections and are intended to ensure that Section 8 assisted units are in compliance with HQS requirements throughout the assisted tenancy.

B. Units must be inspected quarterly during assisted tenancy to determine that Section 8 assisted units are in compliance with HQS requirements.

C. NMHC shall notify owners and tenants of HQS deficiencies in writing, and indicate a time period in which to make HQS corrections so that the agency complies with SEMAP requirements.

6.4.1 Abatement of Housing Assistance Payments

NMHC must abate housing assistance payments to the owner for failure to correct an HQS violation under the following circumstances:

A. An emergency (life-threatening) violation is not corrected within 24 hours of inspection and the PHA did not extend the time for compliance;

B. A routine violation is not corrected within 30 days of the inspection and NMHC did not extend the time for compliance.

C. Except in the case of life threatening violations requiring corrections within 24 hours, the owner must receive 30-day written notification of the abatement.

D. Abatements must begin on the first of the month following the failure to comply.

6.4.2 Termination of HAP Contract

NMHC must terminate the HAP contract if the repairs are not made. Abatements of payments lasting six or more months shall constitute an automatic termination
of the HAP contract. NMHC shall not terminate the contract until the family finds another unit provided the family does so in a reasonable time.

6.4.3 Termination of Program Assistance

NMHC shall terminate program assistance to families who fail to correct HQS deficiencies that they caused. NMHC shall notify the owner of its intent to terminate the family’s program participation and assistance so that the owner can begin eviction procedures. NMHC shall continue to pay the owner until the eviction is completed.

6.5 HQS QUALITY CONTROL²¹/RE-INSPECTION OF UNITS

NMHC’s manager for the program and housing division or other qualified person²² must re-inspect a sample of units under contract during the last fiscal year.

Completed HQS inspections included in the sample must be no older than three months old at the time of the re-inspection. The sample must represent a cross section of neighborhoods where the program units are located and inspections completed by all HQS inspector(s).

6.6 HQS ENFORCEMENT

Part 982 does not create any right of the family, or any party other than HUD or the PHA, to require enforcement of the HQS requirements by HUD or the PHA, or to assert any claim against HUD or the PHA, for damages, injunction or other relief, for alleged failure to enforce the HQS²³.

6.7 APPLICABILITY OF CNMI BUILDING SAFETY CODE

Commercial units registered under NMHC’s Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program shall be subject to the requirements of the CNMI’s Building Safety Code upon the adoption of the aforesaid Code by the Northern Marianas Housing Corporation’s Board of Directors and the approval of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development as prescribed by 24 CFR § 982.401 (a)(4)(i)²⁴ and (4)(ii)(A)²⁵. See Appendix C for CNMI Building Safety Code Rules and Regulations as published in the

²¹ 24 CFR § 985.3 (e)
²² 24 CFR § 985.3 (e) (1)
²³ 24 CFR § 982.406
²⁴ (4)(i) In addition to meeting HQS performance requirements, the housing must meet the acceptability criteria variations in this section, unless variations are approved by HUD.
²⁵ (4)(ii) HUD may approve acceptability criteria variations for the following purposes: (A) Variations which apply standards in local housing codes or other codes adopted by the PHA.
SECTION 7: DETERMINATION OF FAMILY INCOME

7.1 ANNUAL INCOME

Annual income is the gross or total income, monetary or not, a family is anticipated to receive from a source outside the family in the 12 months following admission or reexamination minus allowable exclusions. See 24 CFR 5.609. Income from all sources of each member of the household who is eighteen (18) years or older shall be counted.

Annual income does not include income that is excluded by regulation.

NMHC must include the income of every person listed on the lease, including those temporarily absent from the household.

The income of a temporarily absent spouse must be included in determining Annual Income. The income of permanently absent family members is not considered.

7.2 DETERMINING ADJUSTED INCOME

Deductions and allowances are amounts that are subtracted from a family’s Annual Income to produce adjusted income.

7.2.1 Annual Income Inclusions

Annual Income includes all amounts anticipated to be received by the household in the 12 months following certification or reexamination. Annual income includes:

A. Income which goes to, or on behalf of, the family head or spouse or to any other household member;

B. Amounts, monetary or not, anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 2-month period following admission or reexamination effective date;

C. Income from assets to which any member of the family has access.

26 NMHC defines a temporarily absent spouse to be a program participant who is absent from the assisted unit for a period not to exceed six (6) months.
D. Therefore, annual income includes, but is not limited to the following:

1) Wages and Salaries;
2) Net Business Income;
3) Payments in lieu of Earnings;
4) Public Assistance\(^{27}\);
5) Imputed Welfare Income (24 CFR 5.615);
6) Periodic Payments and Allowances\(^{28}\);
7) Lump Sum Receipts;
8) Determinable Allowances and Regular Cash Contributions;
9) Armed Forces Pay;
10) Income of Dependents; and
11) Income of Temporarily Absent Family Members.

7.2.2 Annual Income Exclusions

In determining a family’s adjusted income, some amounts are prohibited from being included in a family’s income for rent determination purposes. These amounts, called exclusions, are **not** part of Annual Income.

Family Annual Income derived from the following shall be excluded:

A. Wages of Family Members Under Age 18;

B. Earnings in Excess of $480 for Full-Time Students Over Age 18 (except HoH or Spouse);

C. Refunds or Rebates of Property Tax on Home;

D. Payments for Student Financial Assistance Paid Directly to the Student or Educational Institution (24 CFR Part 5, 880 and 883);

E. Lump-Sum Additions to Family Assets;

F. Lump-Sum Payments of Deferred Benefits;

G. Amounts Set Aside for Use under PASS\(^{29}\);

\(^{27}\) Public Assistance includes Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or General Assistance.

\(^{28}\) Amounts received from Social Security, Supplemental Income, Annuities, Insurance Policies, Retirement Funds, Pensions, Disability or Death Benefits, Alimony or Spousal Support, Child Support, or Other Types of Periodic Receipts.

\(^{29}\) Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of SSI eligibility and benefits because they are set aside for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS) are excluded in the calculation of Annual Income.
H. Temporary, Non-Recurring, Sporadic Income;

I. Amounts Received for Reimbursements of Medical Expenses of Any Family Member;

J. Income of Live-in Aides;

K. Adoption Assistance Payments in Excess of $480 per child of adoption assistance payments;

L. Payments to keep Developmentally Disabled Family Members at Home;

M. Payments Received for the Care of Foster Children or Adults;

N. Armed Forces Hostile Fire Pay;

O. Foreign Government Reparation Payments;

P. Earnings and Benefits from Employment Training Programs Funded by HUD;

Q. Incremental Earnings and Benefits from Participation in Qualifying State and Local Employment Programs;

R. Reimbursement for Out of Pocket Expenses While Attending a Public Assisted Training Program;

S. Resident Service Stipend not to exceed $200 per month for Services to the PHA; and

T. Other Applicable Federally Mandated Exclusions.

7.2.3 Deductions From Annual Income

A. Mandatory Deductions and Allowances

1) $480 for each dependent;

2) $400 for any elderly family or disabled family;

3) Un-reimbursed child care expenses necessary to enable a family member to work, actively seek employment or further his/her education;

30 The Head of Household (HoH), spouse of the HoH, foster children/adults, and live-in aides or spouses and dependents of live-in aides are never considered dependents.
4) Disability assistance expenses; 
5) Un-reimbursed medical expenses in excess of 3% of annual income of elderly/disabled families.

B. Allowable Medical Expenses

1) Non-Prescription Medicines: Non-prescription medicines must be recommended by a medical physician in order to be considered a medical expense.

2) Alternative Medicine: Acupressure, acupuncture, related herbal medicines, and chiropractic services will be considered allowable medical expenses if verified by a medical physician.

C. Childcare Expenses

Child care expenses for children under the age of thirteen (13), including foster children, may be deducted from annual income if they enable an adult to work or attend school full time.

Deductions for child care expenses will be allowed based on the following situations:

1) Child care to work: The maximum child care expense allowed must be less than the amount earned by the person enabled to work.

2) Child care for school: The number of hours claimed for child care may not exceed the number of hours the family member is attending school.

3) The deduction is not given if the child care expenses are paid for or reimbursed by an agency or person outside the household. If the expense is incurred to enable a family member to work, the expense cannot exceed the amount earned.

4) When two or more adult household members work, NMHC defines the “person enabled to work” as the one who earns the

---

\[31\] Disability assistance expenses are costs incurred for a care attendant or auxiliary apparatus that are necessary in order for an adult member of the household, including the disabled person, to work.
least unless it is obvious that another household member is enabled to work.

5) If childcare expense is required for both work and education, NMHC shall prorate the time and expense to assure that the portion attributable to employment does not exceed the amount earned.

6) Rate of expense: NMHC will survey the local care providers in the community as a guideline. The weekly expense for child care shall not exceed comparable practice.

SECTION 8: REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

8.1 GENERAL

When a family member requires an accessible feature(s) or policy modification to accommodate a disability, NMHC must provide such feature(s) or policy modification unless doing so would result in a fundamental alteration in the nature of its program or an undue financial and administrative burden. If providing such feature(s) would result in a financial and administrative burden, NMHC is required to take any other action that would not result in an undue burden. NMHC is required to institute reasonable adjustments to its rules, policies, practices, and procedures in order to enable an applicant or resident with a disability to have an equal opportunity to use and enjoy the unit, the common areas of a dwelling or participate in or access other activities conducted/sponsored by the recipient.

SECTION 9: LEASING AND OCCUPANCY STANDARDS

9.1 DETERMINING UNIT SIZE OF EACH VOUCHER (VOUCHER SIZE)

NMHC does not determine who shares a bedroom/sleeping room. NMHC’s occupancy standards for determining unit size of each voucher or voucher size shall be applied in a manner consistent with Fair Housing guidelines. All standards in this section relate to the number of bedrooms stated on the voucher, not the family’s actual living arrangements. The unit size on the voucher remains the same as long as the family composition remains the same, regardless of the actual unit size rented.

NMHC assigns one bedroom to two people within the following guidelines:

32 PIH Notice 02-1
A. Persons of different generations, persons of the opposite sex (other than spouses or co-heads) children over 3 years of age and unrelated to the adult household members shall be afforded a separate bedroom;

B. Live-in aides shall be provided a separate room; and

C. Single person families shall be allocated an efficiency or one bedroom unit.

9.2 GUIDELINES TABLE FOR DETERMINING VOUCHER SIZE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voucher size</th>
<th>Person in Household</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Minimum #) (Maximum #)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 Bedroom</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Bedroom</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Bedrooms</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Bedrooms</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Bedrooms</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Bedrooms</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Bedrooms</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2.1 Exemptions from Occupancy Standards

NMHC shall grant exemptions from the standards if the family requests and NMHC determines the requests are justified by relationship, age, sex, health, or disability of family members or under any other individual or exigent circumstances.

9.3 BRIEFING

A full HUD-required briefing will be conducted for applicant families who are determined to be eligible for assistance. The briefings will be conducted in group meetings.

The purpose of the briefing is to explain the documents in the voucher holder’s packet to families so that they are fully informed about the program. This will enable them to utilize the program to their advantage and it will prepare them to discuss it with potential owners and property managers.

NMHC will not issue a voucher to a family unless the head of household has attended a briefing and signed the voucher. Applicants who provide prior notice of inability to attend a briefing will automatically be re-scheduled for another or the next briefing. Applicants who fail to attend two (2) scheduled briefings, without a valid reason, may be denied assistance.
9.4 BRIEFING PACKET

The documents and information provided in the briefing packets for the voucher programs must comply with all HUD requirements. NMHC may also include other pertinent information and/or materials which are not required by HUD.

The briefing packet shall contain the following items:

A. The term of the voucher;
B. A description of the method used to calculate the assistance payment and utility allowances;
C. The HUD lease addendum and NMHC sample lease;
D. The Request for Lease Approval (RFLA) and a description of the procedure requesting approval for a unit;
E. The subsidy standards and the voucher size relates to the unit size selected;
F. The HUD brochure on lead-based paint hazards;
G. Information on federal, Commonwealth, and local equal opportunity laws including a pamphlet entitled, “Fair Housing, It’s Your Right;” the form for reporting suspected discrimination;
H. A list of landlords other parties willing to lease a assisted families or help in the search;
I. If a family includes a person with disabilities, NMHC shall provide a list of available accessible units;
J. The family obligations under the program;
K. The grounds for termination of assistance because of family action or failure to act; and
L. Information on Informal Hearings, hearing procedures, and portability.

9.5 ISSUANCE OF VOUCHERS

9.5.1 Eligible Applicants/Funding Availability

When funding is available, NMHC shall issue vouchers to eligible applicants ranked highest on the program’s waiting list and who are deemed to be income eligible at the time of the actual issuance date. The issuance of vouchers must be within the dollar limitations as set by the ACC budget.
9.5.2 Voucher and Contractual Agreement

During the briefing sessions, each household will be issued a voucher which shall represent a contractual agreement between NMHC and the family specifying the rights and responsibilities of each party. The voucher does not constitute admission to the program which occurs when the lease and contract become effective.

9.5.3 Expiration of Voucher after Issuance

The voucher is valid for a period of sixty (60) calendar days from the date of the issuance. The family must submit a Request for Lease Approval within the sixty (60) day period.

If the voucher has expired and has not been extended by NMHC or expires after the extension, the family will be denied assistance. The family will not be entitled to a review hearing.

9.6 TERM AND EXTENSIONS ON UNIT SEARCHING\textsuperscript{33}

NMHC reserves the authority to grant extensions of search time and to determine the length of an extension and the circumstances under which extensions will be granted. If NMHC grants an extension, it shall provide written notice to the family. There shall be no time set on the number of extensions NMHC can approve.

NMHC must approve an additional search term if needed as a reasonable accommodation to make the program accessible and usable by a person with disabilities. The extension period shall be reasonable for the purpose.

9.7 REQUESTS FOR LEASE APPROVAL

The Request for Lease Approval (RFLA) and a copy of the proposed lease must be submitted by the family during the term of the voucher.

The RFLA must be signed by both the unit owner and the voucher holder. The lease may be executed up to sixty (60) days prior to contract execution and shall not be consummated without approval of NMHC.

NMHC shall not permit a family to submit more than one (1) RFLA at a time.

\textsuperscript{33} HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Extensions of Search Time.
NMHC shall review the documents to determine whether they are "approvable." The Request for Lease Approval shall be approved IF:

A. The unit is an eligible type of housing;
B. The unit meets HUD's Housing Quality Standards (and any additional local criteria as identified in this Administrative Plan);
C. The contract rent is reasonable. Rent and utility allowance shall not exceed NMHC's current payment standards, unless exceptions are granted;
D. The security deposit is approvable; and
E. The proposed lease complies with HUD and NMHC requirements and applicable federal, state, and local laws governing the program.

9.8 DISAPPROVAL OF OWNER

For the purposes of this section, "owner" includes a principal or other interested party.

NMHC shall disapprove a registered owner or an owner in the process of registering his/her housing unit for the following reasons:

A. HUD has informed NMHC that the owner has been disbarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation under 24 CFR part 24;
B. HUD has informed NMHC that the federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner for violation of the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements and such action is pending;
C. HUD has informed NMHC that court or administrative agency has determined that the owner violated the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements;
D. The owner has violated obligations under a housing assistance payment contract under section 8 of the 1937 Act;
E. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt act in connection with any federal housing program;
F. The owner has engaged in drug trafficking;
G. The owner has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the tenant-based programs or with applicable housing standards of units leased with project based Section 8 assistance or leased under any other federal housing program; or
H. Conflict of Interest: NMHC shall not execute a HAP contract when the owner of the unit is a relative of the family to be assisted, unless approving such a tenancy would provide reasonable accommodation for a disable family member.
SECTION 10: HOUSING SUBSIDY, TENANT RENT AND PAYMENT STANDARDS

10.1 GENERAL

The determination of the family's share of total housing costs and NMHC's housing assistance payment (HAP) is a two step process. When the housing choice voucher is issued, the applicant or participant must be given information on the minimum the family is expected to contribute to the housing costs and the maximum subsidy that the PHA can pay. Because the family has the option of selecting a unit with a rent that is more or less than NMHC's payment standard, the final calculation of the family's share of the housing costs and the HAP amount cannot be completed until the family has selected a unit.

10.2 PAYMENT STANDARDS

NMHC is required to establish payment standard amounts for each unit size in an FMR area. The payment standard amounts may be within several ranges depending on facts about the rental market.

NMHC currently administers a payment standard that is at 90% of the published FMR set for Guam and the Pacific Islands.

10.3 RENT REASONABLENESS

NMHC may not approve a lease until it determines that the initial rent to owner is a reasonable rent.

10.3.1 Redetermination of Reasonable Rent

The PHA must re-determine the reasonable rent:

A. Before any increase in the rent to owner;
B. If there is a five percent decrease in the published FMR in effect 60 days before the contract anniversary (for the unit size rented by the family) as compared with the FMR in effect 1 year before the contract anniversary; or
C. If directed by HUD.
D. The NMHC may also re-determine the reasonable rent at any other time.

34 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Calculating Rent and HAP Payments.
35 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Establishing Payment Standard Amounts.
36 24 CFR § 982.507
10.3.2 Rent to Owner May Not Exceed Reasonable Rent

At all times during the assisted tenancy, the rent to owner may not exceed the reasonable rent as most recently determined or re-determined by the NMHC.

10.4 COMPARABILITY

NMHC must determine whether the rent to owner is a reasonable rent in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. To make this determination, the NMHC must consider:

A. The location, quality, size, unit type, and age of the contract unit; and

B. Any amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the lease.

10.4.1 Owner Certification of Rents Charged

By accepting each monthly housing assistance payment from NMHC, the owner certifies that the rent to owner is not more than rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner must give NMHC information requested by NMHC on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

10.5 RENT CALCULATIONS

10.5.1 Calculating Total Tenant Payment (TTP)

The TTP must be calculated for each family. The TIP represents the minimum amount a family must contribute toward rent and utilities regardless of the unit selected.

The TTP is calculated using a statutory formula and the individual income information.

TTP equals the greater of:
10% x Monthly Income;
30% x Monthly Income;
Minimum Rent; or
Welfare Rent (in as paid states).

37 24 CFR § 982.507
10.5.2 Gross Income/Source Codes

Gross income to the household includes that which is excluded by law, regulation, HUD Notice and local policy.

Use of Source Codes found on Form HUD-50058 to report all income to the household, including excluded amounts.

B = Own Business  
F = Federal Wage  
HA = Pha Wage  
M = Military Pay  
W = Other Wage  
G = General Assistance  
IW = Imputed Welfare Income  
T = TANF Assistance  
P = Pension  
S = SSI  
SS = Social Security  
C = Child Support  
E = Medical Reimbursement  
I = Indian Trust/Per Capita  
N = Other Nonwage Sources  
U = Unemployment Benefits

10.5.3 Annualizing Income

If income is received multiplied by:

A. Semi-annually  2  
B. Monthly  12  
C. Semi-monthly  24  
D. Bi-weekly  26  
E. Weekly  52  
F. Hourly (40hrs/wk)  2080

10.5.4 Annual Income

To arrive at Annual Income for each family:

A. Subtract excluded amounts from gross income.  
B. Add income from assets.  
C. Balance equals Annual Income per year.
10.5.5 Annual Adjusted Income

From Annual Income, subtract total allowances and deductions, as shown below:

A. $400 per Elderly/Disabled household
B. $480 per Dependent
C. Allowable Child Care
D. Allowable Disability Assistance Expense
E. Allowable Medical Expenses

10.5.6 Monthly Adjusted Income

Monthly Adjusted Income equals Annual Adjusted Income divided by 12.

10.5.7 Rent to Owner and Gross Rent/Rent Reasonableness

The rent to owner is the rent the owner is charging for the unit including any utilities the owner provides under the lease. NMHC must determine whether the rent is reasonable pursuant to Section 8 and SEMAP regulations. NMHC must have a policy and procedure for determining Rent Reasonableness which considers the following nine factors:

A. Type of unit
B. Quality of the property
C. Location
D. Size
E. Age
F. Utilities included in rent
G. Housing services provided
H. Maintenance
I. Amenities

Rent Reasonableness must be documented in the tenant file for the initial rent, any time the landlord requests an increase in rent, and when required by HUD.

A utility allowance is calculated for each family based on NMHC’s schedule of average utility consumption by unit size for each of the family paid utilities.

The gross rent represents the ENTIRE housing cost. It is calculated by adding the rent to owner and the utility allowance for the unit. If all utilities are included in the rent, the rent to owner and the gross rent will be the same.
Example: Gross Rent Calculation
Rent to Owner $300
Plus Utility Allowance $125
Gross Rent $425

10.5.8 Calculating the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP)

The actual HAP payment cannot be calculated until the family has selected a unit and the gross rent for the unit is known.

The subsidy cannot exceed the maximum subsidy but may be less than the maximum subsidy if the gross rent for the unit is less than the payment standard amount.

The HAP is the lower of:
A. The payment standard for the family minus the TTP; or
B. The gross rent minus the TTP.

Example: HAP Payment Calculation
Payment Standard: $450
TTP: $210

If the payment standard is $450 and the gross rent of the selected unit is $425, using the TTP of $210 the HAP would be the lower of:

Payment Standard minus TTP ($450-$210) $240
Or Gross rent minus TTP ($425-$210) $215
HAP equals $215.

If the gross rent of the selected unit is $500, the HAP would be the lower of:

Payment Standard minus TTP ($450-$210) $240
Or Gross rent minus TTP ($500-$210) $290
HAP equals $240.

10.5.9 Family Share

The family share is the family's contribution toward the gross rent. The family share cannot be calculated until a unit is selected.
The family share will be the TTP or a higher amount, depending on the unit the family selects. For a family leasing a unit with a gross rent at or below the payment standard for the family, the family share will be the same as the TTP.

