COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS SAIPAN, TINIAN, ROTA and NORTHERN ISLANDS



COMMONWEALTH REGISTER
VOLUME 32
NUMBER 11
NOVEMBER 22,2010

COMMONWEALTH REGISTER

VOLUME 32 NUMBER 11

NOVEMBER 22,2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EMERGENCY ORDER Board Emergency Order #01 Approved Practice Agreement Amendment for Remote Supervision Health Care Professions Licensing Board..... 030982 **DN OF REGULATIONS** Public Notice of Certification and Adoption Of the Rules and Regulations Governing the Smoke-Free Air Act of 2008 Department of Public Health 030986 **EXECUTIVE ORDERS (2010)** E.O. 2010-17 Commonwealth Utilities Corporation's Imminent Generation and Other Failure, and the Need to Provide Immediate Reliable Power, Water and Wastewater Services Office of the Governor..... 030996 E.0.2010-09 Commonwealth Utilities Corporation" Imminent Generation and Other Failure and the Need to Provide Immediate Reliable Power, Water and Wastewater Services Office of the Governor..... 031024 **DIRECTIVES (20101** Directive No. 276 Implementation of 64-hour workweek Office of the Governor..... 031049 Directive No 277 Declaration of Citizenship Day, November 4, 2010 Holiday with Pay 031051 Office of the Governor.....

DIRECTIVES #071 thru #100

Directive No. 071 Withdrawal of Dir. #17 = Re-issuance of Directive on E.O. 94-3, Section 214(c), Personnel Management Functions Office of the Governor	031052
Directive No. 072 Withdrawal of Dir. #18 − Re-issuance of Directive on E.O. 94-3, Section 214, Personnel Office Abolished and Functions Transferred Office of the Governor	031053
Directive No. 073 Withdrawal of Dir. #19 - Re-issuance of Directive on E.O. 94-3, Division of Environmental Quality Transferred Office of the Governor	031054
Directive No. 074 Withdrawal of Dir. #20 - Commonwealth Council for Arts & Culture Office of the Governor	031055
Directive No. 075 Withdrawal of Dir. #21 – Re-issuance of Directive on E.O. 94-3, Section 306(b), Land Commission Abolished and Functions Transferred Office of the Governor	031056
Directive No. 076 Withdrawal of Dir. #22 – Re-issuance of Directive on E.O. 94-3, Section 307(b), Outside Contractors Office of the Governor	031057
Directive No. 077 Withdrawal of Dir. #23 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 309, Division of Intergovernmental Relations Abolished Office of the Governor	031058
Directive No. 078 Withdrawal of Dir. #24 = Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 207, Corporate Charters Office of the Governor.	031059
Directive No. 079 Withdrawal of Dir. #25 – Re-issuance of Directive on E.O. 94-3, Section 406, Termination of Trusteeship Task Force and the Task Force on Privatization of Government Services Abolished Office of the Governor	031060
Directive No. 080 Withdrawal of Dir. #26 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 301(3)(b), Wage and Salary Review Board Abolished Office of the Governor	031061
Directive No. 081 Withdrawal of Dir. #27 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O.94-3, Section 305(b), State Planning Council on Dev. Disabilities Allocated Office of the Governor	031062

Directive No. 082 Withdrawal of Dir. #28 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 305(b), State Rehabilitation Advisory Council Allocated Office of the Governor	031063
Directive No. 083 Withdrawal of Dir. #29 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 404, Saipan Street Directory Commission Abolished Office of the Governor	031064
Directive No. 084 Withdrawal of Dir. #30 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 401(e), Coastal Resources Appeals Board Abolished And Functions Transferred Office of the Governor	031065
Directive No. 085 Withdrawal of Dir. #31 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 401(e), Building Safety Code Appeals Board Abolished And Functions Transferred Office of the Governor	031066
Directive No. 086 Withdrawal of Dir. #32 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 304(b), Commonwealth utilities Corporation Allocated Office of the Governor	031067
Directive No. 087 Withdrawal of Dir. #33 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 206(a), Coastal Resources Manage Office Transferred Office of the Governor	031068
Directive No. 088 Withdrawal of Dir. #34 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 307(a), Commonwealth Lottery Commission Abolished And Functions Transferred Office of the Governor	031069
Directive No. 089 Withdrawal of Dir. #35 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 102, Special Assistance for Public Liaison Re-designation Office of the Governor	031070
Directive No. 090 Withdrawal of Dir. #36 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 106(a) Department of Public Health Redesignated Office of the Governor	031071
Directive No. 091 Withdrawal of Dir. #37 – on Health Planning and Development Agency And the Health Coordination Council Allocated Office of the Governor	031072

Directive No. 092 Withdrawal of Dir. #38 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 214, Administrative Services Division Transferred Office of the Governor	031073
Directive No. 093 Withdrawal of Dir. #39 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 209, Temporary Alcoholic Beverage Licenses Authority Transferred Office of the Governor	031074
Directive No. 094 Withdrawal of Dir. #40 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 302(d), Statistical Advisory Council Abolished Office of the Governor	031075
Directive No. 095 Withdrawal of Dir. #41 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 308(e), Commonwealth Library Council Allocated Office of the Governor	031076
Directive No. 096 Withdrawal of Dir. #42 = Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 304(a), Commonwealth Ports Authority Allocated Office of the Governor	031077
Directive No. 097 Withdrawal of Dir. #43 = Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 302(c), Alcoholic Beverage Control Board Abolished and Functions Transferred Office of the Governor	031078
Directive No. 098 Withdrawal of Dir. #44 – Training Division Transferred Office of the Governor	031079
Directive No. 099 Withdrawal of Dir. #45 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 306(a), Marianas Public Land Corporation Dissolved And Functions Transferred Office of the Governor.	031080
Directive No. 100 Withdrawal of Dir. #46 – Re-issuance of Dir. On E.O. 94-3, Section 308(a), Division of Sports and Recreation Established. Office of the Governor	031081

COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONS LICENSING BOARD

In *the Matter* of *Juan B. Pangelinan*, *PA (medex)* (Amendment of Practice Agreement)

Case No. 2010-04

BOARD EMERGENCY ORDER #01 APPROVING PRACTICE AGREEMENT AMENDMENT FOR REMOTE SUPERVISION

Summary

This Order is entered on Monday, November 15, 2010, pursuant to the Board's decision at its meeting on Wednesday, November 11, 2010. It immediately authorizes the licensee, a PA working at the Tinian Health Center (THC), to work under the supervision of a physician located at a site other than the same Tinian Health Center. This Order thereby allows PA Juan B. Pangelinan, as the only **non-nurse** medical professional that is a full-time provider stationed on Tinian. This Order is valid through the day of the Board's scheduled January board meeting.

Discussion

The "Health Care Professions Licensing Act of 2007" ("the Health Care Actⁿ or "the Actⁿ),3 CMC \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2201 - 36, P.L. 15-105, requires that a physician assistant ("PA") be licensed by the Health Care Professions Licensing Board ("the Board") and that his/her conduct conform to certain statutory and regulatory standards and specific dictates.

The pre-existing regulations of the predecessor Medical Professions Licensing Board continue in effect, except as amended by the Board:

- (e) Except as otherwise provided herein, the regulations, guidelines, standards, and procedures related to the regulation of the functions and operation of a regulated health care professional and/or profession that are in force when this Act becomes effective, shall continue to apply until amended or repealed by the Board.
- 3 CMC **SE 2235(e).** The Board has amended its regulations in **part.** 140 **NMIAC** 50-3 Commonwealth Health Care Professions Licensing Board Regulations. 30 Com Reg. 03, **p28388** 28426. It has not yet amended its PA regulations so the pre-existing regulations apply.

The Board's authority proceeds from the Act and the Administrative Procedure Act. The Act established the Board with complete jurisdiction, power and authority to regulate the health care professions. 3 CMC § 2204(a). The Board's powers include:

- To adopt rules and regulations to enforce the Act. 3 CMC \(\bigsep \) 2206(b);
- To issue, deny and condition licenses. 3 CMC § 2206 (c);
- To conduct disciplinary hearings to suspend or revoke licenses, 3 CMC § 2206 (h);
- To suspend or revoke a license. 3 CMC § 2206(k);
- To act summarily in the face of the likelihood of harm to:
 - i. the public health, safety or welfare; or
 - ii. to the patients of a health care professional who is regulated by this Chapter. 3 CMC § 2206(n).

A PA practicing with a license issued prior to the new Act and its new regulations continues as a licensee until the Board suspends or revokes that license:

For the transition period between the application of the old Medical Practice Act

and the new Health Care **Professions** Licensing Act, specifically until new applicable Regulations are promulgated, each practicing member of each profession over which the Board has jurisdiction shall be deemed practicing with a license until regulations are promulgated for the respective profession and an indicated re-licensing application period has ended, or until the Board acts to suspend, modify, revoke or otherwise affect a license, whichever comes first.

140 NMIAC \$ 50.3-101-002.

At all times a PA shall have in place a 'practice' agreement' with a supervising physician. 140 NMIAC § 50.1-1220, 1230(d). Such agreement ordinarily provides the scope of a PA's activities and ensures that the physician will be available for consultation, and will review and co-sign patient records. It also provides that the physician co-signs for prescription of medication and other treatments, except that the PA may not prescribe DEA-controlled substances. 140 NMIAC § 50.1-1235.

The Administrative Procedure Act provides for license hearings, when a notice of a hearing is required, and defers to an agency's specific organic act. 1 CMC \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 9108 - 10. This Order addresses an emergency situation **coming** under the specific "immediate and grave danger to the public" provision of the HCPLA, 3 CMC \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2206(n).

Facts

Dr. Priyantha Wijayagunaratne, the only physician at THC, has submitted his resignation effective December 1, 2010. However, **beginning** on Friday, November, 12, 2010, Dr. Wijayagunaratne will be on sick leave until December 1, 2010. Accordingly, as of Monday, November 15, 2010, THC is without a physician.

THC is requesting that the Board consider an Emergency Order to exempt **THC**'s Mid-Level Provider, PA Juan B. Pangelinan, so as to provide health care at THC through remote supervision. CHC, through Mr. John Tagabuel and Secretary Joseph K. Villagomez, has agreed to provide physician supervision to PA Pangelinan by the CHC's Emergency Room physicians, namely Dr. Marty Rohringer, Dr. Trent Scheibe, Dr. Greg Kotheimer, and Dr. Shirish Balanchandra.

Board Findings and Conclusions

The Board finds that it would be unfair to the people of **Tinian** to restrict Mr. **Pangelinan** from practicing at THC merely because the Center does not presently have a physician. This Order provides authority for remote supervision from **Saipan**. We will not continue the authority provided in this Order indefinitely but we will continue it for a time.

Ruling and Ordering Paragraphs

The Board having been fully advised in the premises of this matter, for the above-stated reasons, hereby Orders that:

- 1. Mr. Juan B. Pangelinan, a licensed physician assistant (medex), may work as a licensed professional on **Tinian**.
- 2. Supervision: Dr. Marty Rohringer, Dr. Trent Scheibe, Dr. Greg Kotheimer, and Dr. Shirish Balanchandra, physicians from CHC's Emergency Room, will be the supervising physicians for Mr. Pangelinan.
- 3. Mr. Pangelinan shall submit a new Practice Agreement, which shall be approved by the Board, to address the requirements of this Order, and which shall be signed by both him and the supervising physicians (fax signatures are acceptable). This

agreement must be submitted to the Board no later than Tuesday, November 16, 2010 at 4:30pm, by hard copy or electronically, otherwise this Order expires 24 hours later.

- 4. The agreement shall include:
 - a. The supervising **physician(s)** to provide the required supervision of Mr. Pangelinan with necessary contact by telephone.
 - b. Daily **emails** shall be exchanged between Mr. Pangelinan and the supervising **physician(s)** for permitted prescriptions.
 - c. The database of patients on chronic or long-term scheduled medications shall be maintained and updated by Mr. Pangelinan. The supervising physician to ensure adherence to the standard of care shall review it monthly.
 - d. Chart notes and prescriptions will be sent to the supervising **physician(s)** for review and signature, as provided below.
 - e. The supervising **physician(s)** shall closely monitor chronic pain contracts for adherence.
- **5.** Mr. Pangelinan is authorized to prescribe:
 - a. Schedule II medications as follows: None.

Schedule **III** through V medications as follows:

- (1) Mr. Pangelinan is authorized to prescribe Schedule III through V medications as needed. The supervising physician will be informed of said prescriptions via daily **emails**.
- (2) The **supervising physician(s)** shall review and sign chart notes and prescriptions within 3 weeks.
- (3) Mr. Pangelinan may prescribe no more than a 21-day supply of Schedule III-V medications. For **refills**, supervising physician must cosign prescription and his DEA number also needs to be clearly written on prescription form;
- (4) A prescription for Schedule III-V written by PA Pangelinan must be documented in the patient's chart and must include the name of the drug, dose, route of administration, frequency, duration, quantity prescribed and name of supervising physician he consulted with.
- 6. This Order shall be continued through the following date: The day of the Board's scheduled January board meeting.
- 7. The Board shall review this matter at its next board meeting. THC management is invited to appear at that meeting and update the Board on its efforts at recruiting a supervising physician.
- 8. A copy of this Order shall be placed in a public area of the Tinian Health Center. The Executive Director, or her designee, is directed to do the following in person or by electronic means:
 - b. Serve this Order on the licensee, Mr. Juan B. Pangelinan.
 - c. Serve this Order on the director of the Tinian Health Center;
 - d. Serve this Order on the Secretary of the Dept. of Public Health;
 - e. Serve this Order on the supervising physicians at CHC's ER;

- **f.** Have the Order published in the next Commonwealth Register.
- g. Place this matter on the Board's agenda for ratification at its next meeting.