If a family leased a unit with a gross rent above the payment standard for the family, the family share will be the TTP plus the amount by which the gross rent exceeds the payment standard.

10.6 MAXIMUM SUBSIDY

The maximum subsidy payable by the PHA is the payment standard minus the TTP. The maximum subsidy calculation is done at the same time the family is issued a housing choice voucher. The actual subsidy can be calculated only after the family has selected a specific unit.

Example: Maximum Subsidy Calculation
Payment Standard: $450
Minus TTP: $210
Maximum Subsidy $240

In the preceding example, the family must pay $210 and may pay up to, but no more than, $240 towards rent and utilities.

10.7 MINIMUM RENT

The Public Housing Reform Act of 1998 makes permanent a minimum rent requirement between $0 and $50. NMHC charges a minimum rent of $25.00 per month, except in cases of financial hardship. A family whose TTP has been set at the minimum rent may receive a utility reimbursement.

10.7.1 Financial Hardship Exemption from Minimum Rent

NMHC shall grant an exemption from payment of minimum rent if the family is unable to pay the minimum rent because of financial hardship. Financial hardship includes these situations:

A. NMHC shall promptly determine whether a qualifying hardship exists and whether it is temporary or long term;

B. When the family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an eligibility determination for federal, state, or local assistance program, including a family that includes a member who is non-citizen lawfully admitted for permanent

---

38 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Minimum Rent.
residence under the Immigration and Nationality Act who would be entitled to public benefits but for Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Act of 1996;

C. When the family would be evicted because it is unable to pay minimum rent;

D. When the income of the family has decreased because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment; and

E. Other circumstances determined by NMHC or HUD.

10.7.2 Requesting a Hardship Exemption

A. If a family requests a financial hardship exemption, NMHC shall suspend rent requirement beginning on the month following the family’s request for a hardship exemption until NMHC determines whether there is a qualifying financial hardship, and whether such hardship is temporary or long term.

B. Promptly determine whether a qualifying hardship exists and whether it is temporary or long term.

C. If NMHC determines that a qualifying financial hardship is temporary, NMHC shall not impose the minimum rent during the ninety (90) day period beginning on the month following the date of the family’s request for a hardship exemption. At the end of the ninety (90) day suspension period, NMHC must reinstate the minimum rent from the beginning of the suspension. The family must be offered a reasonable repayment agreement, on terms and conditions established by NMHC, for the amount of back rent owned by the family.

D. If NMHC determines there is no qualifying financial hardship exemption, NMHC shall reinstate the minimum rent, including back rent owed from the beginning of the suspension. The family must pay the back rent on terms and conditions established by NMHC.

E. If NMHC determines that a qualifying hardship is long term, NMHC shall exempt the family from the minimum rent requirements so long as such hardship continues. Such exemption shall apply from the beginning of the month following the family’s request for a hardship exemption until the end of the qualifying financial hardship.

F. The financial hardship exemption shall only apply to payment of the minimum rent and not to the other elements used to calculate the total tenant payment (as determined pursuant to HUD regulation).

10.8 RENT ADJUSTMENTS

Rent adjustments to owners under the voucher program are allowed and are effective on the anniversary date of the HAP Contract (unless the unit fails the HQS inspection at the
time the request is made) one time per year or the first of the next month subsequent to
the owner’s request. Owners must request the rent adjustment in writing. If the request is
not received within 60 days prior to the anniversary date, NMHC shall not approve an
annual adjustment for that year.

10.8.1 Rent Increases

All rent increases must pass the rent reasonableness test and may not exceed the
Adjustment Factor as published annually by HUD (even if justified by rent
reasonableness) or NMHC’s payment standards.

10.8.2 Disapproval of Requests for Adjustment

If NMHC rejects the owner’s request for rent adjustment as exceeding rent
reasonableness and the owner rejects NMHC’s determination, the owner may offer
the tenant a new lease (after receiving NMHC’s approval with a sixty-day notice
to the tenant). If the tenant refuses or the owner does not offer a new lease, the
owner may terminate tenancy for a business or economic reason in accordance
with the lease after giving 60 days notice to NMHC and the family as required by
program regulations. NMHC will then issue a new voucher to the family.

10.9 UTILITY ALLOWANCES

NMHC shall maintain a utility allowance schedule that will be determined based on
bedroom sizes and unit types (i.e. single family dwellings, apartments with different
bedroom sizes, row-houses, etc.) that are common for the jurisdiction NMHC serves
pursuant to 24 CFR 982.517 (3).

NMHC shall review the utility allowance schedule annually and revise a utility category
when there is a change of 10% or more in the utility rate since the last utility allowance
schedule was set.

10.10 UTILITY REIMBURSEMENTS

The amount of the utility reimbursement is the amount by which the Housing Assistance
Payment exceeds the rent to owner. Where there is a utility reimbursement, NMHC pays
the full amount of the rent to the owner and sends the utility reimbursement payment
(URP) to the family or the utility company.
10.10.1 CUC Billing Receipt and Annual History Report

NMHC shall notify all tenants participating under the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) that the agency will be requiring each tenant to provide one (1) of the following:

A. For tenants receiving a URP check: Every HCVP participant must provide a copy of the family’s previous month’s billing receipt from the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation (CUC) on a monthly basis. Failure to provide NMHC with a copy of a previous month’s CUC billing receipt shall result in NMHC withholding a tenant’s URP check until the billing receipt is submitted.

B. For tenants not receiving a URP check: HCVP families must provide a copy of their recent annual history report for the last twelve (12) months from the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation on an annual basis. Failure to provide NMHC with a family’s CUC annual history may delay a family’s annual recertification process.

SECTION 11: PORTABILITY

11.1 GENERAL

An eligible family that has been issued a housing choice voucher may use that voucher to lease a unit anywhere in the United States where there is a housing agency operating a housing choice voucher program. This feature of the program is referred to as portability.

The Public Housing Agency (PHA) that issues the voucher to a portable family that wants to move to a different jurisdiction is referred to as the “initial” PHA. The PHA in the jurisdiction to which the family wishes to relocate is called the “receiving” PHA.

11.2 PORTABILITY PROCEDURES

11.2.1 Providing Family the Information About Portability

NMHC is required to inform families about portability. The oral presentation at each voucher briefing must include information about where a family may lease including information about portability. The briefing packet provided to families must include information about portability opportunities and procedures.

39 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-10G: Portability.
11.2.2 Determining Family Eligibility

A. Program Requirements for Families New to the Housing Choice Voucher Program - A family that has not yet leased a unit under the housing choice voucher program is eligible for portability if the head of household or spouse was a resident of the PHA’s jurisdiction at the time the application for assistance was submitted. A “resident,” for the purpose of determining eligibility for portability, is a person who has legal domicile in the jurisdiction.

A non-resident family may be required to initially lease a unit with its housing choice voucher in the issuing PHA’s jurisdiction. However, the initial PHA has the authority but not obligated to allow a new voucher holder that was not living in its jurisdiction at the time of application to exercise portability. The initial PHA may decide to allow portability for a family new to its jurisdiction in certain instances, such as when the move would respond to a special family need but not allow such moves in other instances. It is important for the PHA to document the reasons for discretionary decisions to avoid any perception of discrimination.

A regular admissions family exercising portability when it uses its voucher for the first time must be within the application income limits for the jurisdiction in which the family initially leases a unit. If the family is issued a voucher under a special admission, the income limits dictating eligibility for the special admission voucher are applicable for the jurisdiction in which the family initially leases a unit.

B. Program Requirements for Participant Families - A participant family electing to move to another jurisdiction with its voucher is eligible to do so but only when the family is able to move out of its current program unit under the terms of the family’s lease. A family is not eligible for portability if the family has moved out of its assisted unit in violation of the lease.

When a participant family chooses to move using portability, the initial PHA should review the family’s lease to determine the termination provisions and the length of notice required. The PHA should review a copy of the family’s written notice to the owner of its intention to vacate. If the owner has agreed to an early lease termination, the PHA may require a written statement from the owner.

Income limits do not affect the eligibility of a participant family exercising portability; however, the family’s TTP must be less than the payment.
standard at the receiving PHA for the family to lease within that PHA's jurisdiction.

11.2.3 Initial PHA’s Responsibilities

The initial PHA determines eligibility for the housing choice voucher program based on its admission policies. The family is expected to initiate the portability process by informing the initial PHA of its interest in moving to another jurisdiction (porting out).

After the family announces its interest in portability, the initial PHA must provide the family with information to help it contact the PHA in the jurisdiction where the family wishes to live. If this will be the family’s first lease under the housing choice voucher program, the initial PHA must also compare the family’s income to the applicable-income limit (typically the very low-income limit) for the community where the family wants to move and determine if the family will be able to lease up in that jurisdiction. Addresses and telephone numbers for PHAs around the country are available on HUD’s website: www.hud.gov. Income limits are available at www.huduser.org.

A. Family Portability Information Form - The initial PHA shall 1) contact the receiving PHA to alert that agency to expect the family; and 2) send the receiving PHA a completed form HUD 52665, Family Portability Information form. The portability information form has two parts: Part I is completed by the initial PHA and Part II by the receiving PHA. Copies of the family’s voucher, the current HUD 50058 and supporting income verifications must be attached to the portability form. The receiving PHA may request but not require additional information. The PHA may transmit these documents by facsimile machine. The PHA initiating the transmittal maintains copies of all documents.

B. Selecting the Receiving PHA - When there is more than one PHA administering a housing choice voucher program within the jurisdiction where the portable families wants to move, the initial PHA has the authority to select the receiving PHA.

C. Providing More Than the Required Information - When transmitting the form HUD-52665, although not required, it may be helpful to the family, the receiving PHA, and the initial PHA to provide USCIS verification of citizenship and information from a criminal background check to the receiving PHA. Providing this information will require disclosure to the family. Some states limit what information from a criminal background check may be shared.
D. Monitoring Families Searching Other Communities - It is helpful to know the number and status of families searching in other communities who may eventually lease up. Outgoing Portability is a processing log for tracking families searching elsewhere. The log can be maintained manually or electronically.

11.2.4 Receiving PHA Responsibilities

When the family arrives at the receiving PHA’s office, the receiving PHA issues the family a housing choice voucher to enable the family to search in its jurisdiction. The housing choice voucher the receiving PHA issues may not expire before the expiration date established by the initial PHA. For extensions to the housing choice voucher term and the processing of requests for tenancy approval, however, the receiving PHA’s policies must apply. In addition, the receiving PHA uses its own policies to determine the appropriate unit size for a family moving into its jurisdiction.

The receiving PHA shall inform the initial PHA immediately whether it will absorb or administer the family’s housing choice voucher assistance and if it approves an extension to voucher term or changes the unit size of the family’s voucher.

The receiving PHA’s payment standards are used when the portable family leases a unit. The family will need to be informed of the receiving PHA’s policies and payment standards before it begins its search.

A. Decision to Absorb or Administer - The receiving PHA has the option to administer the subsidy for the initial PHA or to absorb the portable family into its own housing choice voucher program.

If the receiving PHA decides to administer the initial PHA’s housing choice voucher assistance, the housing assistance for the portable family comes from the initial PHA’s housing choice voucher allocation. The receiving PHA bills the initial PHA for the full housing assistance payment for the family’s unit and for 80 percent of the ongoing administrative fee earned by the initial PHA for that unit.

If the receiving PHA decides to absorb the portable family, funds from the receiving PHA’s consolidated ACC pay for the family’s housing assistance. The initial PHA is free to reissue the voucher in cases where the receiving PHA has absorbed the family.
B. **The Family Search** - The family's search for housing in the receiving PHA's jurisdiction is governed by the receiving PHA's policies. The receiving PHA issues a housing choice voucher of the size based on its own subsidy standards. Procedures relating to submitting the request for tenancy approval, obtaining an inspection and leasing a unit are all in accord with the receiving PHA’s policies. The term of the housing choice voucher issued by the receiving PHA cannot expire before the date on the housing choice voucher issued by the initial PHA but may be later. The receiving PHA may also issue extensions based on its own policy and practices regardless of the initial PHA’s policies.

The receiving PHA may require the family to participate in a briefing and cooperate in a reexamination of income but may not unduly delay the family’s housing search. It would not be reasonable, for example, to require the family to wait for a monthly briefing that was not scheduled for another three weeks. The receiving PHA may delay leasing activities only to receive verification of information related to income eligibility.

C. **Annual and On-going Activities** - After a family lease is up in the receiving PHA’s jurisdiction, the receiving PHA is responsible for conducting all interim and annual reexaminations for the family and all HQS inspections of the family’s unit.

Under the billing arrangement, the initial PHA must be informed of all changes affecting the household subsidy. After each interim and annual reexamination, the receiving PHA must send the initial PHA a completed form HUD-52665 showing the new HAP amount and copies of the form HUD-50058 and related income verifications if the billing amount changes.

Either the initial PHA or the receiving PHA may determine that it is necessary to terminate the family’s assistance, and either PHA may issue a termination notice and conduct the informal hearing. If the initial PHA has initiated termination in an instance where there is a significant distance between the two jurisdictions, the PHA is encouraged to offer to conduct the informal hearing by telephone conference.

If the receiving PHA has absorbed the family, the family is no longer considered a portable family. The initial PHA is no longer involved with the family’s subsidy. There is no billing and no communication on other details of the family’s occupancy.
SECTION 12: MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE

12.1 PROCEDURES

12.1.1 Allowable Moves

A family may move to a new unit if:

A. The assisted lease for the old unit has terminated because NMHC has terminated the HAP contract for owner breach, or the lease was terminated by mutual agreement of the owner and the family; and

B. The owner has given the family a notice to vacate, or has commenced an action to evict the tenant, or has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the family (unless assistance to the family will be terminated).

12.1.2 Termination of Lease

Prior to terminating a lease with landlords, participants are required to inform and request NMHC in writing of their intention to terminate and the reasons behind the termination. Upon receiving approval from NMHC, the participants may begin informing their landlords (in writing) of their intent to terminate. NMHC shall provide a response within a reasonable time on whether it has approved or denied a participant’s request for a unit transfer.

12.1.3 Procedure for Moves: Notice Requirement

Briefing sessions emphasize the family’s responsibility to give the owner and NMHC proper written notice of any intent to move.

The family must give the owner at least thirty (30) days (not to exceed sixty (60) days) written notice of intent to vacate as specified in the lease and must give a copy to NMHC simultaneously.

12.2 LIMITATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

12.2.1 Restrictions on Moves

A. Families will not be permitted to move within NMHC’s jurisdiction during the initial year of assisted occupancy;

B. Families shall be permitted to move only once in a 12-month period following the first year of tenancy;
C. NMHC shall deny permission to move if there is insufficient funding for continued assistance. Furthermore, NMHC shall deny permission to move if:

1) The family has violated a family obligation;
2) The family owes NMHC money and/or the landlord money;
3) The family has moved or been issued a voucher twice within the last twelve (12) months.

12.2.2 Exceptions on Restrictions
A. The family has given proper notice of lease termination (if the family has a right to terminate the lease on notice to owner);
B. Relocation directed by NMHC;
C. Owner caused failed HQS, provided the tenant is in compliance with program regulations;
D. Verified hardship;
E. Family need for an accessible unit to accommodate a member’s disability;
F. Owner requested; or
G. Verified catastrophic disaster, i.e., floods.

If a family is eligible to move, has not violated the Family obligations or Lease Agreement, currently have active utility service in their name and does not owe NMHC money, the family will be offered a new voucher to search for another unit.

12.3 CLAIMS, MOVE-OUT AND CLOSE-OUT INSPECTIONS

12.3.1 Owner Claims

Under HAP Contracts, owners may make “special claims” for damages to the unit and for unpaid rent. The owner shall provide the tenant with these special claims and should the tenant fail to “cure” these claims, NMHC may terminate this tenant’s participation in the program.

12.3.2 Move-Out and Close-Out Inspections

The owner must notify NMHC of the move-out and request a close-out inspection within ten (10) days of learning of the move out in order to submit a damage claim against the tenant, unless the HAP contract was terminated due to owner breach.
12.4 CONTINUED ASSISTANCE FOR "MIXED FAMILIES"

Under the Non-Citizen Rule, "mixed families" are families that include at least one citizen or eligible immigrant and any number of ineligible members.

"Mixed families" shall continue receiving full assistance if they meet the following criteria:

A. The head of household or spouse is a U.S. citizen or has eligible immigration status; and

B. All members of the family other than the head of household, the spouse, parents of the head of household, parents of the spouse, and children of the head of household or spouse are citizens or eligible immigrants. The family may change the head of household to qualify under this provision.

If they do not qualify for continued assistance, the member(s) that cause the family to be ineligible for continued assistance may move, the family may choose prorated assistance, or NMHC may offer temporary deferral of termination.

12.5 FAMILY SEPARATIONS

If a family separates during the time it is receiving Section 8 assistance, NMHC will determine who retains the assistance as follows:

A. First consideration will be given to a family member forced to leave the household as a result of actual or threatened violence by a spouse or other family member.

B. Second consideration will be given to an adult family member with custody of minor children.

C. Third consideration will be given to an adult family member with custody of ill, elderly, or disabled members.

D. If none of the above applies, the adult member initially designated as head of household will retain the Section 8 assistance.

12.6 FAMILY ABSENCES FROM THE ASSISTED UNIT

12.6.1 Absences for More Than Thirty Days

An assisted family that finds it necessary to be absent from the unit for a period more than 30 consecutive days is required to notify the landlord and NMHC of

---

40 24 CFR § 982.315

41 24 CFR § 982.312
their absence, and the date by which they expect to return. If the unit will be occupied during the family's absence by a caretaker not ordinarily a part of the household, the tenant must secure the landlord's permission for the arrangement, and must notify NMHC. If NMHC finds the assisted unit unoccupied, or occupied by someone other than the designated head of household or other adult member of the family, it will assume that the family has vacated the unit and will terminate the HAP contract.

12.6.2 Termination of HAP Contract for Absences More Than 180 Days

Under no circumstances may the family be absent from the assisted unit for more than 180 consecutive days. If the family's absence exceeds 180 days, NMHC will terminate the HAP contract.

12.6.3 Issuance of New Vouchers if Notice Given

If family has given the notice required under 12.6.1, above, the family will be eligible to receive a new voucher within 180 days of the termination of the HAP contract if assistance is available under the voucher program. For purposes of determining eligibility, these families will be considered as having been continuously assisted under the 1937 Act, and the very low-income limitation will not apply.

12.6.4 Must Reapply if No Notice Given

If the required notice has not been given, or if more than 180 days have elapsed since the termination of the HAP contract, the family will not be eligible to resume assistance, and must reapply when applications are being accepted.

12.6.5 Loss of Head of Household/Sole Adult Family Member

If, at any time, the head of household or sole adult member dies or leaves the unit for any reason (institutionalized, incarceration, forming a new household elsewhere), NMHC will permit the remaining members of the family to continue to participate in the HCV program as long as:

A. There is at least one family member who is either an adult or emancipated minor capable of executing a lease;
B. The remaining family member(s) report the death or departure of who was listed on the lease for the unit;
C. There is still at least one family member who was listed on the lease for the unit.
The Corporate Director or his designee may determine if a family may remain following incarceration of the only adult family member.

SECTION 13: ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS/CERTIFICATIONS

13.1 GENERAL

NMHC is required to reexamine the income and composition of housing choice voucher families at least annually. The annual reexamination determines the continued eligibility of the family and establishes the housing assistance payment (HAP) to be made on behalf of the family. NMHC may require families to report interim changes in family income or family circumstances as well. A family’s failure to comply with NMHC’s reexamination requirements is grounds for terminating assistance. All reexaminations must be performed within a 12-month period.

13.2 PROCEDURES

Families are required to be recertified at least annually for continued eligibility and rent determination.

13.2.1 Recertification Notice to the Family

NMHC shall maintain a recertification tracking system and the household shall be notified by mail of the date and time for their interview at least 90 days in advance of the anniversary date.

All adult household members will be required to attend the recertification interview. If the head of household is unable to attend the interview, the appointment shall be rescheduled.

13.2.2 Reporting Interim Changes

NMHC requires program participants to report all changes in household composition to NMHC between annual recertification. This includes additions due to birth, adoption, and court-awarded custody. The family must obtain NMHC approval prior to all other additions to the household.

---

42 HCV Program Guidebook 7420-18G: Reexaminations.
13.2.3 Interim Recertification Policy

NMHC will conduct interim recertification when families have an increase ($200 or more) in income or change in family size.

Families are required to report all increases and decreases in income/assets of all the household members or increases/decreases in family size to NMHC within (10) days of the change. If a family fails to report a change in income/assets, NMHC may conduct an interim recertification upon obtaining evidence of said change in income/assets/family size. If the recertification results in an increase in rent, then said increase shall be charged retroactively to the date of the income/asset/family size change. Failure to report a change in income/asset/family size is grounds for termination of assistance.

13.2.4 NMHC Errors

If NMHC makes a calculation error at admission to the program or at an annual reexamination, an interim reexamination will be conducted to correct the error, but the family will not be charged retroactively.

13.2.5 Duty of Family to Disclose Receipt of Notification From HUD Concerning Family Income

If any member of a family receives notification from HUD as to their income, whether said notice to the amount, source, or other aspect of their income, then the family must notify NMHC of their receipt of the HUD notification within ten (10) days of their receipt of the said notification. Failure by the family to notify NMHC of said notification is grounds for termination of assistance.

Upon NMHC’s receipt of the family’s HUD notification, NMHC shall conduct an interim recertification of the family.

13.2.6 Notification of Results of Recertification

The HUD form 50058 will be completed and transmitted as required by HUD.

The Notice of Tenant Rent Change is mailed to the owner and the tenant following a recertification even if rent and lease remain the same. Signatures are not required by NMHC. If the family disagrees with the rent adjustment, the family must notify their caseworker to resolve this disagreement.
13.3 ADVERSE ACTIONS FOR MISSED REEXAMINATIONS

13.3.1 Failure to Respond to Notification to Recertify

If the family does not appear for the recertification interview, and has not rescheduled or made prior arrangements with NMHC, NMHC shall reschedule a second appointment. If the family fails to appear for the second appointment and has not rescheduled or made prior arrangements, the Section 8 specialist shall schedule a mandatory meeting. Failure to attend this mandatory meeting will result in the termination of assistance. NMHC has determined that since this is a mandatory family responsibility, families may not request for an informal hearing.

SECTION 14: INFORMAL REVIEWS AND HEARINGS

All grievances shall be heard in accordance with NMHC's Grievance Procedures. A copy of NMHC's Grievance Procedures shall be given to each family during their initial briefing. See Appendix A for Informal Review Procedures and Appendix B for Informal Hearing Procedures.

14.1 INFORMAL REVIEW

14.1.1 Informal Reviews for Applicants

NMHC will provide a copy of the informal review procedures in the family briefing packet. See Appendix A: Informal Review Procedures.

Informal Reviews are provided for applicants who are denied assistance before the effective date of the HAP contract. The exception is that when an applicant is denied assistance based on citizenship or eligible immigrant status, the applicant is entitled to an informal review.

When NMHC determines that an applicant is ineligible for the program, the family must be notified of their ineligibility in writing. The notice will contain the reason(s) they are ineligible, the procedure for requesting a review if the applicant does not agree with the decision and the time limit for requesting a review.

14.1.2 When Informal Review Required

NMHC shall provide applicants with the opportunity for an Informal Review of decisions denying:

A. Listing on NMHC's waiting list;
B. Issuance of a Voucher; or
C. Participation in the program.

14.1.3 Informal Review Not Required

Informal Reviews are not required for established policies and procedures and NMHC determinations such as:

A. Discretionary administrative determinations by NMHC;
B. General policy issues or class grievances;
C. A determination of the family unit size under NMHC's occupancy standards;
D. Refusal to extend or suspend a voucher;
E. Disapproval of lease;
F. Determination that a unit is not in compliance with HQS; or
G. Determination that a unit is not in accordance with HQS due to family size or composition.

14.2 INFORMAL HEARING

NMHC will provide a copy of the informal hearing procedures in the family briefing packet. See Appendix B: Informal Hearing Procedures.

When NMHC makes a decision regarding the eligibility and/or the amount of assistance, applicants and participants must be notified in writing. NMHC will give the family prompt notice of such determinations, which shall include:

A. The proposed action or decision of NMHC;
B. The date of the proposed action or decision will take place;
C. The explanation of the basis for NMHC's decision;
D. The procedures for requesting a formal hearing if the family disputes the action or decision;
E. The time limit for requesting the formal hearing; or
F. To whom the formal hearing request should be addressed.

14.2.1 When Informal Hearing Required

NMHC must provide participants with the opportunity for an Informal Hearing for decisions related to any of the following:

A. Determination of the family's annual or adjusted income and the computation of the housing assistance payment;
B. Determination to terminate assistance for any reason;
C. Determination to pay an owner claim for damages, unpaid rent or vacancy loss for Section 8 Multi-family project-based housing; or

D. Termination of the voucher holder in the event of the break-up of the family.

NMHC must always provide this opportunity before termination of assistance.

14.2.2 When an Informal Hearing is Not Required

The NMHC is not required to provide a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing for any of the following:

A. Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA;

B. General policy issues or class grievances;

C. Establishment of the NMHC schedule of utility allowances for families in the program;

D. An NMHC determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a voucher term;

E. An NMHC determination not to approve a unit or tenancy;

F. An NMHC determination that an assisted unit is not in compliance with HQS. (However, NMHC must provide the opportunity for an informal hearing for a decision to terminate assistance for a breach of the HQS caused by the family as described in § 982.551 (c).)

G. An NMHC determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of the family size.

H. A determination by NMHC to exercise or not to exercise any right or remedy against the owner under a HAP contract.

SECTION 15: THE HAP CONTRACT

15.1 GENERAL

The HAP contract is a written agreement between NMHC and the owner of a unit occupied by a housing choice voucher program participant. The HAP contract must be in the form prescribed by HUD. Under the HAP contract, NMHC agrees to make housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family leasing a specified unit. NMHC uses its payment standard schedule to calculate the monthly HAP payment to the owner.
15.2 OWNER APPROVALS

Prior to executing a HAP contract and processing housing assistance payments, NMHC must determine that the owner of the assisted unit is eligible to participate in the housing choice voucher program. The term “owner” may include any other interested party. See Section 9.8: Disapproval of Owner.

15.3 LANDLORD OBLIGATIONS

Owner responsibilities are defined in the HAP contract, lease, and HUD regulations. The owner is responsible for the following:

A. Performing all management and rental functions for the assisted unit, including selecting a voucher holder to lease the unit and deciding if the family is suitable for tenancy;
B. Complying with equal opportunity requirements;
C. Maintaining the unit in accordance with HQS, including performing ordinary and extraordinary maintenance;
D. Preparing and furnishing to NMHC information required under the HAP;
E. Collecting from the family any security deposit, the family rent to owner, and any charges for unit damage by the family;
F. Enforcing tenant obligations under the lease; and
G. Paying for utilities and services, unless paid for by the family under the lease.

15.4 ACTIONS TAKEN FOR HAP CONTRACT BREACHES

Any of the following actions by the owner, principal, or other interested party is a breach of the HAP contract and may be subject to a termination of the said contract:

A. Violation of any obligation under the HAP contract, including the requirement to maintain a unit according to HQS;
B. Violation of any obligation under any other housing choice voucher program or Section 8 project-based HAP contract;
C. Fraud, bribery, false statements, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the HAP contract or any federal housing program;
D. For projects with HUD-insured mortgages or HUD loans, failure to comply with applicable program regulations, the mortgage or mortgage note, or regulatory agreement or fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the mortgage or loan.
If NMHC determines that a breach or noncompliance of the contract has occurred, it may exercise any of its rights and remedies under the HAP contract. NMHC must notify the owner of its determination and provide in writing the reasons for the determination. The notice may require the owner to take corrective action by an established deadline. NMHC may recover any overpayment, suspend housing assistance payments, abate or reduce the housing payment, terminate the payment or terminate the HAP contract. NMHC may also obtain additional relief by judicial order or action, including specific performance, other injunctive relief, or order for damages.

NMHC shall provide the owner with written notice of any termination or reduction of housing assistance payments or the termination of the HAP contract.

SECTION 16: TERMINATING OR DENYING ASSISTANCE

16.1 GENERAL

If denial or termination is based upon behavior resulting from disability, NMHC will delay the denial or termination in order to determine if there is an accommodation which would negate the behavior resulting from the disability.

16.2 GROUNDS FOR TERMINATING OR DENYING ASSISTANCE

Form of denial of assistance for an applicant or terminating assistance for a participant may include any or all of the following:

A. Denial or withdrawing a voucher;
B. Refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve a lease;
C. Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures;
D. Eviction from housing assisted under the program for serious violation of lease;
E. Engaging in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity or other criminal activity that threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; and
F. Violation to any provision covered under 24 CFR Part 982.553 (b).

16.2.1 Mandatory Denial and Termination

NMHC must deny assistance to applicants and terminate assistance for participants:

A. If any member of the family refuses to sign and submit HUD or NMHC required consent forms for obtaining information;
B. If any member engages in the use, sale, distribution, or manufacturing of crystal methamphetamine;
C. If no member of the family is a U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant;
D. If the family is under contract and 180 days have elapsed since NMHC’s last housing assistance payment was made;
E. If any member of the household is a registrant of a State sex offender registration program.

16.2.2 Housing Authority Discretion

In deciding whether to deny or terminate assistance because of action or failure to act by members of the family, NMHC has discretion to consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, the length of time since the violation occurred and more recent record of compliance and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure to act.

NMHC may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. NMHC may permit the other members of the family to continue in the program.

16.3 FAMILY OBLIGATIONS UNDER RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

For the family to continue in the program:

A. The family must supply any information that NMHC or HUD determines is necessary in the administration of the program, including submission of required evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status (as provided under 24 CFR part 812). “Information” includes any requested certification, release, or other documentation.

B. The family must supply any information requested by NMHC or HUD for use in a regular scheduled reexamination or interim reexamination of family income and composition in accordance with HUD requirements.

C. The family must disclose and verify Social Security Numbers (as provided under 24 CFR part 750) and must submit consent forms for obtaining information in accordance with 24 CFR part 5, 760, 813, and other applicable HUD regulations.

D. All information supplied by the family must be true and complete.

E. The family is responsible for an HQS breach caused by the family as described in 982.404 (b).
F. The family must allow NMHC to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice.

G. The family may not commit any serious or repeated violation of the lease.

H. The family must notify the owner and, at the same time, notify NMHC before the family moves out of the unit or terminates the lease on notice to the owner.

I. The family must promptly give NMHC a copy of any owner eviction notice.

J. The family must use the assisted unit for residence by the family. The unit must be the family’s only residence.

K. The composition of the assisted family residing in the unit must be approved by NMHC. The family must promptly inform NMHC of the birth, adoption or court awarded custody of a child. The family must request NMHC approval to add any other family member as an occupant of the unit.

L. The family must promptly notify NMHC if any family member no longer resides in the unit.

M. If NMHC has given approval, a foster child or a live-in aide may reside in the unit. If the family does not request approval or NMHC approval is denied, the family may not allow a foster child or live-in aide to reside with the assisted family.

N. Members of the household may engage in legal profit-making activities in the unit, but only if such activities are incidental to the primary use of the unit as a residence by members of the family and only if the owner agrees.

O. The family must not sublease or let the unit.

P. The family must not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

Q. The family must supply any information or certification requested by NMHC to verify that the family is living in the unit, or relating to family absence from the unit, including any NMHC-requested information or certification on the purposes of family absences. The family must cooperate with NMHC for this purpose. The family must promptly notify NMHC of extended absence from the unit.

R. The family must not own or have any interest in the unit.

S. The members of the family must not commit fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal activity in or about the unit and/or premises.

T. The members of the family may not engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity.
16.4 ABSENCE FROM THE UNIT

The family may be temporarily absent from the unit for brief periods. For longer absences, the PHA administrative plan establishes the PHA policy on how long the family may be absent from the assisted unit. However, the family may not be absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days in any circumstance, or for the any reason. At its discretion, the PHA may allow absence for a lesser period in accordance with PHA policy. Housing assistance payments terminate if the family is absent for longer than the maximum period permitted. The term of the HAP contract and assisted lease also terminate. The family must promptly notify and obtain approval from NMHC if any family plans to be temporarily absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days.

16.5 DUPLICATION OF ASSISTANCE

An assisted family, or members of the family, may not receive Section 8 tenant-based assistance while receiving another housing subsidy, for the same unit or for a different unit, under any duplicative (as determined by HUD or in accordance with HUD requirements) federal, commonwealth, or local housing assistance program.

SECTION 17: SECTION 8 MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (SEMAP)

17.1 GENERAL

17.2 PURPOSE

The Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) is designed to assess whether the Section 8 tenant-based assistance programs operate to help eligible families afford decent rental units at the correct subsidy cost. SEMAP also establishes a system for HUD to measure PHA performance in key Section 8 program areas and to assign performance ratings. SEMAP provides procedures for HUD to identify PHA management capabilities and deficiencies in order to target monitoring and program assistance more effectively. PHAs can use the SEMAP performance analysis to assess and improve their own program operations.

17.3 APPLICABILITY

This rule applies to PHA administration of the tenant-based Section 8 rental voucher and rental certificate programs (24 CFR part 982), the project-based component (PBC) of the

43 24 CFR 981.312 (a), (b)
certificate program (24 CFR part 983) to the extent that PBC family and unit data are reported and measured under the stated HUD verification method, and enrollment levels and contributions to escrow accounts for Section 8 participants under the family self-sufficiency program (FSS) (24 CFR part 984).

17.4 SEMAP REGULATIONS (24 CFR PART 985)
§ 985.2 Definitions.
§ 985.3 Indicators, HUD verification methods and ratings.
§ 985.101 SEMAP certification.
§ 985.102 SEMAP profile.
§ 985.103 SEMAP score and overall performance rating.
§ 985.104 PHA right of appeal of overall rating.
§ 985.105 HUD SEMAP responsibilities.
§ 985.106 Required actions for SEMAP deficiencies,
§ 985.107 Required actions for PHA with troubled performance rating.
§ 985.108 SEMAP records.
§ 985.109 Default under the Annual Contributions Contract (ACC).

SECTION 18: TEMPORARY COMPLIANCE ASSISTANCE ADDENDUM DOCUMENT

18.1 INTRODUCTION

On January 22, 2013 HUD issued Notice PIH 2013-03. Effective until March 31, 2014, the notice acknowledges and addresses the budget and staff constraints that PHAs have to face in recent years. To address these burdens, the notice gives a series of four optional methods to reduce administrative burden, addressed below.

HUD posted Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) about the notice on March 1, 2013.

Before implementing any of the temporary policy options, the PHA must notify HUD by email. The email must state which of the 4 options will be implemented.

Copyright 2013 Nan McKay and Associates. Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.
Admin Plan 3/1/13
The PHA must revise its administrative plan before any of the temporary policies are implemented. This section, with Board approval, contains the PHA’s policies for implementation. The PHA must also evaluate whether adoption of any of the temporary policies would constitute a significant amendment to its annual plan, and must revise the annual plan if necessary.

18.2 PURPOSE

HUD PIH Notice 2013-03 establishes temporary guidelines for public housing agencies (PHAs) in fulfilling certain Public Housing (PH) and Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program requirements during a period of decreased resources available to PHAs. These guidelines are intended to facilitate the ability of PHAs to continue, without interruption and with minimal burden, the delivery of rental assistance to eligible families in their communities. The temporary provisions established by PIH Notice 2013-03 will be available to PHAs until March 31, 2014.

18.3 TEMPORARY PROVISIONS

18.3.1 Option to Use Participant’s Actual Past Income in Verifying Income

HUD requires that the use of actual past income must be based on income received during the most recent 12-month period shown in the EIV system. This same 12-month period must be used to determine annual income from the non-EIV income sources, such as TANF.

The option must be applied to all participant families. However, anticipated future income must be used to determine annual income:

A. For all applicant families;
B. At the family’s request; and
C. When the family’s declared income differs substantially from EIV data.

For past income shown in the family’s EIV report, no additional verification is required unless the family requests use of anticipated income, or there is a substantial difference between EIV data and family-declared income.

18.3.2 NMHC Policy

NMHC will implement Option 1 and will comply with all HUD requirements listed above.
Actual past income will be used to determine annual income for participant families. Anticipated future income will be used to determine annual income for applicant families.

NMHC will use anticipated future income to determine annual income at the family’s request.

For income sources shown in the EIV system, NMHC will compare the income declared by the family to the most recent 12 months of EIV data. If there is a substantial difference of $200 per month or more, NMHC will revert to using projected future income and will follow current verification procedures to establish annual income.

If the EIV data does not differ substantially from the family-declared income, no additional verification is required and annual income is based on the EIV data.

For income sources that are not available in EIV, NMHC will request tenant-provided documents generated by a third party as verification of income for the 12-month period. If such documents are not available, NMHC will request the information directly from a third party, using a standardized third-party form.

18.3.3 Self-Certification of Assets of $5,000 or Less

This option permits the PHA to temporarily accept family self-certification of assets when the total net value of the family’s assets does not exceed $5,000. The option reduces administrative burden by eliminating the time-consuming verification process for assets which have minimal impact on the family’s subsidy level.

The family’s self-certification on application and reexamination forms may be accepted when all adult family members sign the applicable form.

NMHC must continue to report all assets on Form HUD-50058, including assets of families with net assets which do not exceed $5,000.

If the family’s assets exceed $5,000 in net value, NMHC must verify the assets according to existing PHA policy.

18.3.4 NMHC Policy

NMHC will implement Option 2, and will comply with all HUD requirements.
For families whose assets do not exceed $5,000 in net value, NMHC will accept family self-certification of asset value and anticipated income.

NMHC may require additional verification if necessary to document that assets do not exceed $5,000 in net value.

18.3.5 Approval of Exception Payment Standard as Reasonable Accommodation

References: Notice PIH 2010-11; Notice PIH 2010-26

The PHA is required to approve an exception payment standard as a reasonable accommodation for a family that includes a person with disabilities, if the exception is necessary to make the program accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The exception may be necessary to permit the family to rent a unit with accessible features.

Current rules permit the PHA to approve an exception payment standard up to 110% of the applicable fair market rent (FMR). Field office approval is required for exceptions from 111% to 120% of FMR, and HUD headquarters approval is required for exceptions above 120%. HUD has noted that the requirement for field office approval has resulted in delays which may prevent a family from renting a unit.

This option temporarily eliminates the requirement for field office approval, and permits the PHA to approve exception payment standards of up to 120% of FMR in this situation. Exceptions above 120% of FMR still require approval from HUD headquarters.

Under this option, NMHC must maintain file documentation of rent reasonableness and documentation that the unit has features required to meet the needs of the person with disabilities.

18.3.6 NMHC Policy

NMHC will implement this option and will comply with all HUD requirements.

When a family that includes a person with disabilities requires an exception payment standard as a reasonable accommodation, NMHC will approve or deny for exceptions up to 120% of the applicable FMR.
Requests for exception payment standards over 120% of FMR will be forwarded to HUD headquarters, with supporting documentation as described in Notice PIH 2010-11.

NMHC will maintain file documentation as required by HUD, including documentation of rent reasonableness and documentation of unit features required by the disabled family member.

SECTION 19: PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM

19.1 INTRODUCTION

This section describes HUD regulations and NMHC policies related to the project-based voucher (PBV) program in nine subsections:

19.1.1 General Requirements

This part describes general provisions of the PBV program including maximum budget authority requirements, relocation requirements, and equal opportunity requirements.

19.1.2 PBV Owner Proposals

This part includes policies related to the submission and selection of owner proposals for PBV assistance. It describes the factors that NMHC will consider when selecting proposals, the type of housing that is eligible to receive PBV assistance, the cap on assistance at projects receiving PBV assistance, subsidy layering requirements, site selection standards, and environmental review requirements.

19.1.3 Dwelling Units

This part describes requirements related to housing quality standards, the type and frequency of inspections, and housing accessibility for persons with disabilities.

19.1.4 Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units

This part describes requirements and policies related to the development and completion of rehabilitated and newly constructed housing units that will be receiving PBV assistance.
19.1.5 Housing Assistance Payments Contract

This part discusses HAP contract requirements and policies including the execution, term, and termination of the HAP contract. In addition, it describes how the HAP contract may be amended and identifies provisions that may be added to the HAP contract at NMHC’s discretion.

19.1.6 Selection of PBV Program Participants

This part describes the requirements and policies governing how NMHC and the owner will select a family to receive PBV assistance.

19.1.7 Occupancy

This part discusses occupancy requirements related to the lease, and describes under what conditions families are allowed or required to move. In addition, exceptions to the occupancy cap (which limits PBV assistance to 25 percent of the units in any project) are also discussed.

19.1.8 Determining Rent to Owner

This part describes how the initial rent to owner is determined, and how rent will be re-determined throughout the life of the HAP contract. Rent reasonableness requirements are also discussed.

19.1.9 Payments to Owner

This part describes the types of payments owners may receive under this program.

19.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

19.2.1 Overview [24 CFR 983.5]

The project-based voucher (PBV) program allows PHAs that already administer a tenant-based voucher program under an annual contributions contract (ACC) with HUD to take up to 20 percent of its voucher program budget authority and attach the funding to specific units rather than using it for tenant-based assistance [24 CFR 983.6]. PHAs may only operate a PBV program if doing so is consistent with the PHA’s Annual Plan, and the goal of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities [42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)].
19.2.2 NMHC Policy

NMHC will operate a project-based voucher program using up to 20 percent of its budget authority for project-based assistance.

PBV assistance may be attached to existing housing or newly constructed or rehabilitated housing [24 CFR 983.52]. If PBV units are already selected for project-based assistance either under an agreement to enter into HAP Contract (Agreement) or a HAP contract, NMHC is not required to reduce the number of these units if the amount of budget authority is subsequently reduced. However, NMHC is responsible for determining the amount of budget authority that is available for project-based vouchers and ensuring that the amount of assistance that is attached to units is within the amounts available under the ACC [24 CFR 983.6].

19.2.3 Tenant-Based vs. Project-Based Voucher Assistance [24 CFR 983.2]

Much of the tenant-based voucher program regulations also apply to the PBV program. Consequently, many of the NMHC policies related to tenant-based assistance also apply to PBV assistance. The provisions of the tenant-based voucher regulations that do not apply to the PBV program are listed at 24 CFR 983.2.

19.2.4 NMHC Policy

Except as otherwise noted in this chapter, or unless specifically prohibited by PBV program regulations, NMHC policies for the tenant-based voucher program contained in this administrative plan also apply to the PBV program and its participants.

19.2.5 Relocation Requirements [24 CFR 983.7]

Any persons displaced as a result of implementation of the PBV program must be provided relocation assistance in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA)[42 U.S.C. 4201-4655] and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24.

The cost of required relocation assistance may be paid with funds provided by the owner, local public funds, or funds available from other sources. NMHC may not use voucher program funds to cover relocation costs, except that NMHC may use their administrative fee reserve to pay for relocation expenses after all other program administrative expenses are satisfied, and provided that payment of the relocation benefits is consistent with state and local law. Use of the administrative fee for these purposes must also be consistent with other legal and regulatory
requirements, including the requirement in 24 CFR 982.155 and other official HUD issuances.

The acquisition of real property for a PBV project is subject to the URA and 49 CFR part 24, subpart B. It is the responsibility of NMHC to ensure the owner complies with these requirements.