A party seeking to appeal this Order is directed to 1 CMC § 9112 (b), which provides for judicial review of final orders within 30 days in the Commonwealth Superior Court. The Board believes that this is a final Order.

/s/ Dr. Janet McCullough, Ph.D. Chair

11/15/10

Dated:

/s/ Dr. Ahmad Al-Alou, Board Member

/s/ Dr. Leticia Borja, Board Member

/s/ Ms. Pam Carhill, Board Member

/s/ Dr. Ken Pierson, Board Member

Health Care Professions Licensing Board

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NOTICE OF CERTIFICATION AND ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS

REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE SMOKE-FREE AIR ACT OF 2008, PUBLIC LAW 16-46, 6 CMC §§ 3171-3187

ACTION TO ADOPT PROPOSED REGULATIONS: On September 22, 2010, as required under 1 CMC § 9104(a), the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Department of Public Health, published public notice of its intent to adopt permanent regulations to implement provisions of the Smoke-Free Air Act of 2008, PL 16-46, 6 CMC § 3171-3187. (See 32 Com. Reg. 030657 (Sept. 22, 2010)). The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Department of Public Health, HEREBY ADOPTS AS PERMANENT REGULATIONS the attached Regulations, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), 1 CMC § 9102, 9104(a), 9105 and applicable regulations.

AUTHORIN: The Department of **Public Health,** under 1 CMC §§ 2603 and 2605, is empowered to maintain and improve the **health** conditions and is authorized to adopt **rules** and **regulations** regarding those matters over which it has jurisdiction. The Smoke-Free Air Act of 2008, PL 16-46, § 3181(a) mandates the enforcement of its provisions by the Department of **Public Health.**

MODIFICATIONS AND SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES FROM PROPOSED REGULATIONS: In its notice of intended action published on September 22, 2010, the Department of Public Health published proposed regulations to implement provisions of the Smoke-Free Air Act of 2008, PL 16-46, 6 CMC §§ 3171-3187. (See 32 Com. Reg. 030657-030671 (Sept. 22,2010)). The following modifications and substantive changes have been made to the proposed regulations and incorporated into the final permanent regulations attached to this notice:

- Section 302(1)(a): Deleted "and nondesignated parking areas"
- Section 500: Deleted "bars (including open-air bars)" from the list of entities or locations not regulated under Public Law 16-46. Added a new subsection (1) by adding: "(1) Bars, including open air bars, until the earlier of an established time when the kitchen ceases servicing meals or 10:00 p.m., provided that smoke does not infiltrate into areas where smoking is prohibited."
- Section 700(1)(c): Deleted "faith-based organization and groups"

Section 700(1)(d): Changed "two (2) quarterly orientation sessions" to "one (1) quarterly orientation session"

• Section 800(1): Added "person"

EFFECTIVE DATE: Pursuant to the APA, 1 CMC § 9105(b) and applicable regulations, these adopted Regulations are effective on December 1, 2010 or 10 days after compliance with 1 CMC §§ 9102, 9104(a) and 9105 and publication in the Commonwealth Register, whichever date is later.

COMMENTS AND AGENCY CONCISE STATEMENT: Pursuant to APA, 1 CMC § 9104(a)(1) the Department gave proper notice of its intended action. Pursuant to 1 CMC § 9104(a)(2) the Department afforded all interested persons reasonable opportunity to submit data, views, or arguments, in writing. The Department notes that no data, views, or arguments were submitted in response to the **notice** of intended action. Upon this adoption of the Regulations, the Department, if requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within thirty days thereafter, **will** issue a concise statement of the **principle** reasons for overruling the reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating therein its reasons for **overruling** the considerations urged against its adoption.

I, Joseph Kevin P. Villagomez, Secretary of Public Health, hereby approve the attached Regulations, and further certii that the attached Regulations are a true copy of the regulations as adopted by the Department of Public Health.

Submitted by:

Joseph Kevin P. Villagomez

Secretary of Public Health

Pursuant to 1 CMC § 2153(e) (AG approval of regulations to be promulgated as to form) and 1 CMC § 9104(a)(3) (obtain AG approval) the regulations attached hereto have been reviewed and approved as to form and legal sufficiency by the Attomey General and shall be published, 1 CMC § 2153(f) (publication of rules and regulations).

Edward T. Buckingham Attorney General 11-13-10 Date

Filed and

Recorded by:_6

Esther M. San Nicolas Commonwealth Register 11./8.10 Date

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE SMOKE-FREE AIR ACT OF 2008, PUBLIC LAW 16-46, 6 CMC §§ 3171-3187

100 SCOPE AND AUTHORITY

<u>101</u> The purpose of the Smoke-Free Air Act of 2008 and these regulations is to protect the public health and welfare by prohibiting smoking in public places and places of employment; and to guarantee the right of nonsmokers to breathe smoke **free** air, and to recognize that the need to breathe smoke free air shall have priority over the desire to smoke. The Act shall not be construed to prohibit or otherwise restrict smoking in outdoor areas. The Act shall not be construed to **permit** smoking where it is prohibited or otherwise restricted by other applicable law, ordinance, or resolution. The Act and these regulations shall be liberally construed to **further** its purpose.

102 The regulations throughout this chapter implement the provisions of the Smoke-Free Air Act of **2008**, **P.L.** 16-46. The Department of Public Health, under 1 CMC \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2603 and 2605, is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to effect its duties under Title 6, Division 3, Chapter 1, Article 4 of the Commonwealth Code.

103 These regulations shall become effective on December 1,2010.

200 DEFINITIONS

Act means the Smoke-Free Air Act of 2008

Attached Bar means a bar area of a restaurant

Bar means an establishment that is devoted to the serving of alcoholic beverages for **consumption** by guests on the premised and in which the serving of food is only incidental to the consumption of those beverages, including but not limited to, taverns, nightclubs, cocktail lounges, and cabarets.

<u>Business</u> means a sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or other business entity, either for profit or not for profit, including retail establishments where goods or services are sold **as** well **as** professional corporations and other entities where legal, medical, dental, engineering, architectural, or other professional services are delivered.

<u>Employee</u> means a person who is employed by an employer in consideration for direct or indirect monetary wages or profit, and a person who volunteers his or her services for a non-profit entity.

<u>Employer</u> means a person, business, partnership, association, corporation, including a municipal corporation, trust, or non-profit entity that employs the services of one or more individual persons.

<u>Enclosed area</u> means an area or space bounded by walls, with or without windows, continuous **from** floor to ceiling and enclosed by one or more doors, including but not limited to **an** office, **function** room, or hallway. If an outdoor area, as defined herein, has structure capable of being enclosed by walls or covers, regardless of the materials or removable nature of the walls or covers, that area will be considered enclosed when the walls or covers are in place.

<u>Entrance</u> means the opening of a building. For the purposes of these regulations, it can be a door used for entry or exit or **an** operable window.

<u>Health care facility</u> means an office or institution providing care or treatment of diseases, whether physical, mental, or emotional, or other medical, physiological, or psychological conditions, including but not limited to, hospitals or other clinics, including nursing homes, homes for the aging or chronically ill, laboratories, and offices of surgeons, **chiropractors**, physical therapists, physicians, dentists, and **all** specialists within these professions. This **definition** shall include all waiting rooms, hallways, private rooms, semiprivate rooms, and wards within health care facilities.

Outdoor area means any space open to the outside air at all times.

Outdoor Arena means a location in which an organized event takes place

<u>Person</u> means <u>any</u> individual, <u>firm</u>, fiduciary, partnership, corporation, trust or association, however formed, club, trustee, agency or receiver.

<u>Place of employment</u> means an area under the control of a public or private employer that employees normally **frequent** during the course of employment, including, but not limited to, work area, employee lounges, **restrooms**, conference rooms, meeting rooms, **classrooms**, employee cafeterias, hallways, and vehicles. A private residence is not a "place of employment" unless it is used as a child care, adult day care, or health care facility.

<u>Public dace</u> means an enclosed area to which the public is invited or in which the public is permitted, including but not limited to, banks, educational facilities, health care facilities, Laundromats, public transportation facilities, reception areas, restaurants, retail food production and marketing establishments, retail service establishments, retail stores, shopping malls, sports arenas, theaters, and waiting rooms. A private residence is not a "public place" unless it is used as a child care, adult day care, or health care facility.

<u>Restaurant</u> means an eating establishment, including but not limited to, coffee shops, cafeterias, sandwich stands, and private and public school cafeterias, which gives or offers for sale food to the public, guests, or employees, as well as kitchens and catering

facilities in which food is prepared on the premises for serving elsewhere. The term "restaurant" shall include an attached bar.

Retail tobacco store means a retail store utilized primarily for the sale of tobacco products and accessories and in which the sale of other products is merely incidental.

<u>Service line</u> means **an** indoor line in which one (1) or more persons are waiting for or receiving service of any kind, whether or not the services involves the exchange of money.

Shopping mall means an enclosed public walkway or hall area that serves to connect retail or professional establishments.

Smoking means inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, weed, plant, or other combustible substance in any manner or in any form.

Sports arena means sports pavilions, stadiums, gymnasium, health spas, boxing arenas, swimming pools, bowling alleys, and other similar places where members of the general public assemble to engage in physical exercise, participate in athletic competition, or witness sports or other events.

300 PUBLIC PLACES and PUBLIC MEETINGS

- 301 Prohibition of Smoking in Government Facilities: Smoking is prohibited in all enclosed areas and outdoor areas within 25 feet of any doorway entrance or exit to a government facility that is owned, leased, or operated by the Government of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI) or any instrumentality thereof; including but not limited to office buildings, warehouses and vehicles owned and leased by the same. For the purposes of determining compliance within these regulations, the Department will confer with the CNMI Department of Public Works and the CNMI Building Code as to all applicable standards for buildings and enclosure requirements.
- 302 Prohibition of **Smoking** in Public Places: Smoking is prohibited in all enclosed areas of public places, including but not limited to areas available to and customarily used by the general public and other common-use areas. For the purposes of determining compliance within these regulations, the Department of Public Health will assess these areas according to the following requirements:
 - (1) Sports arenas including enclosed places in outdoor arenas. Smoking shall be prohibited in:
 - (a) Any open field used for a sporting event including sitting areas (bleachers/stands) with the exception of designated parking.
 - (b) Within the fenced perimeter; common areas; fields; and general premises of the Gilbert C. Ada Gymnasium; Tan Ko Palacios Baseball

VOLUME 32

Field; Miguel Pangelinan Softball Field; and the track & field/soccer area, with the exception of the parking lot.

- (2) Smoking shall be prohibited in the lobby areas of motels or hotels except in designated smoking areas in an outdoor area 25 feet or farther from the entrances, exits, operable windows, and ventilation intakes that serve an enclosed public place or workplace in which smoking is prohibited.
- 303 Prohibition of Smoking in Places of Employment: Smoking is prohibited in all enclosed facilities within places of employment, or within 25 feet of any person who is not smoking if the place or site of work is an outdoor area or area other than an enclosed area, without exception. For the purposes of determining compliance within these regulations, employers must adhere to the following:
 - (1) Inform employees, agents, subagents, contractors, **customers** and all other persons who are physically present on the premises of the prohibition against smoking.
 - (2) Prominently posting "Smoking" or "No Smoking" signs, or the international "No Smoking" symbol,
 - (3) Removing all ashtrays,
 - (4) Asking any person who smokes in an area where smoking is prohibited to refrain **from** smoking,
 - (5) If the person does not **refrain** from smoking, asking **the** person to leave,
 - (6) Refusing service to a person who is smoking.

If the **person** refuses to leave, the proprietor or other person in charge shall handle the situation in the same manner as for violations of other laws, employee policies, or house rules.

Nothing in this section prohibits the owner, manager, or other person in charge **from** taking more **stringent** measures to protect individuals from secondhand smoke.

304 Prohibition of **Smoking** on Property of the Public School System and the Northern Marianas College: [Reserved]

400 REASONABLE DISTANCE

Smoking is prohibited within a reasonable distance of 25 feet outside an enclosed area where **smoking** is prohibited. For the purposes of determining compliance within these regulations, the Department will assess reasonable distance according to the following requirements:

> (1) Any **smoking** shall be no less than 25 feet away from any entrances including window openings and ventilation systems or any other means of possible infiltration to an enclosed area.

> > **AUMBER 11**

- (2) Any smoking shall be no less than 25 feet away from any person who is not smoking, if the place or site of work is an outdoor area or area other than an enclosed area; and
- (3) In no case shall this provision be used to permit smoking on school grounds or property of the CNMI Public School System; the Northern Marianas College; and any school or college-related functions, events, or activities on Saipan, **Tinian**, or Rota.
- (4) There shall be no **smoking** permitted or allowed outside of nor on any balconies of any motel or hotel room regardless of whether such room is designated as a **smoking** room. Any smoking shall be confined to the area within the **smoking-designated** room.