19.2.6 Equal Opportunity Requirements [24 CFR 983.8]

NMHC must comply with all equal opportunity requirements under federal law and regulations in its implementation of the PBV program. This includes the requirements and authorities cited at 24 CFR 5.105(a). In addition, NMHC must comply with the PHA Plan certification on civil rights and affirmatively furthering fair housing, submitted in accordance with 24 CFR 903.7(o).

19.3 PBV OWNER PROPOSALS

19.3.1 Overview

NMHC must describe the procedures for owner submission of PBV proposals and for NMHC selection of PBV proposals [24 CFR 983.51]. Before selecting a PBV proposal, NMHC must determine that the PBV proposal complies with HUD program regulations and requirements, including a determination that the property is eligible housing [24 CFR 983.53 and 983.54], complies with the cap on the number of PBV units per project [24 CFR 983.56, FR Notice 11/24/08], and meets the site selection standards [24 CFR 983.57].

19.3.2 Owner Proposal Selection Procedures [24 CFR 983.51]

NMHC must select PBV proposals in accordance with the selection procedures in the PHA administrative plan. NMHC must select PBV proposals by either of the following two methods:

A. **NMHC Request for PBV Proposals** - NMHC may solicit proposals by using a request for proposals to select proposals on a competitive basis in response to the NMHC request. NMHC may not limit proposals to a single site or impose restrictions that explicitly or practically preclude owner submission of proposals for PBV housing on different sites.

B. **NMHC May Select Proposal That Were Previously Selected Based On a Competition** - This may include selection of a proposal for housing assisted under a federal, state, or local government housing assistance program that was subject to a competition in accordance with the
requirements of the applicable program, community development program, or supportive services program that requires competitive selection of proposals (e.g., HOME, and units for which competitively awarded LIHTCs have been provided), where the proposal has been selected in accordance with such program's competitive selection requirements within three years of the PBV proposal selection date, and the earlier competitive selection proposal did not involve any consideration that the project would receive PBV assistance.

C. Solicitation and Selection of PBV Proposals [24 CFR 983.51(b) and (c)] - NMHC procedures for selecting PBV proposals must be designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice of the opportunity to offer PBV proposals for consideration by the NMHC. The public notice procedures may include publication of the public notice in a local newspaper of general circulation and other means designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice. The public notice of the NMHC request for PBV proposals must specify the submission deadline. Detailed application and selection information must be provided at the request of interested parties.

D. NMHC Request for Proposals for Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units - NMHC will advertise its request for proposals (RFP) for rehabilitated and newly constructed housing in the following newspapers and trade journals: The Saipan Tribune and/or Marianas Variety and other local media likely to reach prospective owners.

In addition, NMHC will post the RFP and proposal submission and rating and ranking procedures on its electronic web site. NMHC will publish its advertisement in the newspapers and trade journals mentioned above for at least one day per week for three consecutive weeks. The advertisement will specify the number of units NMHC estimates that it will be able to assist under the funding NMHC is making available. Proposals will be due in the NMHC office by close of business 30 calendar days from the date of the last publication.

In order for the proposal to be considered, the owner must submit the proposal to NMHC by the published deadline date, and the proposal must respond to all requirements as outlined in the RFP. Incomplete proposals will not be reviewed.

NMHC will rate and rank proposals for rehabilitated and newly constructed housing using the following criteria:
1) Owner experience and capability to build or rehabilitate housing as identified in the RFP;

2) Extent to which the project furthers NMHC'S goal of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities;

3) If applicable, the extent to which services for special populations are provided on site or in the immediate area for occupants of the property;

4) Projects with less than 25 percent of the units assisted will be rated higher than projects with 25 percent of the units assisted. In the case of projects for occupancy by the elderly, persons with disabilities or families needing other services, NMHC will rate partially assisted projects on the percent of units assisted. Projects with the lowest percent of assisted units will receive the highest score; and

5) Experience as an owner in the tenant-based voucher program and owner compliance with the owner’s obligations under the tenant-based program.

E. NMHC Requests for Proposals for Existing Housing Units

NMHC will advertise its request for proposals (RFP) for existing housing in the following newspapers and trade journals:

The Saipan Tribune, Marianas Variety, and other local media most likely to reach prospective owners.

In addition, NMHC will post the notice inviting such proposal submission and the rating and ranking procedures on its electronic web site. NMHC will periodically publish its advertisement in the newspapers and trade journals mentioned above for at least one day per week for three consecutive weeks. The advertisement will specify the number of units NMHC estimates that it will be able to assist under the funding the NMHC is making available. Owner proposals will be accepted on a first-come first­served basis and will be evaluated using the following criteria:

1) Experience as an owner in the tenant-based voucher program and owner compliance with the owner’s obligations under the tenant-based program;

2) Extent to which the project furthers the NMHC goal of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities;

3) If applicable, extent to which services for special populations are provided on site or in the immediate area for occupants of the property; and
4) Extent to which units are occupied by families that are eligible to participate in the PBV program.

F. PHA Selection of Proposals Subject to a Previous Competition Under a Federal, State, or Local Housing Assistance Program - NMHC will accept proposals for PBV assistance from owners that were competitively selected under another federal, state or local housing assistance program, including projects that were competitively awarded Low-Income Housing Tax Credits on an ongoing basis.

NMHC may periodically advertise that it is accepting proposals, in the following newspapers and trade journals:

The Saipan Tribune, Marianas Variety, and other local media most likely to reach prospective owners.

In addition to, or in place of advertising, NMHC may also directly contact specific owners that have already been selected for Federal, state, or local housing assistance based on a previously held competition, to inform them of available PBV assistance.

Proposals will be reviewed on a first-come first-served basis. NMHC will evaluate each proposal on its merits using the following factors:

1) Extent to which the project furthers NMHC's goal of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities; and

2) Extent to which the proposal complements other local activities such as the redevelopment of a public housing site under the HOPE VI program, the HOME program, CDBG activities, other development activities in a HUD-designated Enterprise Zone, Economic Community, or Renewal Community.

G. NMHC owned Units [24 CFR 983.51(e) and 983.59] – An NMHC owned unit may be assisted under the PBV program only if the HUD field office or HUD-approved independent entity reviews the selection process and determines that the NMHC-owned units were appropriately selected based on the selection procedures specified in the NMHC administrative plan. If NMHC selects a proposal for housing that is owned or controlled by NMHC, NMHC must identify the entity that will review the PHA proposal selection process and perform specific functions with respect to rent determinations and inspections.
In the case of NMHC-owned units, the initial contract rent must be approved by an independent entity based on an appraisal by a licensed, state-certified appraiser. In addition, housing quality standards inspections must be conducted by an independent entity.

The independent entity that performs these program services may be the unit of general local government for the PHA jurisdiction (unless the PHA is itself the unit of general local government or an agency of such government) or another HUD-approved public or private independent entity.

NMHC may submit a proposal for project-based housing that is owned or controlled by NMHC. If the proposal for NMHC-owned housing is selected, NMHC will use an independent contractor to review the NMHC selection and to administer the PBV program. NMHC will obtain HUD approval of an independent contractor prior to selecting the proposal for NMHC-owned housing.

NMHC may only compensate the independent entity and appraiser from NMHC ongoing administrative fee income (including amounts credited to the administrative fee reserve). NMHC may not use other program receipts to compensate the independent entity and appraiser for their services. NMHC, the independent entity, and appraiser may not charge the family any fee for the appraisal or the services provided by the independent entity.

H. NMHC Notice of Owner Selection [24 CFR 983.51(d)] - NMHC must give prompt written notice to the party that submitted a selected proposal and must also give prompt public notice of such selection. Public notice procedures may include publication of public notice in a local newspaper of general circulation and other means designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice.

I. NMHC Policy - Within 10 business days of NMHC making the selection, NMHC will notify the selected owner in writing of the owner's selection for the PBV program. NMHC will also notify in writing all owners that submitted proposals that were not selected and advise such owners of the name of the selected owner.

In addition, NMHC will publish its notice for selection of PBV proposals for two consecutive days in the same newspapers and trade journals NMHC used to solicit the proposals. The announcement will include the name of the owner that was selected for the PBV program. NMHC will also post the notice of owner selection on its electronic web site.
NMHC will make available to any interested party its rating and ranking sheets and documents that identify NMHC basis for selecting the proposal. These documents will be available for review by the public and other interested parties for one month after publication of the notice of owner selection. NMHC will not make available sensitive owner information that is privileged, such as financial statements and similar information about the owner.

NMHC will make these documents available for review at NMHC during normal business hours.

19.3.3 Housing Type [24 CFR 983.52]

NMHC may attach PBV assistance for units in existing housing or for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing developed under and in accordance with an agreement to enter into a housing assistance payments contract that was executed prior to the start of construction. A housing unit is considered an existing unit for purposes of the PBV program, if, at the time of notice of NMHC selection, the units substantially comply with HQS. Units for which new construction or rehabilitation was started in accordance with PBV program requirements do not qualify as existing housing.

NMHC must decide what housing type, new construction, rehabilitation, or existing housing, will be used to develop project-based housing. The NMHC choice of housing type must be reflected in its solicitation for proposals.

19.3.4 Prohibition of Assistance for Certain Units

A. Ineligible Housing Types [24 CFR 983.53] - NMHC may not attach or pay PBV assistance to shared housing units; units on the grounds of a penal reformatory, medical, mental, or similar public or private institution; nursing homes or facilities providing continuous psychiatric, medical, nursing services, board and care, or intermediate care (except that assistance may be provided in assisted living facilities); units that are owned or controlled by an educational institution or its affiliate and are designated for occupancy by students; manufactured homes; and transitional housing. In addition, NMHC may not attach or pay PBV assistance for a unit occupied by an owner and NMHC may not select or enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP contract or HAP contract for a unit occupied by a family ineligible for participation in the PBV program.

B. Subsidized Housing [24 CFR 983.54] - NMHC may not attach or pay PBV assistance to units in any of the following types of subsidized housing:
1) A public housing unit;
2) A unit subsidized with any other form of Section 8 assistance;
3) A unit subsidized with any governmental rent subsidy;
4) A unit subsidized with any governmental subsidy that covers all or any part of the operating costs of the housing;
5) A unit subsidized with Section 236 rental assistance payments (except that NMHC may attach assistance to a unit subsidized with Section 236 interest reduction payments);
6) A Section 202 project for non-elderly with disabilities;
7) Section 811 project based supportive housing for persons with disabilities;
8) Section 202 supportive housing for the elderly;
9) A Section 101 rent supplement project;
10) A unit subsidized with any form of tenant-based rental assistance;
11) A unit with any other duplicative federal, state, or local housing subsidy, as determined by HUD or NMHC in accordance with HUD requirements.

19.3.5 Subsidy Layering Requirements [24 CFR 983.55, FR Notice 11/24/08, and FR Notice 7/9/10]

NMHC may provide PBV assistance only in accordance with HUD subsidy layering regulations [24 CFR 4.13] and other requirements.

The subsidy layering review is intended to prevent excessive public assistance by combining (layering) housing assistance payment subsidy under the PBV program with other governmental housing assistance from federal, state, or local agencies, including assistance such as tax concessions or tax credits.

NMHC must submit the necessary documentation to HUD for a subsidy layering review. Except in cases of HAP contracts for existing structures, or if such reviews have been conducted by the applicable state and local agencies (defined by HUD as qualified housing credit agencies, or HCAs), NMHC may not enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP contract or a HAP contract until HUD, or an independent entity approved by HUD, has conducted any required subsidy layering review and determined that the PBV assistance is in accordance with HUD subsidy layering requirements. However, in order to satisfy applicable
requirements, HCAs must conduct subsidy layering reviews in compliance with the guidelines set forth in the Federal Register notice published July 9, 2010.

The HAP contract must contain the owner's certification that the project has not received and will not receive (before or during the term of the HAP contract) any public assistance for acquisition, development, or operation of the housing other than assistance disclosed in the subsidy layering review in accordance with HUD requirements.

19.3.6 Cap on Number of PBV Units in Each Project

A. **25 Percent per Project Cap [24 CFR 983.56(a), FR Notice 11/24/08]** - In general, NMHC may not select a proposal to provide PBV assistance for units in a project or enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP or a HAP contract to provide PBV assistance for units in a project, if the total number of dwelling units in the project that will receive PBV assistance during the term of the PBV HAP contract is more than 25 percent of the number of dwelling units (assisted or unassisted) in the project.

B. **Exceptions to 25 Percent per Project Cap [24 CFR 983.56(b), FR Notice 11/24/08]** - Exceptions are allowed and PBV units are not counted against the 25 percent per project cap if:

1) The units are in a single-family building (one to four units);

2) The units are *excepted units* in a multifamily building because they are specifically made available for elderly or disabled families or families receiving supportive services (also known as *qualifying families*).

NMHC must include in the NMHC administrative plan the type of services offered to families for a project to qualify for the exception and the extent to which such services will be provided. It is not necessary that the services be provided at or by the project, if they are approved services. To qualify, a family must have at least one member receiving at least one qualifying supportive service. A NMHC may not require participation in medical or disability-related services other than drug and alcohol treatment in the case of current abusers as a condition of living in an excepted unit, although such services may be offered.

If a family at the time of initial tenancy is receiving, and while the resident of an excepted unit has received, FSS supportive services or any other supportive services as defined in the NMHC administrative plan, and successfully completes the FSS contract of participation or the supportive
services requirement, the unit continues to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in the unit.

NMHC must monitor the excepted family's continued receipt of supportive services and take appropriate action regarding those families that fail without good cause to complete their supportive services requirement. The NMHC administrative plan must state the form and frequency of such monitoring.

C. NMHC Policy - NMHC will provide PBV assistance for excepted units. NMHC will not require families living in excepted units to receive supportive services. Therefore, excepted units will be limited to units in single-family buildings and those made available for elderly or disabled families.

D. Promoting Partially-Assisted Buildings [24 CFR 983.56(c)] - NMHC may establish local requirements designed to promote PBV assistance in partially assisted buildings. A partially assisted building is a building in which there are fewer units covered by a HAP contract than residential units [24 CFR 983.3]. NMHC may establish a per-building cap on the number of units that will receive PBV assistance or other project-based assistance in a multifamily building containing excepted units or in a single-family building. NMHC may also determine not to provide PBV assistance for excepted units, or NMHC may establish a per-building cap of less than 25 percent.

E. NMHC Policy - The PHA will provide assistance for excepted units. Beyond that, NMHC will not impose any further cap on the number of PBV units assisted per building.

19.3.7 Site Selection Standards

A. Compliance with PBV Goals, Civil Rights Requirements, and HQS Site Standards [24 CFR 983.57(b)] - NMHC may not select a proposal for existing, newly constructed, or rehabilitated PBV housing on a site or enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP contract or HAP contract for units on the site, unless NMHC has determined that PBV assistance for housing at the selected site is consistent with the goal of de-concentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities. The standard for de-concentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities must be consistent with the PHA Plan under 24 CFR 903 and the NMHC administrative plan.
In addition, prior to selecting a proposal, NMHC must determine that the site is suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable Civil Rights Laws, regulations, and Executive Orders, and that the site meets the HQS site and neighborhood standards at 24 CFR 982.401(l).

B. **NMHC Policy** - It is NMHC’s goal to select sites for PBV housing that provide for de-concentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities. In complying with this goal NMHC will limit approval of sites for PBV housing in census tracts that have poverty concentrations of 20 percent or less.

However, NMHC will grant exceptions to the 20 percent standard where NMHC determines that the PBV assistance will complement other local redevelopment activities designed to de-concentrate poverty and expand housing and economic opportunities in census tracts with poverty concentrations greater than 20 percent, such as sites in:

1) A census tract in which the proposed PBV development will be located in a HUD-designated Enterprise Zone, Economic Community, or Renewal Community;

2) A census tract where the concentration of assisted units will be or has decreased as a result of public housing demolition and HOPE VI redevelopment;

3) A census tract in which the proposed PBV development will be located is undergoing significant revitalization as a result of state, local, or federal dollars invested in the area;

4) A census tract where new market rate units are being developed where such market rate units will positively impact the poverty rate in the area;

5) A census tract where there has been an overall decline in the poverty rate within the past five years; or

6) A census tract where there are meaningful opportunities for educational and economic advancement.

C. **Existing and Rehabilitated Housing Site and Neighborhood Standards [24 CFR 983.57(d)]** - NMHC may not enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP contract nor enter into a HAP contract for existing or rehabilitated housing until it has determined that the site complies with the HUD required site and neighborhood standards. The site must:

1) Be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed;
2) Have adequate utilities and streets available to service the site;

3) Promote a greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons;

4) Be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services and other municipal facilities and services equivalent to those found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted similar units; and

5) Be located so that travel time and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment is not excessive.

D. **New Construction Site and Neighborhood Standards** [24 CFR 983.57(e)] - In order to be selected for PBV assistance, a site for newly constructed housing must meet the following HUD required site and neighborhood standards:

1) The site must be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed;

2) The site must have adequate utilities and streets available to service the site;

3) The site must not be located in an area of minority concentration unless NMHC determines that sufficient, comparable opportunities exist for housing for minority families in the income range to be served by the proposed project outside areas of minority concentration or that the project is necessary to meet overriding housing needs that cannot be met in that housing market area;

4) The site must not be located in a racially mixed area if the project will cause a significant increase in the proportion of minority to non-minority residents in the area;

5) The site must promote a greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons;

6) The neighborhood must not be one that is seriously detrimental to family life or in which substandard dwellings or other undesirable conditions predominate;
7) The housing must be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services and other municipal facilities and services equivalent to those found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted similar units; and

8) Except for housing designed for elderly persons, the housing must be located so that travel time and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment is not excessive.

19.3.8 Environmental Review [24 CFR 983.58]

NMHC activities under the PBV program are subject to HUD environmental regulations in 24 CFR parts 50 and 58. The responsible entity is responsible for performing the federal environmental review under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.). NMHC may not enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP contract nor enter into a HAP contract until it has complied with the environmental review requirements.

In the case of existing housing, the responsible entity that is responsible for the environmental review under 24 CFR part 58 must determine whether or not PBV assistance is categorically excluded from review under the National Environmental Policy Act and whether or not the assistance is subject to review under the laws and authorities listed in 24 CFR 58.5.

NMHC may not enter into an agreement to enter into a HAP contract or a HAP contract with an owner, and NMHC, the owner, and its contractors may not acquire, rehabilitate, convert, lease, repair, dispose of, demolish, or construct real property or commit or expend program or local funds for PBV activities under this part, until the environmental review is completed.

NMHC must supply all available, relevant information necessary for the responsible entity to perform any required environmental review for any site. NMHC must require the owner to carry out mitigating measures required by the responsible entity (or HUD, if applicable) as a result of the environmental review.
19.4 DWELLING UNITS

19.4.1 Overview

This part identifies the special housing quality standards that apply to the PBV program, housing accessibility for persons with disabilities, and special procedures for conducting housing quality standards inspections.

19.4.2 Housing Quality Standards [24 CFR 983.101]

The housing quality standards (HQS) for the tenant-based program, including those for special housing types, generally apply to the PBV program. HQS requirements for shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option do not apply because these housing types are not assisted under the PBV program.

The physical condition standards at 24 CFR 5.703 do not apply to the PBV program.


19.4.3 Housing Accessibility for Persons With Disabilities

The housing must comply with program accessibility requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8. The PHA must ensure that the percentage of accessible dwelling units complies with the requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), as implemented by HUD's regulations at 24 CFR 8, subpart C.

Housing first occupied after March 13, 1991, must comply with design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205, as applicable. (24 CFR 983.102)

19.4.4 Inspecting Units

NMHC must conduct the following inspections:
A. **Pre-selection Inspection [24 CFR 983.103(a)]** - NMHC must examine the proposed site before the proposal selection date. If the units to be assisted already exist, NMHC must inspect all the units before the proposal selection date, and must determine whether the units substantially comply with HQS. To qualify as existing housing, units must substantially comply with HQS on the proposal selection date. However, NMHC may not execute the HAP contract until the units fully comply with HQS.

B. **Pre-HAP Contract Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(b)]** - NMHC must inspect each contract unit before execution of the HAP contract. NMHC may not enter into a HAP contract covering a unit until the unit fully complies with HQS.

C. **Turnover Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(c)]** - Before providing assistance to a new family in a contract unit, NMHC must inspect the unit. NMHC may not provide assistance on behalf of the family until the unit fully complies with HQS.

D. **Annual Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(d)]** - At least annually during the term of the HAP contract, NMHC must inspect a random sample, consisting of at least 20 percent of the contract units in each building to determine if the contract units and the premises are maintained in accordance with HQS. Turnover inspections are not counted toward meeting this annual inspection requirement.

If more than 20 percent of the annual sample of inspected contract units in a building fails the initial inspection, NMHC must re-inspect 100 percent of the contract units in the building.

E. **Other Inspections [24 CFR 983.103(e)]** - NMHC must inspect contract units whenever needed to determine that the contract units comply with HQS and that the owner is providing maintenance, utilities, and other services in accordance with the HAP contract. NMHC must take into account complaints and any other information coming to its attention in scheduling inspections.

NMHC must conduct follow-up inspections needed to determine if the owner (or, if applicable, the family) has corrected an HQS violation, and must conduct inspections to determine the basis for exercise of contractual and other remedies for owner or family violation of HQS.
In conducting NMHC supervisory quality control HQS inspections, NMHC should include a representative sample of both tenant-based and project-based units.

F. **Inspecting NMHC-owned Units [24 CFR 983.103(f)]** - In the case of NMHC-owned units, the inspections must be performed by an independent agency designated by NMHC and approved by HUD. The independent entity must furnish a copy of each inspection report to NMHC and to the HUD field office where the project is located. NMHC must take all necessary actions in response to inspection reports from the independent agency, including exercise of contractual remedies for violation of the HAP contract by the PHA-owner.