500 WHERE SMOKING NOT REGULATED

Smoking may be allowed by owners or operators **as** to entities or locations not regulated under Public Law **16-46** and as incorporated into these regulations, including private residences or homes; private apartments or condominiums; within specific and limited **hotel/motel** rooms that are rented to guests and are designated **as smoking** rooms; private and semiprivate rooms in nursing homes and **long-term** care facilities that are occupied by one or more persons, all of whom are smokers and have requested in writing for a designated **smoking** room; outdoor areas of places of employment except those covered by the provisions of \$3174 and \$3176; enclosed gaming areas of a casino establishment; and fully enclosed and well-ventilated smoking areas at the departure terminal of the Commonwealth airports.

For the purposes of determining compliance within these regulations, the following are to comply with the prohibition against smoking **as** regulated entities or areas in the following manner:

- (1) Bars, including open air bars, until the earlier of an established time when the kitchen ceases servicing meals or **10:00** p.m., provided that smoke does not infiltrate into areas where smoking is prohibited.
- (2) Attached bars until the earlier of **an** established time when the kitchen ceases servicing dinner meals or **10:00 p.m.**, provided that smoke does not **infiltrate** into areas where smoking is prohibited. Because ventilation systems are inadequate to prevent second-hand smoke, whenever smoking occurs or is permitted in **an** attached bar area of a restaurant under this provision, any smoking including second-hand smoke shall be controlled through complete and separate enclosures such as enclosed glass windows; separate entrances; and sealed doors from the dining area **and/or** dining patrons, after 10:00 p.m. Ventilations or exhaust fans are deemed insufficient to control infiltration or **drift** of smoke from the permitted smoking area. Total and separate enclosures are required.
- (3) Private residence used as a licensed child care, adult day care, or health facility; and

(4) No more than 20% of rooms rented to guests in an establishment may be designated as smoking. Room reservations should be for non-smoking rooms unless a customer specifically requests for a smoking room.

600 **COMPLIANCE**

The person, *firm*, corporation, or other entity that owns, leases, manages, operates, or otherwise controls the use of a public place, workplace, or public transportation regulated by this law shall take necessary steps to prevent smoking by:

- (1) Informing employees, agents, subagents, contractors, customers and all other persons who are physically present on the premises of the prohibition against smoking.
- (2) Prominently posting "Smoking" or "No Smoking" signs, or the international "No **Smoking"** symbol,
- (3) Removing all ashtrays,
- (4) Asking any person who smokes in an area where smoking is prohibited to refrain from smoking.
- (5) If the person does not refrain from **smoking**, asking the person to leave,
- (6) Refusing service to a person who is smoking,

If the person refuses to leave, the proprietor or other person in charge shall handle the situation in the same manner as for violations of other laws or house rules

Nothing in this section prohibits the proprietor or other person in charge from taking more stringent measures to protect individuals from secondhand smoke.

700 ENFORCEMENT

This act shall be enforced by the Department of Public Health (DPH) through the Bureau of Environmental Health (BEH) or an authorized designee. Such enforcement will include, but is not limited to, the following measures:

- BEH, in **conjunction** with the Community Guidance Center Program Manager for Substance-Abuse or Tobacco Prevention ("CGC") shall conduct a Community Outreach and Information Program designed to inform the community of the provisions of Public Law 16-46 and these regulations through the following activities:
 - BEH and CGC shall develop an information brochure and "Frequently Asked Questions" or "FAQs" for the community and for regulated entities or businesses in order to inform the community of the provisions of P.L. 16-46.
 - This community outreach effort shall take place through December 1,2010 on a regular basis.

- (c) BEH and CGC shall conduct presentations to the Alcohol Beverage and Tobacco Control Board: the Marianas Visitor's Bureau: the Saipan Chamber of Commerce; Rotary Club of Saipan; Rota and Tinian Mayor's Offices; the Department of Public Safety officers and personnel; the CNMI Fire Division: the Hotel Association of the Northern Mariana Islands; and any other civic, community or business organizations.
- After December 1, 2010 BEH and the Community Guidance Center shall widuct at least one (1) quarterly orientation session on Saipan regarding Public Law 16-46 until December 1,2011.
- There shall be at least one additional orientation or presentation on **Tinian** and Rota after December 1,2010.
- The CNMI Business Licensing Office, CNMI Zoning Office, and Registrar of Corporations shall provide a copy of this act to all applicants submitting an application to do business in the CNMI and/or any Information Brochure or FAQs prepared by BEH which summarizes the provisions of Public Law 16-46 and its requirements.
- BEH and/or the Fire Division of the Department of Public Safety (DPS) shall conduct inspections for compliance of this act during regular scheduled mandated inspections including sanitation and/or fire safety inspections in addition to the following activities:
 - BEH shall make itself available for courtesy inspections for compliance under this chapter without any penalty in order to provide feedback and information to affected businesses seeking to comply with Public Law 16-46:
 - BEH may solicit or may request information from business owners or regulated entities in order to answer any questions or to resolve any issues or concerns relating to the Act and its provisions or these regulations;
 - BEH shall, in addition to being familiar with Public Law 16-46 (c) themselves, have available any handouts or brochures to distribute.
- A proprietor, owner, or operator of an establishment regulated by this Act shall inform persons violating or disregarding the provisions of the Act of the appropriate requirements. Offending persons shall be instructed to cease smoking or relocate or to leave the premises should they refuse to comply.
- Any citizen may report a violation to BEH or the Department of Public Safety to initiate enforcement of the Act;
- An employee or private citizen may bring legal action to compel enforcement and may seek injunctive relief to enforce these provisions in any court of competent jurisdiction.