19.5 **REHABILITATED AND NEWLY CONSTRUCTED UNITS**

19.5.1 **Overview [24 CFR 983.151]**

There are specific requirements that apply to PBV assistance for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing that do not apply to PBV assistance in existing housing. This part describes the requirements unique to this type of assistance.

Housing selected for this type of assistance may not at a later date be selected for PBV assistance as existing housing.

19.5.2 **Agreement to Enter Into HAP Contract**

In order to offer PBV assistance in rehabilitated or newly constructed units, the PHA must enter into an agreement to enter into HAP contract (Agreement) with the owner of the property. The Agreement must be in the form required by HUD [24 CFR 983.152(a)].

In the Agreement the owner agrees to develop the PBV contract units to comply with HQS, and the PHA agrees that upon timely completion of such development in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, the PHA will enter into a HAP contract with the owner for the contract units [24 CFR 983.152(b)].

At a minimum, the Agreement must describe the following features of the housing to be developed and assisted under the PBV program [24 CFR 983.152(c)]:

A. Site and the location of the contract units;
B. Number of contract units by area (size) and number of bedrooms and bathrooms;

C. Services, maintenance, or equipment to be supplied by the owner without charges in addition to the rent;

D. Utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by the owner and utility services to be paid by the tenant;

E. An indication of whether or not the design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Act and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 apply to units under the Agreement. If applicable, any required work item resulting from these requirements must be included in the description of work to be performed under the Agreement;

F. Estimated initial rents to owner for the contract units;

G. Description of the work to be performed under the Agreement. For rehabilitated units, the description must include the rehabilitation work write up and, where determined necessary by NMHC, specifications and plans. For new construction units, the description must include the working drawings and specifications.

H. Any additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design over and above HQS.

I. Any additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design over and above HQS

A. Execution of the Agreement [24 CFR 983.153, FR Notice 11/24/08] - The Agreement must be executed promptly after NMHC notice of proposal selection to the selected owner. Generally, NMHC may not enter into the Agreement with the owner until the subsidy layering review is completed. Likewise, NMHC may not enter into the Agreement until the environmental review is completed and NMHC has received environmental approval. However, NMHC does not need to conduct a subsidy layering review in the case of a HAP contract for an existing structure or if the applicable state or local agency has conducted such a review. Similarly, environmental reviews are not required for existing structures unless otherwise required by law or regulation.

B. NMHC Policy - NMHC will enter into the Agreement with the owner within 10 business days of receiving both environmental approval
and notice that subsidy layering requirements have been met, and before construction or rehabilitation work are started.

19.5.3 Conduct of Development Work

A. **Labor Standards [24 CFR 983.154(b)]** - If an Agreement covers the development of nine or more contract units (whether or not completed in stages), the owner and the owner's contractors and subcontractors must pay Davis-Bacon wages to laborers and mechanics employed in the development of housing. The HUD-prescribed form of the Agreement will include the labor standards clauses required by HUD, such as those involving Davis-Bacon wage rates.

The owner, contractors, and subcontractors must also comply with the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR part 5, and other applicable federal labor relations laws and regulations. NMHC must monitor compliance with labor standards.

B. **Equal Opportunity [24 CFR 983.154(c)]** - The owner must comply with Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 and the implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 135. The owner must also comply with federal equal employment opportunity requirements.

C. **Owner Disclosure [24 CFR 983.154(d) and (e)]** - The Agreement and HAP contract must include a certification by the owner that the owner and other project principals are not on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from federal procurement and non-procurement programs.

The owner must also disclose any possible conflict of interest that would be a violation of the Agreement, the HAP contract, or HUD regulations.

19.5.4 Completion of Housing

The Agreement must specify the deadlines for completion of the housing, and the owner must develop and complete the housing in accordance with these deadlines. The Agreement must also specify the deadline for submission by the owner of the required evidence of completion.

A. **Evidence of Completion [24 CFR 983.155(b)]** - At a minimum, the owner must submit the following evidence of completion to NMHC in the form and manner required by NMHC:
1) Owner certification that the work has been completed in accordance with HQS and all requirements of the Agreement; and

2) Owner certification that the owner has complied with labor standards and equal opportunity requirements in development of the housing.

At the NMHC’s discretion, the Agreement may specify additional documentation that must be submitted by the owner as evidence of housing completion.

B. NMHC Policy - NMHC will determine the need for the owner to submit additional documentation as evidence of housing completion on a case-by-case basis depending on the nature of the PBV project. NMHC will specify any additional documentation requirements in the Agreement to enter into HAP contract.

C. NMHC Acceptance of Completed Units [24 CFR 983.156] - Upon notice from the owner that the housing is completed, NMHC must inspect to determine if the housing has been completed in accordance with the Agreement, including compliance with HQS and any additional requirements imposed under the Agreement. NMHC must also determine if the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion.

If the work has not been completed in accordance with the Agreement, the PHA must not enter into the HAP contract.

If NMHC determines the work has been completed in accordance with the Agreement and that the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion, NMHC must submit the HAP contract for execution by the owner and must then execute the HAP contract.

19.6 HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT (HAP)

19.6.1 Overview

NMHC must enter into a HAP contract with an owner for units that are receiving PBV assistance. The purpose of the HAP contract is to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families. Housing assistance is paid for contract units leased and occupied by eligible families during the HAP contract term. The HAP contract must be in the form required by HUD [24 CFR 983.202].
19.6.2 HAP Contract Requirements

The HAP contract must specify the following information [24 CFR 983.203, FR Notice 11/24/08]:

A. The total number of contract units by number of bedrooms;

B. The project’s name, street address, city or county, state and zip code, block and lot number (if known), and any other information necessary to clearly identify the site and the building;

C. The number of contract units in each building, the location of each contract unit, the area of each contract unit, and the number of bedrooms and bathrooms in each contract unit;

D. Services, maintenance, and equipment to be supplied by the owner and included in the rent to owner;

E. Utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by the owner (included in rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant;

F. Features provided to comply with program accessibility requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8;

G. The HAP contract term;

H. The number of units in any project that will exceed the 25 percent per project cap, which will be set-aside for occupancy by qualifying families; and

I. The initial rent to owner for the first 12 months of the HAP contract term.

A. Execution of the HAP Contract [24 CFR 983.204] - NMHC may not enter into a HAP contract until each contract unit has been inspected and the PHA has determined that the unit complies with the Housing Quality Standards (HQS). For existing housing, the HAP contract must be executed promptly after the PHA selects the owner proposal and inspects the housing units. For newly constructed or rehabilitated housing the HAP contract must be executed after the PHA has inspected the completed units and has determined that the units have been completed in accordance with the agreement to enter into HAP, and the owner furnishes all required evidence of completion.
B. NMHC Policy - For existing housing, the HAP contract will be executed within 10 business days of NMHC determining that all units pass HQS.

For rehabilitated or newly constructed housing, the HAP contract will be executed within 10 business days of NMHC determining that the units have been completed in accordance with the agreement to enter into HAP, all units meet HQS, and the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion.

C. Term of HAP Contract [FR Notice 11/24/08] - NMHC may enter into a HAP contract with an owner for an initial term of no less than one year and no more than 15 years.

D. NMHC Policy - The term of all PBV HAP contracts will be negotiated with the owner on a case-by-case basis.

E. Contract Extensions - At any time before expiration of the HAP contract, NMHC may extend the term of the contract for an additional term of up to 15 years if NMHC determines an extension is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families or to expand housing opportunities. Subsequent extensions are subject to the same limitations. All extensions must be on the form and subject to the conditions prescribed by HUD at the time of the extension.

F. NMHC Policy - When determining whether or not to extend an expiring PBV contract, NMHC will consider several factors including, but not limited to:

1) The cost of extending the contract and the amount of available budget authority;

2) The condition of the contract units;

3) The owner’s record of compliance with obligations under the HAP contract and lease(s);

4) Whether the location of the units continues to support the goals of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing opportunities; and

5) Whether the funding could be used more appropriately for tenant-based assistance.

G. Termination by NMHC [24 CFR 983.205(c)] - The HAP contract must provide that the term of NMHC’s contractual commitment is subject to the availability of sufficient appropriated funding as determined by HUD.
or by NMHC in accordance with HUD instructions. For these purposes, sufficient funding means the availability of appropriations, and of funding under the ACC from such appropriations, to make full payment of housing assistance payments payable to the owner for any contract year in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract.

If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue housing assistance payments for all contract units and for the full term of the HAP contract, NMHC may terminate the HAP contract by notice to the owner. The termination must be implemented in accordance with HUD instructions.

H. Termination by Owner [24 CFR 983.205(d), FR Notice 11/24/08] - If in accordance with program requirements the amount of rent to an owner for any contract unit is reduced below the amount of the rent to owner at the beginning of the HAP contract term, the owner may terminate the HAP contract by giving notice to NMHC. In this case, families living in the contract units must be offered tenant-based assistance.

At their discretion NMHC may specify in the HAP contract that the maximum rent on a unit will not be less than the initial rent.

I. Remedies for HQS Violations [24 CFR 983.207(b)] - NMHC may not make any HAP payment to the owner for a contract unit during any period in which the unit does not comply with HQS. If NMHC determines that a contract does not comply with HQS, NMHC may exercise any of its remedies under the HAP contract, for any or all of the contract units. Available remedies include termination of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of housing assistance payments, reduction of contract units, and termination of the HAP contract.

J. NMHC Policy - NMHC will abate and terminate PBV HAP contracts for non-compliance with HQS in accordance with the policies used in the tenant-based voucher program. These policies are contained in Section 8-II.G., Enforcing Owner Compliance.

19.6.3 Amendments to the HAP Contract

A. Substitution of Contract Units [24 CFR 983.206(a)] - At NMHC's discretion and subject to all PBV requirements, the HAP contract may be amended to substitute a different unit with the same number of bedrooms in the same building for a previously covered contract unit. Before any such
substitution can take place, NMHC must inspect the proposed unit and
determine the reasonable rent for the unit.

B. **Addition of Contract Units [24 CFR 983.206(b)]** - At NMHC's
discretion and subject to the restrictions on the number of dwelling units
that can receive PBV assistance per building and on the overall size of the
NMHC's PBV program, a HAP contract may be amended during the three-year
period following the execution date of the HAP contract to add
additional PBV units in the same building. This type of amendment is
subject to all PBV program requirements except that a new PBV proposal is
not required.

C. **NMHC Policy** - NMHC will consider adding contract units to the
HAP contract when the NMHC determines that additional housing is
needed to serve eligible low-income families. Circumstances may include,
but are not limited to:

1) The local housing inventory is reduced due to a disaster (either due to
loss of housing units, or an influx of displaced families); and

2) Voucher holders are having difficulty finding units that meet program
requirements.

19.6.4 **HAP Contract Year, Anniversary and Expiration Dates**
[24 CFR 983.206(c) and 983.302(e)]

The HAP contract year is the period of 12 calendar months preceding each annual
anniversary of the HAP contract during the HAP contract term. The initial contract
year is calculated from the first day of the first calendar month of the HAP
contract term.

The annual anniversary of the HAP contract is the first day of the first calendar
month after the end of the preceding contract year.

There is a single annual anniversary and expiration date for all units under a
particular HAP contract, even in cases where contract units are placed under the
HAP contract in stages (on different dates) or units are added by amendment. The
anniversary and expiration dates for all units coincide with the dates for the
contract units that were originally placed under contract.

19.6.5 **Owner Responsibilities Under the HAP [24 CFR 983.209]**

When the owner executes the HAP contract s/he certifies that at such execution
and at all times during the term of the HAP contract:
A. All contract units are in good condition and the owner is maintaining the premises and contract units in accordance with HQS;

B. The owner is providing all services, maintenance, equipment and utilities as agreed to under the HAP contract and the leases;

C. Each contract unit for which the owner is receiving HAP, is leased to an eligible family referred by NMHC, and the lease is in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements;

D. To the best of the owner's knowledge the family resides in the contract unit for which the owner is receiving HAP, and the unit is the family's only residence;

E. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the spouse, parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of a family residing in a contract unit;

F. The amount of the HAP the owner is receiving is correct under the HAP contract;

G. The rent for contract units does not exceed rents charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units;

H. Except for HAP and tenant rent, the owner has not received and will not receive any other payment or consideration for rental of the contract unit; and

I. The family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit.

19.6.6 Additional HAP Requirements

A. Housing Quality and Design Requirements [24 CFR 983.101(e) and 983.207(a)] - The owner is required to maintain and operate the contract units and premises in accordance with HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance. The owner must provide all the services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities specified in the HAP contract with NMHC and in the lease with each assisted family. In addition, maintenance, replacement and redecoration must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building as established by the owner.

NMHC may elect to establish additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design of PBV housing. Any such additional requirements must be specified in the Agreement to enter into a HAP contract and the
These requirements must be in addition to, not in place of, compliance with HQS.

B. NMHC Policy - NMHC will identify the need for any special features on a case-by-case basis depending on the intended occupancy of the PBV project. NMHC will specify any special design standards or additional requirements in the invitation for PBV proposals, the agreement to enter into HAP contract, and the HAP contract.

C. Vacancy Payments [24 CFR 983.352(b)] - At the discretion of NMHC, the HAP contract may provide for vacancy payments to the owner for a NMHC-determined period of vacancy extending from the beginning of the first calendar month after the move-out month for a period not exceeding two full months following the move-out month. The amount of the vacancy payment will be determined by NMHC and cannot exceed the monthly rent to owner under the assisted lease, minus any portion of the rental payment received by the owner (including amounts available from the tenant’s security deposit).

D. NMHC Policy - NMHC will decide on a case-by-case basis if NMHC will provide vacancy payments to the owner. The HAP contract with the owner will contain any such agreement, including the amount of the vacancy payment and the period for which the owner will qualify for these payments.

19.7 SELECTION OF PBV PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

19.7.1 Overview

Many of the provisions of the tenant-based voucher regulations [24 CFR 982] also apply to the PBV program. This includes requirements related to determining eligibility and selecting applicants from the waiting list. Even with these similarities, there are requirements that are unique to the PBV program. This part describes the requirements and policies related to eligibility and admission to the PBV program.

19.7.2 Eligibility for PBV Assistance [24 CFR 983.251(a) and (b)]

NMHC may select families for the PBV program from those who are participants in NMHC’s tenant-based voucher program and from those who have applied for admission to the voucher program. For voucher participants, eligibility was determined at original admission to the voucher program and does not need to be
re-determined at the commencement of PBV assistance. For all others, eligibility for admission must be determined at the commencement of PBV assistance.

Applicants for PBV assistance must meet the same eligibility requirements as applicants for the tenant-based voucher program. Applicants must qualify as a family as defined by HUD and NMHC, have income at or below HUD-specified income limits, and qualify on the basis of citizenship or the eligible immigration status of family members [24 CFR 982.201(a) and 24 CFR 983.2(a)]. In addition, an applicant family must provide social security information for family members [24 CFR 5.216 and 5.218] and consent to NMHC's collection and use of family information regarding income, expenses, and family composition [24 CFR 5.230]. An applicant family must also meet HUD requirements related to current or past criminal activity.

A. In-Place Families [24 CFR 983.251(b)] - An eligible family residing in a proposed PBV contract unit on the date the proposal is selected by NMHC is considered an “in-place family.” These families are afforded protection from displacement under the PBV rule. If a unit to be placed under contract (either an existing unit or a unit requiring rehabilitation) is occupied by an eligible family on the date the proposal is selected, the in-place family must be placed on NMHC's waiting list. Once the family's continued eligibility is determined (NMHC may deny assistance to an in-place family for the grounds specified in 24 CFR 982.552 and 982.553), the family must be given an absolute selection preference and NMHC must refer these families to the project owner for an appropriately sized PBV unit in the project. Admission of eligible in-place families is not subject to income targeting requirements.

This regulatory protection from displacement does not apply to families that are not eligible to participate in the program on the proposal selection date.

19.7.3. Organization of the Waiting List [24 CFR 983.251(c)]

NMHC may establish a separate waiting list for PBV units or it may use the same waiting list for both tenant-based and PBV assistance. NMHC may also merge the PBV waiting list with a waiting list for other assisted housing programs offered by the PHA. If NMHC chooses to offer a separate waiting list for PBV assistance, NMHC must offer to place applicants who are listed on the tenant-based waiting list on the waiting list for PBV assistance.

If NMHC decides to establish a separate PBV waiting list, NMHC may use a single waiting list for NMHC's whole PBV program, or it may establish separate
waiting lists for PBV units in particular projects or buildings or for sets of such units.

NMHC will establish and manage separate waiting lists for individual projects or buildings that are receiving PBV assistance.

19.7.4 Selection From the Waiting List [24 CFR 983.251(c)]

Applicants who will occupy units with PBV assistance must be selected from the PHA’s waiting list. NMHC may establish selection criteria or preferences for occupancy of particular PBV units. NMHC may place families referred by the PBV owner on its PBV waiting list.

A. Income Targeting [24 CFR 983.251(c)(6)] - At least 75 percent of the families admitted to NMHC’s tenant-based and project-based voucher programs during NMHC’s fiscal year from the waiting list must be extremely-low income families. The income targeting requirement applies to the total of admissions to both programs.

B. Units with Accessibility Features [24 CFR 983.251(c)(7)] - When selecting families to occupy PBV units that have special accessibility features for persons with disabilities, NMHC must first refer families who require such features to the owner.

C. Preferences [24 CFR 983.251(d), FR Notice 11/24/08] - NMHC may use the same selection preferences that are used for the tenant-based voucher program, establish selection criteria or preferences for the PBV program as a whole, or for occupancy of particular PBV developments or units. NMHC must provide an absolute selection preference for eligible in-place families as described in Section 19.7.2, above.

Although NMHC is prohibited from granting preferences to persons with a specific disability, NMHC may give preference to disabled families who need services offered at a particular project or site if the preference is limited to families (including individuals):

1) With disabilities that significantly interfere with their ability to obtain and maintain themselves in housing;

2) Who, without appropriate supportive services, will not be able to obtain or maintain themselves in housing; and

3) For whom such services cannot be provided in a non-segregated setting.
In advertising such a project, the owner may advertise the project as offering services for a particular type of disability; however, the project must be open to all otherwise eligible disabled persons who may benefit from services provided in the project. In these projects, disabled residents may not be required to accept the particular services offered as a condition of occupancy.

If NMHC has projects with more than 25 percent of the units receiving project-based assistance because those projects include "excepted units" (units specifically made available for elderly or disabled families, or families receiving supportive services), the PHA must give preference to such families when referring families to these units [24 CFR 983.261(b)].

D. NMHC Policy - NMHC will provide a selection preference when required by the regulation (e.g., eligible in-place families, qualifying families for "excepted units," mobility impaired persons for accessible units). NMHC will not offer any additional preferences for the PBV program or for particular PBV projects or units.

19.7.5 Offer of PBV Assistance

A. Refusal of Offer [24 CFR 983.251(e)(3)] - NMHC is prohibited from taking any of the following actions against a family who has applied for, received, or refused an offer of PBV assistance:

1) Refuse to list the applicant on the waiting list for tenant-based voucher assistance;

2) Deny any admission preference for which the applicant qualifies;

3) Change the applicant's place on the waiting list based on preference, date, and time of application, or other factors affecting selection under NMHC's selection policy;

4) Remove the applicant from the tenant-based voucher waiting list.

B. Disapproval by Landlord [24 CFR 983.251(e)(2)] - If a PBV owner rejects a family for admission to the owner's units, such rejection may not affect the family's position on the tenant-based voucher waiting list.

C. Acceptance of Offer [24 CFR 983.252] - NMHC responsibilities are as follows:
1) **Family Briefing** - When a family accepts an offer for PBV assistance, NMHC must give the family an oral briefing. The briefing must include information on how the program works and the responsibilities of the family and owner. In addition to the oral briefing, NMHC must provide a briefing packet that explains how NMHC determines the total tenant payment for a family, the family obligations under the program, and applicable fair housing information.

2) **Persons with Disabilities** - If an applicant family's head or spouse is disabled, NMHC must assure effective communication, in accordance with 24 CFR 8.6, in conducting the oral briefing and in providing the written information packet. This may include making alternative formats available. In addition, NMHC must have a mechanism for referring a family that includes a member with a mobility impairment to an appropriate accessible PBV unit.

3) **Persons with Limited English Proficiency** - NMHC should take reasonable steps to assure meaningful access by persons with limited English proficiency in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 13166.

**19.7.6 Owner Selection of Tenants**

The owner is responsible for developing written tenant selection procedures that are consistent with the purpose of improving housing opportunities for very low-income families and reasonably related to program eligibility and an applicant's ability to fulfill their obligations under the lease. An owner must promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for any rejection [24 CFR 983.253(b)].

A. **Leasing [24 CFR 983.253(a)]** - During the term of the HAP contract, the owner must lease contract units to eligible families that are selected and referred by NMHC from NMHC's waiting list. The contract unit leased to the family must be the appropriate size unit for the size of the family, based on NMHC's subsidy standards.

B. **Filling Vacancies [24 CFR 983.254(a)]** - The owner must promptly notify NMHC of any vacancy or expected vacancy in a contract unit. After receiving such notice, NMHC must make every reasonable effort to promptly refer a sufficient number of families for the owner to fill such vacancies. NMHC and the owner must make reasonable efforts to minimize the likelihood and length of any vacancy.
C. **NMHC Policy** - The owner must notify NMHC in writing (mail, fax, or e-mail) within 5 business days of learning about any vacancy or expected vacancy.

NMHC will make every reasonable effort to refer families to the owner within 10 business days of receiving such notice from the owner.

D. **Reduction in HAP Contract Units Due to Vacancies [24 CFR 983.254(b)]** - If any contract units have been vacant for 120 or more days since owner notice of the vacancy, NMHC may give notice to the owner amending the HAP contract to reduce the number of contract units by subtracting the number of contract units (according to the bedroom size) that have been vacant for this period.

E. **NMHC Policy** - If any contract units have been vacant for 120 days, NMHC will give notice to the owner that the HAP contract will be amended to reduce the number of contract units that have been vacant for this period. NMHC will provide the notice to the owner within 10 business days of the 120th day of the vacancy. The amendment to the HAP contract will be effective the 1st day of the month following the date of NMHC’s notice.

19.7.7 **Tenant Screening [24 CFR 983.255]**

A. **NMHC Responsibility** - The following are NMHC’s responsibilities with respect to tenant screening:

1) NMHC is not responsible or liable to the owner or any other person for the family’s behavior or suitability for tenancy. However, NMHC may opt to screen applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy and may deny applicants based on such screening.

2) NMHC will not conduct screening to determine a PBV applicant family’s suitability for tenancy.

3) NMHC must provide the owner with an applicant family’s current and prior address (as shown in NMHC records) and the name and address (if known by NMHC) of the family’s current landlord and any prior landlords.

4) In addition, NMHC may offer the owner other information NMHC may have about a family, including information about the tenancy history of
family members or about drug trafficking and criminal activity by
family members.

5) NMHC must provide applicant families a description of the NMHC
policy on providing information to owners, and NMHC must give the
same types of information to all owners.

6) NMHC will inform owners of their responsibility to screen
prospective tenants, and will provide owners with the required known
name and address information, at the time of the turnover HQS
inspection or before. NMHC will not provide any additional
information to the owner, such as tenancy history, criminal history, etc.

B. Owner Responsibility - The owner is responsible for screening and
selection of the family to occupy the owner’s unit. When screening families
the owner may consider a family’s background with respect to the
following factors:

1) Payment of rent and utility bills;

2) Caring for a unit and premises;

3) Respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of
their housing;

4) Drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to
the health, safety, or property of others; and

5) Compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy.

19.8 OCCUPANCY

19.8.1 Overview

After an applicant has been selected from the waiting list, determined eligible by
NMHC, referred to an owner and determined suitable by the owner, the family
will sign the lease and occupancy of the unit will begin.

19.8.2 Lease [24 CFR 983.256]

The tenant must have legal capacity to enter a lease under state and local law.
Legal capacity means that the tenant is bound by the terms of the lease and may
enforce the terms of the lease against the owner.
A. **Form of Lease [24 CFR 983.256(b)]** - The tenant and the owner must enter into a written lease agreement that is signed by both parties. If an owner uses a standard lease form for rental units to unassisted tenants in the locality or premises, the same lease must be used for assisted tenants, except that the lease must include a HUD-required tenancy addendum. The tenancy addendum must include, word-for-word, all provisions required by HUD.

If the owner does not use a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the owner may use another form of lease, such as an NMHC model lease.

NMHC may review the owner's lease form to determine if the lease complies with state and local law. If NMHC determines that the lease does not comply with state or local law, NMHC may decline to approve the tenancy.

B. **NMHC Policy** - NMHC will not review the owner's lease for compliance with state or local law.

C. **Lease Requirements [24 CFR 983.256(c)]** - The lease for a PBV unit must specify all of the following information:

1) The names of the owner and the tenant;

2) The unit rented (address, apartment number, if any, and any other information needed to identify the leased contract unit);

3) The term of the lease (initial term and any provision for renewal);

4) The amount of the tenant rent to owner, which is subject to change during the term of the lease in accordance with HUD requirements;

5) A specification of the services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities that will be provided by the owner; and

6) The amount of any charges for food, furniture, or supportive services.

D. **Tenancy Addendum [24 CFR 983.256(d)]** - The tenancy addendum in the lease must state:

1) The program tenancy requirements;
2) The composition of the household as approved by NMHC (the names of family members and any NMHC-approved live-in aide);

3) All provisions in the HUD-required tenancy addendum must be included in the lease. The terms of the tenancy addendum prevail over other provisions of the lease.

E. Initial Term and Lease Renewal [24 CFR 983.256(f) and 983.257(b)] - The initial lease term must be for at least one year. Upon expiration of the lease, an owner may renew the lease, refuse to renew the lease for "good cause," or refuse to renew the lease without good cause. If the owner refuses to renew the lease without good cause, NMHC must provide the family with a tenant-based voucher and remove the unit from the PBV HAP contract.

F. Changes in the Lease [24 CFR 983.256(e)] - If the tenant and owner agree to any change in the lease, the change must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give NMHC a copy of all changes.

The owner must notify the PHA in advance of any proposed change in the lease regarding the allocation of tenant and owner responsibilities for utilities. Such changes may only be made if approved by the PHA and in accordance with the terms of the lease relating to its amendment. The PHA must re-determine reasonable rent, in accordance with program requirements, based on any change in the allocation of the responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant.

The re-determined reasonable rent will be used in calculation of the rent to owner from the effective date of the change.

G. Owner Termination of Tenancy [24 CFR 983.257] - With two exceptions, the owner of a PBV unit may terminate tenancy for the same reasons an owner may in the tenant-based voucher program (see 24 CFR 982.310). These are:

1) In the PBV program, terminating tenancy for "good cause" does not include doing so for a business or economic reason, or a desire to use the unit for personal or family use or other non-residential purpose.

2) Non-Compliance with Supportive Services Requirement [24 CFR 983.257(c), FR Notice 11/24/08] - If a family is living in a project-based unit that is excepted from the 25 percent per project cap on project-basing because of participation in a supportive services program
(e.g., Family Self-Sufficiency), and the family fails to complete its supportive services requirement without good cause, such failure is grounds for lease termination by the owner.

H. Tenant Absence from the Unit [24 CFR 983.256(g) and 982.312(a)] - The owner may specify in the lease a maximum period of tenant absence from the unit that is shorter than the maximum period permitted by NMHC policy. According to program requirements, the family's assistance must be terminated if they are absent from the unit for more than 180 consecutive days.

I. Security Deposits [24 CFR 983.258] - The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. NMHC may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants.

J. NMHC Policy - NMHC will allow the owner to collect a security deposit amount the owner determines is appropriate.

When the tenant moves out of a contract unit, the owner, subject to state and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent, damages to the unit, or other amounts owed by the tenant under the lease.

The owner must give the tenant a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the tenant.

If the security deposit does not cover the amount owed by the tenant under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the tenant. NMHC has no liability or responsibility for payment of any amount owed by the family to the owner.

19.8.3 Relocating a Family

A. Overcrowded, Under-Occupied, and Accessible Units [24 CFR 983.259] - If NMHC determines that a family is occupying a wrong size unit, based on NMHC's subsidy standards, or a unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that does require the features, NMHC must promptly notify the family and
the owner of this determination, and NMHC must offer the family the opportunity to receive continued housing assistance in another unit.

B. **NMHC Policy** - NMHC will notify the family and the owner of the family’s need to move based on the occupancy of a wrong-size or accessible unit within 10 business days of NMHC’s determination. NMHC will offer the family the following types of continued assistance in the following order, based on the availability of assistance:

1) PBV assistance in the same building or project;
2) PBV assistance in another project; and
3) Tenant-based voucher assistance.

If NMHC offers the family a tenant-based voucher, NMHC must terminate the housing assistance payments for a wrong-sized or accessible unit at expiration of the term of the family’s voucher (including any extension granted by NMHC).

If NMHC offers the family another form of assistance that is not a tenant-based voucher, and the family does not accept the offer, does not move out of the PBV unit within a reasonable time as determined by NMHC, or both, NMHC must terminate the housing assistance payments for the unit at the expiration of a reasonable period as determined by NMHC.

When NMHC offers a family another form of assistance that is not a tenant-based voucher, the family will be given 30 days from the date of the offer to accept the offer and move out of the PBV unit. If the family does not move out within this 30-day time frame, NMHC will terminate the housing assistance payments at the expiration of this 30-day period.

NMHC may make exceptions to this 30-day period if needed for reasons beyond the family’s control such as death, serious illness, or other medical emergency of a family member.

C. **Family Right to Move [24 CFR 983.260]** - The family may terminate the lease at any time after the first year of occupancy. The family must give advance written notice to the owner in accordance with the lease and provide a copy of such notice to NMHC. If the family wishes to move with continued tenant-based assistance, the family must contact NMHC to request the rental assistance prior to providing notice to terminate the lease.

If the family terminates the lease in accordance with these requirements, NMHC is required to offer the family the opportunity for continued tenant-
based assistance, in the form of a voucher or other comparable tenant-based rental assistance. If voucher or other comparable tenant-based assistance is not immediately available upon termination of the family's lease in the PBV unit, NMHC must give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for continued tenant-based assistance.

If the family terminates the assisted lease before the end of the first year, the family relinquishes the opportunity for continued tenant-based assistance.

19.8.4 Exceptions to the Occupancy Cap [24 CFR 983.261, FR Notice 11/24/08]

NMHC may not pay housing assistance under a PBV HAP contract for more than 25 percent of the number of dwelling units in a project unless the units are [24 CFR 983.56]:

A. In a single-family building;

B. Specifically made available for elderly or disabled families; or

C. Specifically made available for families receiving supportive services as defined by NMHC. At least one member must be receiving at least one qualifying supportive service.

If a family at the time of initial tenancy is receiving and while the resident of an excepted unit has received Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) supportive services or any other service as defined as defined by NMHC and successfully completes the FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement, the unit continues to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in the unit.

A family (or remaining members of a family) residing in an excepted unit that no longer meets the criteria for a "qualifying family" in connection with the 25 percent per project cap exception (e.g., the family does not successfully complete supportive services requirements, or due to a change in family composition the family is no longer elderly or disabled), must vacate the unit within a reasonable period of time established by NMHC, and NMHC must cease paying housing assistance payments on behalf of the non-qualifying family.

If the family fails to vacate the unit within the established time, the unit must be removed from the HAP contract unless the project is partially assisted, and it is possible for the HAP contract to be amended to substitute a different unit in the building in accordance with program requirements; or the owner terminates the
lease and evicts the family. The housing assistance payments for a family residing in an excepted unit that is not in compliance with its family obligations to comply with supportive services requirements must be terminated by NMHC.

NMHC will provide PBV assistance for excepted units.

19.9 DETERMINING RENT TO OWNER

19.9.1 Overview

The amount of the initial rent to an owner of units receiving PBV assistance is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term. Although for rehabilitated or newly constructed housing, the agreement to enter into HAP Contract (Agreement) states the estimated amount of the initial rent to owner, the actual amount of the initial rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

During the term of the HAP contract, the rent to owner is re-determined at the owner’s request in accordance with program requirements, and at such time that there is a five percent or greater decrease in the published FMR.

19.9.2 Rent Limits [24 CFR 983.301]

Except for certain tax credit units (discussed below), the rent to owner must not exceed the lowest of the following amounts:

A. An amount determined by NMHC, not to exceed 110 percent of the applicable fair market rent (or any HUD-approved exception payment standard) for the unit bedroom size minus any utility allowance;

B. The reasonable rent; or

C. The rent requested by the owner.

D. For certain tax credit units [24 CFR 983.301(c), FR Notice 11/24/08], the rent limits are determined differently than for other PBV units. These different limits apply to contract units that meet all of the following criteria:

1) The contract unit receives a low-income housing tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

2) The contract unit is not located in a qualified census tract;
3) There are comparable tax credit units of the same bedroom size as the contract unit in the same building, and the comparable tax credit units do not have any form of rental assistance other than the tax credit; and

4) The tax credit rent exceeds an NMHC-determined amount (not to exceed 110 percent of the fair market rent or any approved exception payment standard);

   For contract units that meet all of these criteria, the rent to owner must not exceed the lowest of:

   (a) The tax credit rent minus any utility allowance;
   
   (b) The reasonable rent; or
   
   (c) The rent requested by the owner.

   However, NMHC IS permitted to use the higher Section 8 rent for a tax credit unit if the tax credit rent is less than the amount that would be permitted under Section 8. In these cases, Section 8 rent reasonableness requirements must continue to be met.

E. Definitions:

1) A qualified census tract is any census tract (or equivalent geographic area defined by the Bureau of the Census) in which at least 50 percent of households have an income of less than 60 percent of Area Median Gross Income (AMGI), or where the poverty rate is at least 25 percent and where the census tract is designated as a qualified census tract by HUD.

2) Tax credit rent is the rent charged for comparable units of the same bedroom size in the building that also receive the low-income housing tax credit but do not have any additional rental assistance (e.g., tenant-based voucher assistance).

F. When determining the initial rent to owner, NMHC must use the most recently published FMR [24 CFR 983.301(f)] in effect and the utility allowance schedule in effect at execution of the HAP contract. When re-determining the rent to owner, NMHC must use the most recently published FMR and the utility allowance schedule in effect at the time of redetermination. At its discretion, NMHC may for initial rent use the amounts in effect at any time during the 30-day period immediately before the beginning date of the HAP contract, or for
redeterminations of rent, the 30-day period immediately before the redetermination date. Any HUD-approved exception payment standard amount under the tenant-based voucher program also applies to the project-based voucher program. HUD will not approve a different exception payment standard amount for use in the PBV program. Likewise, NMHC may not establish or apply different utility allowance amounts for the PBV program. The same utility allowance schedule applies to both the tenant-based and project-based voucher programs.

G. NMHC must re-determine the rent to owner upon the owner's request or when there is a five percent or greater decrease in the published FMR [24 CFR 983.302, FR Notice 11/24/08].

1) Rent Increase - If an owner wishes to request an increase in the rent to owner from NMHC, it must be requested at the annual anniversary of the HAP contract (see Section 19.5.D.). The request must be in writing and in the form and manner required by NMHC. NMHC may only make rent increases in accordance with the rent limits described previously. There are no provisions in the PBV program for special adjustments (e.g., adjustments that reflect increases in the actual and necessary expenses of owning and maintaining the units which have resulted from substantial general increases in real property taxes, utility rates, or similar costs).

2) NMHC Policy- An owner's request for a rent increase must be submitted to NMHC 60 days prior to the anniversary date of the HAP contract, and must include the new rent amount the owner is proposing. NMHC may not approve and the owner may not receive any increase of rent to owner until and unless the owner has complied with requirements of the HAP contract, including compliance with HQS. The owner may not receive any retroactive increase of rent for any period of noncompliance.

3) Rent Decrease - If there is a decrease in the rent to owner, as established in accordance with program requirements such as a change in the FMR or exception payment standard, or reasonable rent amount, the rent to owner must be decreased regardless of whether the owner requested a rent adjustment. However, NMHC may stipulate in the HAP contract that the maximum rent on a unit will not be less than the initial rent.

4) Notice of Rent Change - The rent to owner is re-determined by written notice by the PHA to the owner specifying the amount of the re-determined rent. The PHA notice of rent adjustment constitutes an amendment of the rent to owner specified in the HAP contract. The adjusted amount of rent to owner applies for the period of 12 calendar months from the annual anniversary of the HAP contract.
5) NMHC will provide the owner with at least 30 days written notice of any change in the amount of rent to owner.

H. NMHC-Owned Units 24 CFR 983.301(g) - For NMHC-owned PBV units, the initial rent to owner and the annual redetermination of rent at the anniversary of the HAP contract are determined by the independent entity approved by HUD. NMHC must use the rent to owner established by the independent entity.

19.9.3 Reasonable Rent [24 CFR 983.303]

At the time the initial rent is established and all times during the term of the HAP contract, the rent to owner for a contract unit may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as determined by NMHC.

A. When Rent Reasonable Determinations are Required - NMHC must re-determine the reasonable rent for a unit receiving PBV assistance whenever any of the following occur:

1) There is a five percent or greater decrease in the published FMR in effect 60 days before the contract anniversary (for the unit sizes specified in the HAP contract) as compared with the FMR that was in effect one year before the contract anniversary date;

2) NMHC approves a change in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant;

3) The HAP contract is amended to substitute a different contract unit in the same building; or

4) There is any other change that may substantially affect the reasonable rent.

B. How to Determine Reasonable Rent - The reasonable rent of a unit receiving PBV assistance must be determined by comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. When making this determination, NMHC must consider factors that affect market rent. Such factors include the location, quality, size, type and age of the unit, as well as the amenities, housing services maintenance, and utilities to be provided by the owner.

C. Comparability Analysis - For each unit, the comparability analysis must use at least three comparable units in the private unassisted market. This may include units in the premises or project that is receiving project-based assistance. The analysis must show how the reasonable rent was
determined, including major differences between the contract units and comparable unassisted units, and must be retained by NMHC. The comparability analysis may be performed by NMHC staff or by another qualified person or entity. Those who conduct these analyses or are involved in determining the housing assistance payment based on the analyses may not have any direct or indirect interest in the property.

D. NMHC-Owned Units - For NMHC-owned units, the amount of the reasonable rent must be determined by an independent agency approved by HUD in accordance with PBV program requirements. The independent entity must provide a copy of the determination of reasonable rent for NMHC-owned units to NMHC and to the HUD field office where the project is located.

E. Owner Certification of Reasonable Rent - By accepting each monthly housing assistance payment, the owner certifies that the rent to owner is not more than rent charged by the owner for other comparable unassisted units in the premises. At any time, NMHC may require the owner to submit information on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

19.9.4 Effect of Other Subsidy and Rent Control

In addition to the rent limits discussed in Section 17-VIII.B above, other restrictions may limit the amount of rent to owner in a PBV unit. In addition, certain types of subsidized housing are not even eligible to receive PBV assistance (see Section 19.3.4).

A. Other Subsidy [24 CFR 983.304] - At its discretion, NMHC may reduce the initial rent to owner because of other governmental subsidies, including grants and other subsidized financing. For units receiving assistance under the HOME program, rents may not exceed rent limits as required by that program.

For units in any of the following types of federally subsidized projects, the rent to owner may not exceed the subsidized rent (basic rent) or tax credit rent as determined in accordance with requirements for the applicable federal program:

1) An insured or non-insured Section 236 project;

2) A formerly insured or non-insured Section 236 project that continues to receive Interest Reduction Payment following a decoupling action;

3) A Section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate (BMIR) project;
4) A Section 515 project of the Rural Housing Service;

5) Any other type of federally subsidized project specified by HUD;

6) Combining Subsidy - Rent to owner may not exceed any limitation required to comply with HUD subsidy layering requirements.

B. Rent Control [24 CFR 983.305] - In addition to the rent limits set by PBV program regulations, the amount of rent to owner may also be subject to rent control or other limits under local, state, or federal law.

19.10 PAYMENTS TO OWNER

19.10.1 Housing Assistance Payments [24 CFR 983.351]

During the term of the HAP contract, NMHC must make housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract. During the term of the HAP contract, payments must be made for each month that a contract unit complies with HQS and is leased to and occupied by an eligible family. The housing assistance payment must be paid to the owner on or about the first day of the month for which payment is due, unless the owner and NMHC agree on a later date.

Except for discretionary vacancy payments, NMHC may not make any housing assistance payment to the owner for any month after the month when the family moves out of the unit (even if household goods or property are left in the unit).

The amount of the housing assistance payment by NMHC is the rent to owner minus the tenant rent (total tenant payment minus the utility allowance).

In order to receive housing assistance payments, the owner must comply with all provisions of the HAP contract. Unless the owner complies with all provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments.

19.10.2 Vacancy Payments [24 CFR 983.352]

If an assisted family moves out of the unit, the owner may keep the housing assistance payment for the calendar month when the family moves out. However, the owner may not keep the payment if NMHC determines that the vacancy is the owner’s fault.
A. **NMHC Policy** - If NMHC determines that the owner is responsible for a vacancy and, as a result, is not entitled to the keep the housing assistance payment, NMHC will notify the landlord of the amount of housing assistance payment that the owner must repay. NMHC will require the owner to repay the amount owed in accordance with the policies in Section 19.5.2, above.

B. **Vacancy Payments** - At the discretion of NMHC, the HAP contract may provide for vacancy payments to the owner. NMHC may only make vacancy payments if:

1) The owner certifies that the vacancy is not the fault of the owner and the unit was vacant during the period for which payment is claimed;

2) The owner certifies that it has taken every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy; and

3) The owner provides any additional information required and requested by NMHC to verify that the owner is entitled to the vacancy payment.

The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by NMHC and must provide any information or substantiation required by NMHC to determine the amount of any vacancy payment.

C. **NMHC Policy** - If an owner's HAP contract calls for vacancy payments to be made, and the owner wishes to receive vacancy payments, the owner must have properly notified NMHC of the vacancy in accordance with the policy in the section regarding filling vacancies. In order for a vacancy payment request to be considered, it must be made within 10 business days of the end of the period for which the owner is requesting the vacancy payment. The request must include the required owner certifications and NMHC may require the owner to provide documentation to support the request. If the owner does not provide the information requested by NMHC within 10 business days of NMHC's request, no vacancy payments will be made.

19.10.3 **Tenant Rent to Owner** [24 CFR 983.353]

The tenant rent is the portion of the rent to owner paid by the family. The amount of tenant rent is determined by NMHC in accordance with HUD requirements. Any changes in the amount of tenant rent will be effective on the date stated in the NMHC notice to the family and owner.
The family is responsible for paying the tenant rent (total tenant payment minus the utility allowance). The amount of the tenant rent determined by NMHC is the maximum amount the owner may charge the family for rental of a contract unit. The tenant rent covers all housing services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities to be provided by the owner. The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of the tenant rent as determined by NMHC. The owner must immediately return any excess payment to the tenant.

A. **Tenant and NMHC Responsibilities** - The family is not responsible for the portion of rent to owner that is covered by the housing assistance payment and the owner may not terminate the tenancy of an assisted family for nonpayment by NMHC.