800 CITATIONS, HEARING, AND PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS

- (1) BEH shall develop a citation form (which may be part of a general citation form under its other areas of jurisdiction) for the specific purpose of issuing a Citation or Notice of Violation, including any Warning thereof, for violations of Public Law 16-46 by any person, owner, operator, or business entity regulated by law under this chapter. The Citation or Notice of Violation shall, at a minimum, indicate the date, place, time and manner of the violation; identify the complaining party; the section of Public Law 16-46 and/or this chapter violated; a short and plain statement of the factual basis and findings; and a notice to appear for a hearing should the violator wish to dispute the Citation.
- (2) BEH shall designate a Hearing Officer under its existing procedures for any administrative hearings under this chapter. All administrative hearings for any citations, shall be coordinated and handled by BEH. Alternately, any proceedings shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the Administrative Procedure Act at 1 CMC Section 9101 et seq.
- (3) In addition to the BEH, the Department of Public Safety may issue a Citation or Notice of Violation to any person violating Public Law 16-46 or issue any Warning, written or verbal, to any person or business owner or operator and provide a copy of such Citation or Warning to BEH. All citations shall be heard by the BEH Hearing Officer.
- (4) After hearing, notice, and opportunity to be heard, the BEH Hearing Officer may issue **any** Order, Administrative Penalty or Fine; and other appropriate relief under the statute as authorized.
- (5) Any decisions by the BEH Hearing Officer shall be a final agency decision and any aggrieved party may seek judicial review to the CNMI Superior Court.
- (6) If Public Law 16-46, \$\frac{1}{8}\$ 3182(c) is applicable, BEH and/or the Department of Public Safety shall refer the matter to the Secretary of the Department of Finance or an authorized designee for possible action pursuant to 4 CMC \$5611(g).

VOLUME 32



COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

Benigno R. Fitial Governor

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Eloy S. Inos Lt. Governor

DECLARATION OF A STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY:

COMMONWEALTH UTILITIES CORPORATION'S IMMINENT GENERATION AND OTHER FAILURE AND THE NEED TO PROVIDE IMMEDIATE RELIABLE POWER, WATER AND WASTEWATER **SERVICES**

CONTINUATION #28

EXECUTIVE ORDER 2010-17

I, ELOY S. INOS, pursuant to the authority vested in me as Acting Governor of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands by Article III, Section 10 of the Commonwealth Constitution and 3 CMC § 5123 of the Commonwealth Disaster Relief Act of 1979, do hereby declare a State of Disaster Emergency for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands due to the inability of the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation (CUC) to provide critical power generation service to the CNMI and the extreme, immediate and imminent threat such condition poses to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

This Executive Order is intended to, and does, continue in effect portions of the Governor's preceding disaster emergency declarations on this matter, EO 2009-01 through -09, and 11-13, and EO 2010-01 through -06, -08 through -10, and 16, except as specifically modified. As more fully stated below, this Executive Order shall expire on the 31st day following the date of my

Page 1 of 28

Caller Box 10007 Saipan, MP 96950 Telephone: (670) 664-2200/2201 Facsimile: (670) 664-2211

signature. The following findings and conclusions further support continuation of the

Declaration and issuance of directives.

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Table of Contents

FINDINGS Page 3	3 of 28
MANPOWER CRISIS DUE TO RESTRICTIVE LEGISLATION Page 3	3 of 28
Summary Page 3	3 of 28
Background	3 of 28
Stiffing CUC with the technical experts to permit continued electric service	5 of 28
Complying with the federal court order on disposal of used oil Page 11	l of 28
Complying with the federal court order on managing the water and wastewater systems Page 13	3 of 28
Meeting US District Court and CNMI Public Utilities Commission requirements to produce timely, accurate financial reports. Page 18	3 of 28
MANAGEMENT CRISIS IN ABSENCE OF A PROPER BOARD/CEO STRUCTURE	of 28
Forestalling corporate paralysis Page 20	of 28
Fixing CUC's technical insolvency	l of 28
Providing the basis for proper CPUC oversight. Page 23	3 of 28
Addressing a critical financial challenge Page 23	3 of 28
CRISIS FROM THE LACK OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONPage 25	of 28
CONCLUSION AND ORDER	5 of 28
DIRECTIVES	5 of 28
Directive 9: The Executive Director of CUC shall have all the powers of the CUC Board	5 of 28
Directive 10: The following strike-out-formatted language of the quoted provisions of the following statute regulating government employment is, as indicated, suspended	7 of 28

FINDINGS

I find that:

1. All findings and conclusions of EO 2009-01 through -09, and 11-13, and EO 2010-01 through -06, and -08 through -10, and 16 are incorporated by reference, except as specifically varied in this Executive Order.

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MANPOWER CRISIS DUE TO RESTRICTIVE LEGISLATION

2. Summary. A shortage of manpower forced by legislation limiting skilled foreign workers has continued to place CUC operations at risk. Incipient failures in the CUC water, wastewater and power transmission and distribution networks have underscored the importance of having in place a well-funded and functioning preventive maintenance program. Skilled workers and a responsive support system are key to the success of the operations, particularly of preventive maintenance. Presently CNMI law (3 CMC § 4532, as most recently amended by PL 17-1) prohibits CUC from hiring any more non-US technical workers than the skilled professionals recently with CUC. CUC has repeatedly asked the Legislature for relief from this statute regulating the Government's workforce, to no avail. Further, errors in wording in the CUC enabling legislation recently re-enacted, PL 16-17, as amended, would bar the Executive Director from day-to-day management of the corporation, effectively shutting CUC down. This EO eliminates these problems while it is in effect.

3. **Background.** CUC has substantially minimized the risk of losing the services of its owned generating capacity, which losses created intermittent blackouts on portions of its system. It therefore allowed the Aggreko year-long temporary power contract to terminate, as provided in the agreement, effective September 12,2009. This saves CUC customers at **least** \$6 million per year in fees. But it still presents risks, as the strategy requires proper operation and maintenance of **CUC's** owned engines by CUC's technical staff, and the timely securing of materials and supplies.

4. CUC bears a substantial obligation to deliver highly technical work on time to the satisfaction of the US District Court and the US EPA, pursuant to two sets of consent, or "stipulated", orders.

a. The first requires the upgrade and smooth functioning in virtually all aspects of CUC's water and wastewater divisions. The second requires CUC to properly eliminate over 400,000 gallons of used oil and to institute measures to avoid uncontrolled buildup of such inventories. Failure to meet the requirements of the

- federal court orders could subject CUC and the CNMI to substantial fines and charges, and, in the extreme, to a federal takeover of their finances. Presently CUC is "accruing" substantial fines. Most of the fines have not been levied; but they could be. The EPA has, however, levied two fines, in the amount of \$29,000 and \$140,000 (June 2010 letter).
- b. On February 24,2010, the US District Court entered an additional stipulated order. It provided, among other things, that a professionally-developed Interim Financial Plan ("IFP") would be provided to the US EPA within 30 days, by March 26,2010. The final version of that document must be filed by November 30,2010. This additional stipulation requires CUC to meet a number of deadlines, each involving the application of technical expertise. CUC has timely filed the IFP. It now has the task of implementing the IFP and meeting these deadlines. Failure to meet these requirements would subject CUC to the described sanctions.
- c. Of concern to CUC are the tight deadlines for Stipulated Order 2 (Oil Management) projects that are funded by a \$4.05 million CIP grant awarded in February, 2010, by the US Department of the Interior's Office of Insular Affairs. The funding is to assist CUC is disposing of the used waste oil discussed in this Executive Order. Failure to meet the deadlines could subject CUC to additional EPA sanctions.
- d. The coordination of the approvals from the various agencies calls for a responsive procurement system at CUC, including the trained technical staff to implement the system.
- 5. CUC is thoroughly regulated by the Commonwealth Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC"). The regulator has plenary power over CUC rates, charges, fees, operations and capital investments. CUC's failure to timely and competently meet CPUC orders and other requirements can result in severe rate discipline, and fines and other penalties. For example, the Commission required CUC to meet certain requirements, including the filing of a technically complex rate case (Docket No. 10-01) by the end of January 2010, or face fines of \$500 per day. CUC was required to file an additional, complex electric power rate case in the fall of 2010. It filed the case on November 10,2010.
- 6. CUC is the sole electricity supplier to the Government of the CNMI, including all public safety activities, the schools, and the only hospital. CUC also supplies electricity to most of the CNMI's businesses and homes. While some businesses and agencies own backup generators, they are not generally organized to use the backups as permanent power sources; and the diesel