Likewise, NMHC is responsible only for making the housing assistance payment to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract. NMHC is not responsible for paying tenant rent, or any other claim by the owner, including damage to the unit. NMHC may not use housing assistance payments or other program funds (including administrative fee reserves) to pay any part of the tenant rent or other claim by the owner.

B. **Utility Reimbursements** - If the amount of the utility allowance exceeds the total tenant payment, NMHC must pay the amount of such excess to the tenant as a reimbursement for tenant-paid utilities, and the tenant rent to the owner must be zero.

NMHC may pay the utility reimbursement directly to the family or to the utility supplier on behalf of the family. If NMHC chooses to pay the utility supplier directly, the PHA must notify the family of the amount paid to the utility supplier.

C. **NMHC Policy** - NMHC will make utility reimbursements to the family.

19.10.4 Other Fees and Charges [24 CFR 983.354]

A. **Meals and Supportive Services** - With the exception of PBV assistance in assisted living developments, the owner may not require the tenant to pay charges for meals or supportive services. Non-payment of such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.

In assisted living developments receiving PBV assistance, the owner may charge for meals or supportive services. These charges may not be included in the rent to owner, nor may the value of meals and supportive services be
included in the calculation of the reasonable rent. However, non-payment of such charges is grounds for termination of the lease by the owner in an assisted living development.

B. **Other Charges by Owner** - The owner may not charge extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.
APPENDIX A: INFORMAL REVIEW PROCEDURES
Informal reviews are provided for program applicants. An applicant is someone who has applied for admission to the program, but is not yet a participant in the program. Informal reviews are intended to provide a “minimum hearing requirement” [24 CFR 982.554], and need not be based as a elaborate as the informal hearing requirements (Federal Register Volume 60, No. 127, p 36490).

DECISIONS SUBJECT TO INFORMAL REVIEW

NMHC shall give an applicant the opportunity for an informal review of a decision denying assistance [24 CFR 982.554 (a)]. Denial of assistance may include any or all of the following [24 CFR 982.552(a)(2):

- Denying listing on the NMHC waiting list;
- Denying or withdrawing a voucher;
- Refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve a lease;
- Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures;
- Denial of assistance based on an unfavorable history that may be the result of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking.

Informal reviews are not required for the following reasons [24 CFR 982.554 (c)]:

- Discretionary administrative determinations by NMHC;
- General policy issues or class grievances;
- A determination of the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards;
- NMHC determination not to grant approval of tenancy;
- NMHC determination that the unit is not in compliance with the HQS;
- NMHC determination that the unit is not in accordance with the HQS due to family size or composition.

NMHC Policy

NMHC shall only offer an informal review to applicants for whom assistance is being denied. Denial of assistance includes: denying listing on NMHC’s waiting list; denying or withdrawing a voucher; refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve a lease; refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures.

NOTICE TO THE APPLICANT [24 CFR 982.554 (a)]

NMHC must give an applicant prompt notice of a decision denying assistance. The notice must contain a brief statement of the reasons for NMHC’s decision, and must also state
that the applicant may request an informal review of the decision. The notice must describe how to obtain the informal review.

SCHEDULING AN INFORMAL REVIEW

NMHC Policy

A request for an informal review must be made in writing and delivered to NMHC either in person or by certified mail, by the close of the business day, no later than 10 business days from the date of NMHC’s denial of assistance.

INFORMAL REVIEW PROCEDURES [24 CFR 982.554 (b)]

NMHC Policy

The informal review must be conducted by a person other than the one who made or approved the decision under review, or a subordinate of this person.

The applicant must be provided an opportunity to present written or oral objections to the decision of NMHC.

The person conducting the review will make a recommendation to NMHC, but NMHC is responsible for making the final decision as to whether assistance should be granted or denied.

INFORMAL REVIEW DECISION [24 CFR 982.554 (b)]

NMHC must notify the applicant of NMHC’s final decision, including a brief statement of the reasons for the final decision.

NMHC Policy

In rendering a decision, NMHC will evaluate the following matters:

- Whether or not the grounds for denial were stated factually in the Notice;
- The validity of grounds for denial of assistance. If the grounds for denial are not specified in the regulations, then the decision to deny assistance will be overturned;
- The validity of the evidence. NMHC will evaluate whether the facts presented prove the grounds for denial of assistance. If the facts prove that there are grounds for denial, and the denial is required by HUD, NMHC will uphold the decision to deny assistance;
• If the facts prove the grounds for denial, and the denial is discretionary, NMHC will consider the recommendation of the person conducting the informal review in making the final decision whether to deny assistance.

NMHC will notify the applicant of the final decision, including a statement explaining the reason(s) for the decision. The notice will be mailed within 10 business days of the informal review, to the applicant and his or her representative, if any, along with proof of mailing.

If the decision to deny is overturned as a result of the informal review, processing for admission will resume.

If the family fails to appear for their informal review, the denial of admission will stand and the family will be so notified.
APPENDIX B: INFORMAL HEARING PROCEDURES
APPENDIX B: INFORMAL HEARING PROCEDURES

INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS [24 CFR 982.555]

NMHC must offer an informal hearing for certain NMHC determinations relating to individual circumstances of a participant family.

NMHC is not permitted to terminate a family's assistance until the time allowed for the family to request an informal hearing has elapsed, and any requested hearing has been completed. Termination of assistance for a participant includes but not limited to the following:

- Refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve lease;
- Terminating housing assistance payments under an outstanding HAP contract; and
- Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures.

DECISIONS SUBJECT TO INFORMAL HEARING

Circumstances for which NMHC must give a participant an opportunity for an informal hearing are as follows:

- A determination of the family's annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment;
- A determination of the appropriate utility allowance (if any) for tenant-paid utilities from the PHA's utility allowance schedule;
- A determination of the family unit size under the PHA's subsidy standards;
- A determination to terminate assistance for a participant family because of the family's actions or failure to act; and
- A determination to terminate assistance because the participant has been absent from the assisted unit for longer than the maximum period permitted under the PHA policy and HUD rules (six months).

INFORMAL HEARING PROCEDURES

Notice to the Family [24 CFR 982.555 (c)]

When NMHC makes a decision that is subject to informal hearing procedures, it must inform the family of its right to an informal hearing at the same time that it informs the family of the decision.

For decisions related to the termination of the family's assistance, or the denial of a family's request for an exception to NMHC's subsidy standards, the notice must contain
a brief statement of the reasons for the decision, a statement that if the family does not agree with the decision, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision, and a statement of the deadline for the family to request an informal hearing.

NMHC Policy

In cases where NMHC makes a decision for which an informal hearing must be offered, the notice to family shall include all of the following:

- The proposed action of NMHC;
- A brief statement of the reasons for the decision including regulatory reference;
- The date the proposed action will take place;
- A statement of the family's right to an explanation of the basis for NMHC's decision;
- A statement that if the family does not agree with the decision the family may request an informal hearing of the decision;
- The deadline for the family to request the informal hearing; and
- A copy of NMHC's hearing procedures.

Scheduling an Informal Hearing [24 CFR 982.555 (d)]

When an informal hearing is required, a PHA must proceed with the hearing in a reasonably expeditious manner upon the request of the family.

NMHC Policy

A request for an informal hearing must be made in writing and delivered to NMHC either in person or by certified mailed, by the close of the business day, no later than 10 business days from the date of NMHC's decision to terminate assistance.

NMHC must schedule and send written notice of the informal hearing to the family within 10 business days of the family's request.

A family may request to reschedule a hearing for good cause or if it is needed as a reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities.

Pre-Hearing Right to Discovery [24 CFR 982.555]

Participants and NMHC are permitted pre-hearing discovery rights. The family must be given the opportunity to examine before the hearing any NMHC documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The family must be allowed to copy any such documents at their own expense.
If NMHC does not make the document available for examination on request of the family, NMHC may not rely on the document at the hearing.

NMHC hearing procedures may provide that NMHC must be given the opportunity to examine at NMHC offices before the hearing, any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. NMHC must be allowed to copy any such document at NMHC’s expense. If the family does not make the document available for examination on request of NMHC, the family may not rely on the document at the hearing.

**NMHC Policy**

For the purpose of informal hearings, “documents” include records and regulations.

The family will be allowed to copy any documents related to the hearing at a cost of $.25 per page. The family must request discovery of NMHC documents no later than 12:30 p.m. on the business day prior to the scheduled hearing date.

NMHC must be given an opportunity to examine at NMHC offices before the hearing any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. Whenever a participant requests an informal hearing, NMHC will automatically mail a letter to the participant requesting a copy of all documents that the participant intends to present or utilize at the hearing. The participant must make the documents available no later than 12:30 p.m. on the business day prior to the scheduled hearing date.

**Participant’s Right to Bring Counsel [24 CFR 982.555 (e)(3)]**

At its own expense, the family may be represented by a lawyer or other representative at the informal hearing.

**Informal Hearing Officer [24 CFR 982.555(e)(4)]**

Informal hearings will be conducted by a person or persons approved by NMHC, other than the person who made or approved the decision or a subordinate of the person who made or approved the decision.

**NMHC Policy**

NMHC has designated the following to serve as hearing officers:

- **NMHC Management Staff**
- **Legal Consultant/Staff or Contract Staff**
Attendance at the Informal Hearing

NMHC Policy

Hearings may be attended by a hearing officer and the following applicable persons:

- NMHC representative(s) and any witnesses for NMHC;
- The participant and any witnesses for the participant;
- The participant’s counsel or other representative; and
- Any other person approved by NMHC as a reasonable accommodation for a person with a disability.

Conduct at Hearings

The person who conducts the hearing may regulate the conduct of the hearing in accordance with NMHC hearing procedures [24 CFR 982.555(4)(ii)].

NMHC Policy

The hearing officer is responsible to manage the order of business and to ensure that hearings are conducted in a professional and business-like manner. Attendees are expected to comply with all hearing procedures established by the hearing officer and guidelines for conduct. Any person demonstrating disruptive, abusive or otherwise inappropriate behavior will be excused from the hearing at the discretion of the hearing officer.

Evidence [24 CFR 982.555(e)(5)]

NMHC and the family must be given the opportunity to present evidence and question any witness. In general, all evidence is admissible at an informal hearing. Evidence may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

NMHC Policy

Any evidence to be considered by the hearing officer must be presented at the time of the hearing. There are four categories of evidence.

Oral evidence: The testimony of witnesses

Documentary evidence: A writing which is relevant to the case, for example, a letter written to NMHC. Writings include all forms of recorded communication or
representation, including letters, words, pictures, sounds, videotapes or symbols or combination thereof.

**Demonstrative evidence**: Evidence created specifically for the hearing and presented as an illustrative aid to assist the hearing officer, such as a model, a chart or other diagram.

**Real evidence**: A tangible item relating directly to the case.

*Hearsay Evidence* is evidence of a statement that was made other than by a witness while testifying at the hearing and that is offered to prove the truth of the matter. Although evidence, including hearsay, is generally admissible, hearsay evidence alone cannot be used as the sole basis for the hearing officer's decision.

If either NMHC or the family fail to comply with the discovery requirements described above, the hearing officer will refuse to admit such evidence.

Other than the failure of a party to comply with discovery, the hearing officer has the authority to overrule any objections to evidence.

**Hearing Officer's Decisions [24 CFR 982.555(e)(6)]**

The person who conducts the hearing must issue a written decision, stating briefly the reasons for the decision. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the family must be based on a preponderance of evidence presented at the hearing. A copy of the hearing decision must be furnished promptly to the family.

**NMHC Policy**

In rendering a decision, the hearing officer will consider the following matters:

- **NMHC Notice to Family**: The hearing officer will determine if the reasons for NMHC's decision are factually stated in the Notice.

- **Discovery**: The hearing officer will determine if NMHC and the family given the opportunity to examine any relevant documents in accordance with NMHC policy.

- **NMHC Evidence to Support NMHC Decision**: The evidence consists of the facts presented. Evidence is not conclusion and it is not argument. The hearing officer will evaluate the facts to determine if they support NMHC's conclusion.

- **Validity of Grounds for Termination of Assistance (when applicable)**: The hearing officer will determine if the termination of assistance is for one of the grounds specified in the HUD regulations and NMHC policies. If the grounds for
termination are not specified in the regulations or in compliance with NMHC policies, then the decision of NMHC will be overturned.

The hearing officer will issue a written decision to the family and NMHC no later than 10 business days after the hearing. The report will contain the following information:

**Hearing information:**

Name of the participant;
Date, time and place of the hearing;
Name of the hearing officer;
Name of NMHC representative; and
Name of family representative (if any).

**Background:** A brief, impartial statement of the reason for the hearing.

**Summary of the Evidence:** The hearing officer will summarize the testimony of each witness and identify any documents that a witness produced in support of his/her testimony and that are admitted into evidence.

**Findings of Fact:** The hearing officer will include all findings of fact, based on preponderance of evidence. Preponderance of evidence is defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence which as a whole shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. Preponderance of evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence.

**Conclusions:** The hearing officer will render a conclusion derived from the facts that were found to be true by a preponderance of evidence. The conclusion will result in a determination of whether these facts uphold NMHC’s decision.

**Order:** The hearing report will include a statement whether NMHC’s decision is uphold or overturned. If it is overturned, the hearing officer will instruct NMHC to change the decision in accordance with the hearing officer’s determination. In the case of termination of assistance, the hearing officer will instruct NMHC to restore the participant’s program status.

The results of the hearing on the appeal do not in any way preclude the Participant from proceeding with any other legal remedies that may be open to him/her.
APPENDIX C: CNMI Building Safety Code Rules and Regulations
PUBLIC NOTICE OF PROPOSED REGULATIONS FOR THE MARIANA CROW CONSERVATION AREA UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF LANDS AND NATURAL RESOURCES

INTENDED ACTION TO ADOPT THESE PROPOSED RULES AND REGULATIONS: The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Department of Land and Natural Resources, intends to adopt as permanent regulations the attached Proposed Regulations, pursuant to requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). The Regulations would become effective 10 days after adoption and publication in the Commonwealth Register. (1 CMC § 9105(b))

AUTHORITY: The Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources ("Secretary") has the authority to adopt rules and regulations in furtherance of his duties and responsibilities. 1 CMC §§ 2653, 2654; 5 CMC §§ 5104 (exclusive authority to protect fish, game, and endangered and threatened species), 5108 (authority to adopt rules and regulations); 1 CMC §§ 9101-9115 (Administrative Procedure Act).

THE SUBJECTS AND ISSUES INVOLVED: The proposed regulations concern the Mariana Crow Conservation Area on Rota. The specific issues involved are prohibited conduct, special hunting season, and licenses.

THE TERMS AND SUBSTANCE: These regulations establish procedures and rules for the maintenance and administration of the Mariana Crow Conservation Area.

DIRECTIONS FOR FILING AND PUBLICATION: These Proposed Regulations shall be published in the Commonwealth Register in the section on proposed and newly adopted regulations (1 CMC § 9102(a)(1)) and notice of the intended action to adopt these proposed regulations shall be posted in convenient places in the civic center and in local government offices in each senatorial district, both in English and in the principal vernacular. (1 CMC § 9104(a)(1))

TO PROVIDE COMMENTS: Send or deliver your comments to Arnold Palacios, Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources, at the above address, with the subject line “Mariana Crow Conservation Area Regulations.” Comments are due within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice. (1 CMC § 9104(a)(2)).
These proposed regulations were approved by the Secretary on October __, 2013.

Submitted by:  

ARNO LCD PALACIOS  
Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources  

Received by:  

ESTHER S. FLEMING  
Governor's Special Assistant for Administration  

Filed and Recorded by:  

ESTHER SN. NESBITT  
Commonwealth Register  

Pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(e) (AG approval of regulations to be promulgated as to form) and 1 CMC § 9104(a)(3) (obtain AG approval) the proposed regulations attached hereto have been reviewed and approved as to form and legal sufficiency by the CNMI Attorney General and shall be published, 1 CMC § 2153(f) (publication of rules and regulations).

Dated the ___ day of October 2013.

Joey Patrick San Nicolas  
Attorney General
The following subchapter shall be added to Chapter 85-30 of Title 85:

Part 001 - General Provisions
85-30.4-001 Authority and Purpose

(a) Authority. The regulations in this subchapter are promulgated under the authority of 1 CMC §§ 2653(b) and 2654 providing the Department of Lands and Natural Resources with the authority to adopt rules and regulations in furtherance of its powers and duties, including the duty to protect fish, game, and endangered species. Pursuant to 5 CMC §§ 5104 and 5108, the Department has the exclusive authority and duty to protect fish, game, and endangered and threatened species, and may promulgate regulations to ensure the survival of endangered and threatened species.

(b) Purpose. The purpose of this subchapter is to establish regulations for the Mariana Crow Conservation Area (MCCA). The Mariana Crow (Corvus kubaryi) is designated as an endangered species under NMIAC § 85-30.1-101, and the MCCA was established as part of Federal mitigation requirement. The regulations serve to insure appropriate use of the MCCA for the enjoyment and general welfare of the public while protecting the area in its natural state to serve as a refuge for native wildlife, with emphasis on the Mariana Crow.

85-30.4-005 Application and Scope

(a) Geographic Area. The regulations codified in this subchapter shall apply to MCCA located in As Motmos to Papyapai, Rota. The specific area is Lot No. 682 R 01, containing an area of 4,440,000 square meters as depicted in Exhibit A.

§ 85-30.4-010 Definitions

(a) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply to the terms used in this subchapter:

(1) “Department” means the Department of Lands and Natural Resources.

(2) “Director” means the Director of Fish and Wildlife.
"Division" means the Division of Fish and Wildlife.

"MCCA" means the Mariana Crow Conservation Area.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources or his or her designee.

"Special hunting season" means the time period designated for hunting sambar deer within the MCCA as announced by the Secretary.

"Take" or "taking" means to capture, attempt to capture, harvest, kill, attempt to kill, hunt, trap, spear, collect, fish, pursue, harm, harass, remove, or in any manner disturb, or attempt to do the above activities.

Part 100 - Prohibitions

§ 85-30.4-101 Prohibited conduct

(a) A person may not take any variety of terrestrial wildlife, unless otherwise excepted through a permit issued under Part 200 of Subchapter 85-30.1.

(b) A person may not take any variety of plant-life, unless otherwise excepted through a permit issued under Part 200 of Subchapter 85-30.1 or for use in traditional healing practices.

(c) A person may not collect, remove, deface, or destroy any archaeological artifact or natural object.

(d) A person may not create new trails within the MCCA.

(1) This prohibition shall not apply to the staff of the Department, the Division, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, who may create trails for law enforcement and monitoring of wildlife and their habitat.

(e) A person may not create new roads within the MCCA.

(f) A person may not operate motorized vehicles within the MCCA.

(1) This prohibition shall not apply to the existing unpaved road to the Pictograph Cave.

(g) A person may not remove or disturb soil, sand, or rock.

(h) A person may not dump rubbish, waste material, or any other substance that would degrade or alter the quality of the environment.

(i) A person may not ignite or maintain an open fire.
(j) No dogs, cats, goats, pigs, cattle or domestic animals of any kind permitted within the boundary of the MCCA.

(k) Agricultural activities, including grazing of livestock and cultivation and/or harvest of any natural or cultivated crop, are prohibited.

(l) Camping and overnight use are prohibited.

(m) Alcoholic beverages and illegal drugs are prohibited.

(n) A person may not collect, remove, deface, or destroy any fence, poster, sign, or other structure.

Part 200 Special Hunting Season

§ 85-30.4-201 Special Hunting Season

(a) To control the population of deer in the MCCA, the Secretary may announce a Special Hunting Season. The period of the Special Hunting Season shall be at a time when the Mariana Crows are not nesting.

(1) The Secretary shall issue a press release announcing the dates of the Special Hunting Season and publicize the Special Hunting Season through other means as he or she determines is necessary.

(2) A person may hunt sambar deer during the announced Special Hunting Season. A person may not hunt any other wildlife species during this Special Hunting Season.

§ 85-30.4-205 Hours

(a) Hunting hours. Legal hunting hours for deer shall be from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset, and only during the special hunting season.

§ 85-30.4-210 License; tag; certificate of origin; report card

(a) Hunting license. A person must carry a valid CNMI hunting license while hunting. A person may take deer only if that person has been issued a hunting license authorizing the taking of deer. Hunting licenses may be obtained from the local office of the Division of Fish and Wildlife, or from an authorized agent.

(1) Legal Hunting Age. The legal hunting age for is sixteen years of age or older. Only persons who may legally possess firearms, bows, or crossbows may hunt game with firearms, bows or crossbows. A valid gun registration number is required on the license of all hunters who intend to use firearms to take wildlife. Hunting licenses for persons under the age of eighteen years may be conditioned on successful completion of Department sponsored or sanctioned rifle or bow training programs.

(b) Deer tag. Possession of an untagged or unregistered deer is prohibited. Every person issued a hunting license for the special season within the MCCA will also be
issued a deer tag. If the hunter kills a deer, he or she must immediately (after gutting the
deer) attach the tag to the carcass and bring it to the DFW designated check station and
allow station staff to examine and take measurements of the deer.

(c) Certificate of Origin. A person in possession of a deer or any part of a deer must
have a valid CNMI hunting license or a certificate of origin. A certificate of origin is a
letter or statement signed by the valid CNMI license holder who killed the animal and
which is certified by the Director, Resident Director or Enforcement Section Supervisor.
(1) The certificate of origin must state:
(A) Species and sex of animal;
(B) Date killed;
(C) Hunting license number and date issued;
(D) Person to whom given;
(E) Animal part and amount given, and be attached to the animal or animal part where
it can be readily seen by a conservation officer, the Secretary, the Director, or the
Resident Director.
(2) A hunter who takes a deer or any part of a deer to another CNMI island must
obtain a certificate of origin from the check station staff, the Director, or the Resident
Director, or the Enforcement Section Supervisor. The hunter must present the certificate
of origin to custom or quarantine officials upon entering another CNMI island.