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oil purchased to run these generators is substantially more expensive than that used for CUC power.

7. Without CUC electricity:

- a. most CNMI economic activity would come to a halt, the courts would soon close, much refrigeration and air conditioning would end, and the airports and ports would be forced to rely on emergency generation and the limited, expensive oil supply for it;
- b. the CNMI's health and safety would immediately be at risk, since **traffic** signals and street lighting would cease to function, emergency, fire and police facilities and their **communications systems**, and the Hospital and island clinics would have to rely on limited oil supplies for emergency generation and then cease functioning, much refrigeration of food and medicines would end, **as** would air conditioning for the elderly and medically fragile;
- the public schools and the Northern Marianas College would close. Other educational institutions would close as their backup oil supplies for emergency generators were exhausted; and
- d. water and sewage treatment would soon end. One of CUC's largest electric customers is the combined CUC Water and Wastewater Divisions. CUC is the sole supplier of electricity for these systems. CUC's water system relies on electricity to maintain the system pressure needed to avoid the backflow of pathogens, to chlorinate, and to pump, store and to distribute water supplies. CUC's wastewater system requires electricity to collect, pump, process, treat and discharge sewage. The lack of electricity could result in sewage overflows, contamination of land and 'water and rendering unsafe the CNMI's beaches, which are also principal tourist destinations.
- 8. As discussed below, CUC is currently advertising for about 20 vacancies, including the Executive Director, the Water Distribution Manager, the Wastewater Manager, five engineers, a general counsel, an internal auditor, a grants writer and/or a grants specialist, two wastewater level 2 treatment operators, two wastewater level 2 collection operators, and two water treatment /distribution levels 1 and 2 operators for Rota. CUC also seeks to renew 18 technical and professional contracts for non-US citizens. Without these positions filled CUC's operations would be severely compromised.

Staffing CUC with the technical experts to permit continued electric service

separators began. All of this work has been essential.

9. CUC continues to maintain and rehabilitate its owned power plants. CUC tries to maintain and rehabilitate the operating units to adequately meet load. CUC has secured federal funds to buy many needed parts to avoid outages. CUC began the needed overhaul of PP #1 unit DE-5 in September 2009. In October 2009 four other units began required overhaul, a 12-month program.

10. In November 2009, the following work started: The critical replacement of the PP #1

11. This work has been successful. Power Plant 1 Engines 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 are available. Engine 8's critical foundation repair and anchor bolt replacement have been completed. The major engine overhaul is under way, to finish by the end of 2010...

anchor bolts, in order to stop the shifting and vibration that has **ruined** the plant; and foundation repairs to Engines 1 and 8. Shortly thereafter the replacement of **turbochargers** and oil-water

12. In effect, CUC management, with generous federal financial assistance, has brought its generation back from the brink of system failure. There are adequate reserves. If maintained properly, the system can provide the **CNMI's** citizens and residents with adequate power.

13. Adequate technical staff is essential to this work. A major challenge to carrying out this rehabilitation has been **finding** the trained technicians needed to carry out these rehabilitation projects, and maintain and run the equipment. The technicians must be ready for service when needed and their services must be affordable. Any significant reduction in **CUC's** present technical workforce could seriously compromise **CUC's** ability to generate and distribute power. Therefore, in November 2010 management interviewed 5 more foreign trade technicians to replace technicians who had resigned or were terminated. Also, CUC hired 7 trade assistants, all US citizens, who were converted from contract to career service employee trade technicians.

14. With respect to CUC's lines, equipment used by CUC's Transmission and Distribution unit ("T & D), including many vehicles, is dilapidated and unsafe. There is an insufficient number of skilled workers to operate T & D. The linemen must be trained to, and skillful in, meeting US standards. Fortunately, a federal DOI/OIA grant paid for some lineman training in June. The critical upcoming projects in T & D include the replacement of the antiquated, rundown and unsafe vehicle fleet; the redesign of T & D using national Rural Utility Service standards; the replacement/installation of insulators, transformers, overcurrent protection, sectionalizers and the installation of efficient LED street lighting.

15. For example, Saipan's early-September 2009 brush with Typhoon Choi-Wan 15W that passed to the north of Saipan, and typhoon Melor, which passed just north of Saipan in October

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- 16. In 2010 outages due to Power Transmission & Distribution have been extremely low: May saw only 11 minutes; April just one minute. These are the lowest such figures in the last seven years, reflecting **an** extraordinary accomplishment for an understaffed, overworked CUC work **group**.
- 17. Utility industry safety margins for isolated, island systems typically require a reserve equal to the capacity of the two largest generating units. In CUC's case this would be another 15 MW of load, equivalent to the departed Aggreko temporary units. Meeting this reserve requirement means CUC must have an adequate repair and maintenancestaff.
- 18. The Legislature, through PL 17-1 (Mar. 22,2010), has limited CUC's ability to hire technical staff; eliminating prior statutory permission to hire up to 19 foreign workers, and reinstituting a moratorium on the Government's hiring of foreign nationals, even if needed for highly technical positions for which no local or Mainland citizens are available. The CUC Act, as subsequently re-enacted by PL 16-17 (Oct 1, 2008), provides that CUC shall hire such persons as are necessary for operations, except as otherwise limited by other law. 4 CMC § 8123(h).
- 19. PMIC at PP #4 and Telesource on Tinian, and the Rota Resort on Rota, as Independent Power Producers (IPPs), are not subject to the Legislature's limitation or prohibition on foreign workers. Nor are consulting firms that provide specialty utility industry services.
- 20. There are not enough US-citizen or US-resident technical specialists at CUC to get the power generation work done, particularly specialists with experience in the **type** of engines that CUC uses. CUC believes that the vast majority of skill sets must come **from** non-US personnel.
- 21. CUC has tried to hire diesel mechanics in the CNMI, but has been unsuccessful in finding all the qualified candidates. In the summer of 2009 CUC identified 16 potential new staff after interviews 7 mechanics, 1 welder, 1 machinist, and 7 operators. Two of the operator candidates were US citizens.
- 22. CUC has hired some local staff in time thanks to the aggressive steps of CUC HR, the Executive Director and earlier versions of Directive 10. But hiring qualified technical experts