(d) Hunter Report Cards. A person issued a hunting license will also be issued a
hunter report card. Hunters must provide all information required on the report card.
Completed hunter report cards must be turned in to the Division within ten days after the
close of the special hunting season.

§ 85-30.4-215 Inspection
(e) Upon request, a person engaged in hunting shall allow a DFW Conservation
Officer or Conservation Trainee to inspect any wildlife taken by or under control of the
person.

§ 85-30.4-220
(a) Prohibited activities. The following conduct is prohibited:
(1) Hunting while under the influence of alcohol or a narcotic or other disabling drug.
(2) Taking wildlife while riding or on any motorized vehicle including automobiles,
motorized bikes, motor powered boats, helicopters or airplanes.
(3) Taking or pursing wildlife while riding on an animal.
(4) Using fire or artificial light as an aid in taking wildlife, except that artificial light
may be used to hunt coconut and land crabs during the specified season.
(5) Discharging a gun, bow and arrow, or cross bow in an attempt, to take a game
animal within a village or within two hundred meters of a human dwelling. It is likewise
illegal to discharge such weapons across a public road, within twenty-five meters of a
road.
(6) Using dogs to hunt.
(7) Selling or bartering deer or deer products.
(8) Possess any game animal, mounted specimen, antlers, skin, meat or any part thereof without having a hunting license valid at the time of kill or a "certificate of origin" letter, as required under subsection (e).

(9) Hunting, killing, or possessing any threatened, endangered, or protected species, or any part thereof, without a valid scientific permit.

(10) Hunting while on official CNMI government travel, unless specifically authorized in writing by the Secretary prior to travel.

(12) Discharging any weapon within five hundred meters of a known, occupied bat roost. This will be enforced even in the event of a bat season being opened.

(13) Hunting in closed areas.

**Part 300—Penalties**

§ 85-30.4-301

A person who violates a provision set forth in this subchapter or a condition of a license or permit issued under this subchapter shall be subject to applicable penalties set forth in 2 CMC § 5109.

**Part 400—Miscellaneous Provisions**

§ 85-30.4-401 Severability

If any section or portion of a section herein is invalid, it shall be deleted from this subchapter and shall not invalidate the remaining sections of the regulations.
ARONGORONGOL TOULAP REL MANGEMANGIL POMWOL ALLÉGH REL AMWEELIL SÓÓBW BWE LELIYEE MARIANAS CROW SÁNGI BWULASIYOL LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

MANGEMANGIL POMWOL MWÓGHUT YEEL BWE REBWE ADAPTÁÁLI

ALLÉGH: Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Bwulasiyol Land and Natural Resource, re mängemängil pomwol rebwe adaptááli me ebwe llégh ló milikka e appasch ngáli yaar allégh sángi mwóghutughútul Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9104(a). Pomwol yaar allégh ebwe bwunguló 10 ráál mwiril yal adoptááli me akkatééwowul (1 CMC §9105 (b))

BWÁNGIL: Samwoolul Bwulasiyol Lands and Natural Resources (“Secretary”) eyoor bwángil bwe ebwe adaptááli allégh bwe fillóló yaal angaang me lemelem. 1CMC §§2563, 2654; 5CMC §§5104 (Rel bwangil samwool rel alléghúl iigh, uruwowul me maal kka re mwettel resóóbw yoor io), 5108 (bwángil rebwe adaptááli allégh); 1 CMC §§9101-9115 (Administrative Procedure Act).

AWEEWE ME MILIKKA E TEETA: Pomwol allégh e fféér mwóghutughút rel amwelil sóóbw bwe leliyee Marianas Crow mewóól tté ie Luuta. Aweewe kka e atoottolong nge fféérúl abwaay, e fiisch rel ótol igha rebwe leeset, me fféérúl liseensia.

KKAPASAL ME ÓUTOL: Allégh kkal nge re fféér ngali mwóghutughútul me alléghúl rel schóól amweelil me lemelemil sóóbw bwe leliyee Marianas Crow.

ATTOTOOLONGOL MANGEMANG: Afanga ngáre bwughiló yóómw mángemáng reel Arnold Palacios, Secretary of Land Natural Resources, ngáli address iye e iischtíw weilang nge ebwe ittiitiw wól subject line “Outer Cove Marina Regulations”. Isísisilongol mángemáng nge ebwe llégh lló 30 ráálmwiril al toowow arongorong yeel. (1 CMC § 9104(a) (2)).

Pomwol Allégh nge aa llégh ló sángi Samwool wól October ____, 2013.

Isáliiyallong:__________________________________  Ráll
Arnold Palacios
Secretary of Land and Natural Resources

Aramas ye:__________________________________________  Ráll
E bwughi
Esther S. Fleming
Special Assistant for Administration

COMMONWEALTH REGISTER  VOLUME 35  NUMBER 10  OCTOBER 28, 2013  PAGE 034545
EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 2013-21

DECLARATION OF HEALTH EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, the Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation ("CHC") provides the majority of necessary healthcare in the Commonwealth, as well as providing all emergency medical services; and

WHEREAS, the disruption of the provision of medical services by the CHC poses a direct threat to the health and safety of the people of the Northern Mariana Islands; and

WHEREAS, the CHC is in an improving but still uncertain financial state and is in arrears in regards to utility payments; and

WHEREAS, although CHC’s financial condition is improving, it is still in such a state that it is jeopardizing CHC’s federal funding because it affects CHC’s ability to maintain adequate infrastructure, equipment and personnel; and

WHEREAS, CHC, in 2012, had been notified by federal authorities that due to deficiencies in CHC operations and infrastructure, CHC will cease to be eligible for Medicare/Medicaid payments, along with other penalties, if the deficiencies are not timely remediated; and

WHEREAS, CHC was given a temporary reprieve by the federal authorities, a final decision on CHC eligibility for Medicare/Medicaid payments has not been rendered and steps still need to be taken to meet the federal requirements or Medicare/Medicaid funding will be ended, such steps include the hiring of key medical personnel, the acquisition of medical equipment and supplies, and specified training for CHC staff.

WHEREAS, the termination of Medicare/Medicaid funding will lead to the termination or reduction of many of the medical programs and services provided by CHC leading to an increase in otherwise preventable deaths, illness and injury.

WHEREAS, management of CHC has improved. it is still incomplete and unstable as no permanent Chief Executive Officer has been appointed which may thwart CHC’s ability to meet federal requirements.
WHEREAS, Article III §10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth and PL 18-4, § 104 of the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Act of 2013 provide that the Governor has the authority and duty to take necessary steps to respond to impending disasters:

NOW THEREFORE, I, ELOY S. INOS, pursuant to the authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands by Article III, § 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and PL 18-4, do hereby declare a State of Significant Emergency for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands due to the imminent threat of the disruption of critical medical services in the Commonwealth and the danger that such a condition poses to the public because of the great increase in otherwise preventable deaths, illness and injury that would result.

WHEREAS, BY THIS DECLARATION OF A STATE OF SIGNIFICANT EMERGENCY, I intend to enable CHC to continue to provide necessary services to the people of the Commonwealth. This Declaration is necessary to protect the health and safety of all CNMI residents and visitors.

NOW, THEREFORE, I hereby invoke my authority under Article III, § 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and PL 18-4 § 104(c), to take all necessary measures to address the threats facing the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands and CHC including, but not limited to, the authority to:

1. Suspend all statutory or regulatory provisions as required; and

2. Utilize all available resources of the Commonwealth government and its political subdivisions as reasonably necessary to respond to the emergency.

It is hereby ORDERED that:

This Declaration of a State of Significant Emergency shall take effect immediately and all memoranda, directives, and other measures taken in accordance with this Declaration shall remain in effect for thirty (30) days from the date of this Executive Order unless I, prior to the end of the thirty (30) day period, terminate the declaration of a state of significant emergency. See PL 18-4, § 104(g).

Under the authority of this Declaration and with the goal of mitigating or ameliorating the above described crises, I immediately direct the following:

Directive 1: All of the executive power of the CHC shall be exercised either by me or by my designated Chief Executive Officer.

Directive 2: Authority is granted to suspend applicable procurement regulations as authorized by me so as to ensure timely compliance with Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services certification.
Directive 3: To ensure that the suspension of regulatory provisions does not lead to financial abuse, this emergency declaration incorporates the March 19, 2012 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between CHC and the Department of Finance, Office Management and Budget, and Office of the Attorney General. In addition, any financial reports submitted by the CHC pursuant to the MOU must be submitted with a certification of the person submitting them stating that the reports are a full and accurate under penalty of perjury.

The above described Directives are in no way meant as the limits of actions or authority under this Declaration. Accordingly, I reserve the right under this Declaration to issue any and all directives necessary to prevent, mitigate or ameliorate the adverse effects of the emergency.

Done this 27th day of September, 2013

ELOY S. INOS
Governor
EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 2013-22

SUBJECT: DECLARATION OF A STATE OF SIGNIFICANT EMERGENCY

AUTHORITY: I, ELOY S. INOS, pursuant to the authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands by Article III, § 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and PL 18-4, § 104 of the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Act of 2013, do hereby declare a State of Significant Emergency for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands due to the imminent threat of the inability of the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation ("CUC") to provide critical power generation, water, and wastewater services to the CNMI and considering the harm such condition would pose to the community, environment, and critical infrastructure of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

WHEREAS, CUC IS THE SOLE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER to the Government of the CNMI, including all public safety activities, the schools, and the only hospital. CUC also supplies electricity to most of the CNMI's businesses and homes. While some businesses and agencies own backup generators, they are not generally organized to use the backups as permanent power sources and the diesel oil purchased to run these generators is substantially more expensive than that used for CUC power.

WHEREAS, WITHOUT CUC ELECTRICITY:

(1) Most CNMI economic activity would come to a halt, much refrigeration and air conditioning would end, and the airports and ports would be forced to rely on emergency generation on the limited, expensive oil supply for it;

(2) The CNMI's health and safety would immediately be at risk because traffic signals and street lighting would cease to function; emergency, fire, police facilities and their communications systems, and the hospital and island clinics would have to rely on limited oil supplies for emergency generation and then cease functioning; and much refrigeration of food and medicines would end, as would air conditioning for the elderly and sick;
(3) The public schools and the Northern Marianas College would close. Other educational institutions would close as their backup oil supplies for emergency generators were exhausted; and

(4) Water and sewage treatment would soon end. One of CUC’s largest electric customers is the combined CUC Water and Wastewater Divisions. CUC is the sole supplier of electricity for these systems. CUC’s water system relies on electricity to maintain the system pressure needed to prevent the backflow of pathogens, to chlorinate, and to pump, store, and distribute water supplies. CUC’s wastewater system requires electricity to collect, pump, process, treat, and discharge sewage. The lack of electricity could result in sewage overflows, contaminating land and water.

WHEREAS, THERE EXISTS A FINANCIAL CRISIS:

(1) CUC is owed approximately $18 million by the public school system (“PSS”) and the Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation (“CHC”) and is owed over millions more by residential users;

(2) There is conflict and potential conflict between CUC and government agencies over money owed and other issues. Such conflict drains resources especially if it results in the parties going to court. Interagency cooperation and oversight is vital to ensure that government agencies can continue its operations without draining CUC’s remaining resources.

(3) Although the commonwealth economy has recently improved, the improvement is only marginal and the economy and the government’s finances are still fragile. This government strains to meet its obligations.

(4) CUC often only has days’ worth of purchased diesel fuel to power its system because it lacks the funds to buy oil from its sole, cash-only supplier. CUC has no credit or other means to buy fuel than the revenue it collects from its customers;

WHEREAS, THERE EXISTS A TECHNICAL WORKER CRISIS:

(1) CUC faces a manpower crisis. Skilled workers and a responsive support system are key to the success of the operation, particularly for preventative maintenance. At present, CNMI law at 3 CMC §§ 4531 and 4532 prohibits CUC from hiring any more non-U.S. technical workers;

(2) CUC bears a substantial obligation to deliver highly technical work on time to the satisfaction of the U.S. District Court and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”), pursuant to two sets of consent, or “Stipulated Orders.” Failure to meet the requirements of the federal court orders could subject CUC and the CNMI to substantial fines and charges and, in the extreme, to a federal takeover of their finances;
(3) CUC requires employees with specialized training. There are many non-U.S. citizens whom CUC needs to retain on technical and professional contracts. Without these positions filled, CUC operations would be severely compromised;

(4) The legislature, through P.L. 17-1 (Mar. 22, 2010), has limited CUC’s ability to hire technical staff, eliminating prior statutory permission to hire up to nineteen foreign workers and reinstating a moratorium on the government’s hiring of foreign nationals, even if needed for highly technical positions for which no local or mainland citizens are available. The CUC Act, as subsequently reenacted by P.L. 16-17 (Oct. 1, 2008), provides that CUC shall hire such persons as are necessary for operations, except as otherwise limited by other law. 4 CMC § 8123(h);

(5) There are not enough U.S. citizen or U.S. resident technical specialists at CUC to perform the power generation work, particularly specialists with experience in the type of engines that CUC uses. U.S. citizens with the necessary skills are not readily available in the CNMI and it is costly to recruit from the United States. CUC believes that the vast majority of skill sets, considering its cash restrictions, must come from non-U.S. personnel. CUC has tried to hire diesel mechanics in the CNMI, but has been unsuccessful in finding enough qualified candidates;

(6) The impact of an inadequate workforce is substantial. First, there would be a direct deterioration of service to existing customers. There would be brownouts or area blackouts with the above-mentioned loss of service. Second, the power plants would again degrade, producing more of these outages. Third, if CUC fails to meet federal court deadlines for the Stipulated Orders, the Court could appoint a federal receiver and its consulting team, with all expenses charged to CUC customers.

(7) CUC’s renewal of contracts and hiring of foreign expert workers is necessary to sustain the integrity of CUC’s systems. Thus, continued relief from the legislative prohibition on hiring foreign national workers is necessary to ensure the delivery of uninterrupted power services to the people of the Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, A BOARD OF DIRECTORS DOES NOT EXIST:

(1) There is no Board of Directors. CUC has functioned without a Board because it has had to. While CUC’s enabling act, reenacted as P.L. 16-17, as amended, authorizes a Board, there is no CUC Board yet. The staff of the Governor’s Office has diligently tried to find persons who meet the complex statutory qualifications but they have been unable to do so and the search goes on. Nonetheless, CUC must continue to function.

(2) Without a Board in place, I still must provide for the continued operations of CUC. The Executive Director needs to be able to negotiate with federal and other agencies.
WHEREAS, BY THIS DECLARATION OF A STATE OF SIGNIFICANT EMERGENCY, I intend to enable CUC to continue to provide necessary services to the people of the Commonwealth. This Declaration is necessary to protect the health and safety of our children, our senior citizens, businesses, and all other CNMI residents and visitors.

NOW, THEREFORE, I hereby invoke my authority under Article III, § 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and PL 18-4 § 104(c), to take all necessary measures to address the threats facing the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands including, but not limited to, the authority to:

1. Suspend all statutory or regulatory provisions as required; and

2. Utilize all available resources of the Commonwealth government and its political subdivisions as reasonably necessary to respond to the emergency.

It is hereby ORDERED that:

This Declaration of a State of Significant Emergency shall take effect immediately and all memoranda, directives, and other measures taken in accordance with this Declaration shall remain in effect for thirty (30) days from the date of this Executive Order unless I, prior to the end of the thirty (30)-day period, terminate the declaration of a state of significant emergency. PL 18-4, § 104(g)

Under authority of this Declaration and with the goal of mitigating or ameliorating the above described crises, I immediately direct the following:

DIRECTIVE 1: All of the executive power of the CUC, which shall include any and all powers vested in the Board of Directors and the Executive Director, shall be exercised by the Executive Director.

DIRECTIVE 2: Section 4531 of Title 3 of the Commonwealth Code is hereby suspended as to CUC as follows:

The following strike-out formatted language of the quoted provisions of the following statute regulating government employment is, as indicated, suspended immediately:

3 CMC §4531. Restrictions on Government Employment
Employment by departments, agencies, and all other instrumentalities of the Commonwealth government is limited to citizens and permanent residents; provided that the government may enter into contracts with foreign nationals for services performed outside of the Commonwealth.

As a result of my suspension of 3 CMC § 4531, CUC shall have the full power and authority to retain staff which may include employees other than citizens and permanent residents of the United States.
The above described Directives are in no way meant as the limits of my actions or authority under this Declaration. Accordingly, I reserve the right under this Declaration to issue any and all directives necessary to prevent, mitigate or ameliorate the adverse effects of the emergency.

SIGNED AND PROMULGATED on this 16th day of October 2013.

ELOY S. INOS
Governor,
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands
EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 2013-23

DECLARATION OF HEALTH EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, the Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation ("CHC") provides the majority of necessary healthcare in the Commonwealth, as well as providing all emergency medical services; and

WHEREAS, the disruption of the provision of medical services by the CHC poses a direct threat to the health and safety of the people of the Northern Mariana Islands; and

WHEREAS, the CHC is in an improving but still uncertain financial state and is in arrears in regards to utility payments; and

WHEREAS, although CHC's financial condition is improving, it is still in such a state that it is jeopardizing CHC's federal funding because it affects CHC's ability to maintain adequate infrastructure, equipment and personnel; and

WHEREAS, CHC, in 2012, had been notified by federal authorities that due to deficiencies in CHC operations and infrastructure, CHC will cease to be eligible for Medicare/Medicaid payments, along with other penalties, if the deficiencies are not timely remediated; and

WHEREAS, CHC was given a temporary reprieve by the federal authorities and an inspection was conducted recently by the Center for Medicare/Medicaid Services that was positive, a final decision on CHC eligibility for Medicare/Medicaid payments has not been rendered and steps still need to be taken to meet the federal requirements or Medicare/Medicaid funding will be ended, such steps include the hiring of key medical personnel, the acquisition of medical equipment and supplies, and specified training for CHC staff.

WHEREAS, the termination of Medicare/Medicaid funding will lead to the termination or reduction of many of the medical programs and services provided by CHC leading to an increase in otherwise preventable deaths, illness and injury.

WHEREAS, management of CHC has improved, it is still incomplete and unstable as no permanent Chief Executive Officer has been appointed which may thwart CHC's ability to meet federal requirements.
WHEREAS, Article III §10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth and PL 18-4, § 104 of the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Act of 2013 provide that the Governor has the authority and duty to take necessary steps to respond to impending disasters;

NOW THEREFORE, I, ELOY S. INOS, pursuant to the authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands by Article III, § 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and PL 18-4, do hereby declare a State of Significant Emergency for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands due to the imminent threat of the disruption of critical medical services in the Commonwealth and the danger that such a condition poses to the public because of the great increase in otherwise preventable deaths, illness and injury that would result.

WHEREAS, by this Declaration of a State of Significant Emergency, I intend to enable CHC to continue to provide necessary services to the people of the Commonwealth. This Declaration is necessary to protect the health and safety of all CNMI residents and visitors.

NOW, THEREFORE, I hereby invoke my authority under Article III, § 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and PL 18-4 § 104(c), to take all necessary measures to address the threats facing the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands and CHC including, but not limited to, the authority to:

1. Suspend all statutory or regulatory provisions as required; and

2. Utilize all available resources of the Commonwealth government and its political subdivisions as reasonably necessary to respond to the emergency.

It is hereby ORDERED that:

This Declaration of a State of Significant Emergency shall take effect immediately and all memoranda, directives, and other measures taken in accordance with this Declaration shall remain in effect for thirty (30) days from the date of this Executive Order unless I, prior to the end of the thirty (30) day period, terminate the declaration of a state of significant emergency. See PL 18-4, § 104(g).

Under the authority of this Declaration and with the goal of mitigating or ameliorating the above described crises, I immediately direct the following:

Directive 1: All of the executive power of the CHC shall be exercised either by me or by my designated Chief Executive Officer.

Directive 2: Authority is granted to suspend applicable procurement regulations as authorized by me so as to ensure timely compliance with Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services certification.
Directive 3: To ensure that the suspension of regulatory provisions does not lead to financial abuse, this emergency declaration incorporates the March 19, 2012 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between CHC and the Department of Finance, Office Management and Budget, and Office of the Attorney General. In addition, any financial reports submitted by the CHC pursuant to the MOU must be submitted with a certification of the person submitting them stating that the reports are a full and accurate under penalty of perjury.

The above described Directives are in no way meant as the limits of actions or authority under this Declaration. Accordingly, I reserve the right under this Declaration to issue any and all directives necessary to prevent, mitigate or ameliorate the adverse effects of the emergency.

Done this 27th day of October, 2013

ELOY S. INOS
Governor
DIRECTIVE

TO: ALL DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

FROM: GOVERNOR

SUBJECT: Decentralization of Utilities

The enactment of Public Law 18-18 (Fiscal Year 2014 Appropriations Act) decentralizes the payment of utilities from the central government to each department and agency. The basis of your utility budget for FY 2014 (10/1/13 – 9/30/14) was derived from your actual consumption in Fiscal Year 2012 less 20%.

Effective immediately, payment of utilities consumed by your office shall be borne by your department/agency. I highly encourage you to implement the necessary steps to achieve the 20% savings to avoid any disruption in operations. In an effort to remain vigilant of your utilities consumption, please ensure that the following actions are undertaken:

1) Conduct an inventory of all meters used by your department/agencies;
2) Obtain a copy of your last utility billing (September 2013) with the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation;
3) Match the meter number on the billing with your inventory;
4) If the meter number matches, but the name on the billing is incorrect, make the necessary correction(s);
5) Assign one person from each of your divisions to serve as your “Energy Marshall” and identify the importance of his/her role in achieving 20% savings from your FY 2012 consumption;
6) Have your Energy Marshall record your consumption twice daily, at 9 am and 4 pm;
7) Compare your next billing (October 2013) with your records to ensure accuracy of billing;