- from the pool of US citizens and permanent residents is extremely **difficult** due to the **CNMI's** competitive disadvantages, including **salary/benefit** packages and the distance **from** the Mainland. For instance, in October 2010 the top candidate for Manager of Drinking Water &
- 4 Wastewater turned down CUC's offer. The targeted recruit for the Health, Safety and
- 5 Environment Officer also turned down a CUC offer. This month, November 2010, CUC's Oil
- Manager resigned. The challenge to CUC is that it is recruiting for positions from a US labor pool in which the targeted candidates are already gainfully employed, as opposed to the other professionals in other segments of the US economy. For instance, one of CUC's own local employees a supervisor in Wastewater, moved to Oregon early in 2010 and was soon, hired by

employees, a supervisor in Wastewater, moved to Oregon early in 2010 and was soon hired by the local wastewater & water district.

23. CUC has hired **skilled** trade technicians needed on Saipan for power plant operations and maintenance. For Rota, CUC announced the need for a mechanic-operator and an electrical operator. As more units begin working after the power plant rehabilitations are largely complete, CUC will need more staff to operate and maintain them. For the foreseeable **future**, CUC needs to maintain its complement of skilled workers. In the **meantime**, CUC continues to work with the Northern Marianas Trade Institute ("NMTI") to **find** local trainees, part of a multi-year apprenticeship program. CUC has had about a dozen of these trainees, but requires fully trained, experienced technicians to keep the power plants running.

24. With generous grant **funding** and the use of in-house technical specialists and outside contractors, CUC has undertaken substantial rehabilitation of its power system. Future projects include replacing turbochargers, conserving and reclaiming used lube and waste oil, retrofitting streetlights with low-wattage **LED's**, and restoring power generation and adequate distribution on Rota. Even if contractors do the work, CUC technical **staff** must research and prepare bid documents, review technical proposals, and oversee the work.

25. The bottom line on **CUC's** technical work has been a substantial increase in reliability, specifically the availability of CUC's generation. CUC's transmission and distribution has similarly improved – January 2010 saw 10 hours 44 minutes of outages, April 2010 saw one minute. It was critical to this latter improvement that CUC had the **skilled**, trained work force to maintain power lines.

- 26. But even as power becomes more reliable, CUC must employ technical experts to reduce its distribution losses (electricity that CUC "loses", and does not bill to identified customers, means that all customers must pay for it). With world oil prices increasing CUC's power costs, such losses have accounted roughly for \$4.8 million annually, which CNMI customers must cover. CUC requires a team of skilled technicians to find and eliminate power theft and line losses. CUC has assembled electrical crews from power generation to help Power T & D with Operation Sweep. The electrical crews also help with the electrical wiring or re-wiring and make it easier
- for the meter technicians to perform their job of meter installation. CUC crews are also speeding

up the installation of Watt-hour meters for all water and wastewater facilities, as ordered by the CPUC.

- 27. All of this activity will cut costs **and/or** properly allocate them, removing pressure on rates. For example, line losses continue to fall. For year 2009 CUC's power utility consultant recently found that the line losses were 15%. But for calendar year 2010 through October the losses dropped to 10%. One reason is that CUC's staff technical experts determined the proper charges for many commercial customers, correcting meter multipliers. Secondly, Operation Sweep began in earnest in February 2010. Operation Sweep audited the Watt-hour meters and service connections to the densely populated and commercial areas of Saipan. Of the 1,000 services inspected, 100 were found to have tampered meters or bypasses. CUC corrected all of these immediately. The police and attorney general's office are pursuing prosecution of power theft.
- 28. The impact of an inadequate workforce would be five-fold:
 - a. First, there would be a direct negative effect on the existing consumers. There would be brownouts, or area blackouts, with the above-mentioned loss of service.
 - b. Second, the power plants would again degrade, producing more of these outages.
 - c. Third, there would be **an** indirect effect, increasing rates over the longer term, because small consumers would have to shoulder more of the **fixed** costs of the CUC system. First, there would be loss of large customers. By contrast, if the hotels were to become part of the system, they could help pay CUC fixed costs, which would lower everyone else's rates. The hotels need reliable, 24/7 power. But with unreliable power, CUC would be unable to convince large commercial customers, particularly the hotels, to join, or rejoin, its system. Second, would come additional expenses. If CUC fails to meet federal court deadlines for the stipulated orders, the Court could appoint a federal receiver and its consulting team with all expenses charged to CUC customers. The EPA has already imposed stipulated order penalties; it recently required the payment of a \$140,000 penalty. Thus, the indirect effect of an inadequate workforce would be to boost rates.
 - d. Fourth, the loss of CUC's technical experts would shut down, or, at least, cripple the company's increasingly successful efforts to cut losses, particularly theft of service.
 - e. Fifth, with the recovery of the world economy, advise CUC experts, oil prices can be expected to rise. If CUC's generators become less efficient, because technical

staff are unavailable to maintain CUC's engines' **efficiency**, that much more oil would be needed to generate a given amount of electricity. The price rise will thereby harm CUC's customers and electricitydependent services with higher rates. (Unfortunately, the mid-September 2010 CUC and CPUC experts' estimates of flat oil prices over the following six months has proven optimistic, so that LEAC fuel rates are presently about 10% below costs.)

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29. Rota's status today is precarious and financially un-sustainable. Rota has suffered blackouts from inadequate generator maintenance. The power plant's other facilities and the island's distribution system similarly need the attentions of additional manpower. The Rota power plant needed additional generating sets to come on line, as there are only 1.5 dependable sets in the plant. The third of two feeders was, until June 2010, powered by the Rota Resort, a private resort, at a cost of \$200,000/month to CUC. The revenues to CUC from the customers on this feeder fall far below this cost. CUC has negotiated with a Mainland supplier for a new generating set, with funding from the US Department of the Interior. The alternative for Rota was akin to Saipan's recent Aggreko situation—purchasing higher cost, reliable power from the Rota Resort. Therefore, in June 2010, two 0.9 MW Cummins generating sets were transported from Power Plant 4 on Saipan to Rota in order to augment the power generation. These two generating sets were commissioned by the end of July, 2010.

30. Since HO 2009-8 and the more recent suspension of the **harmful** legislative employment restriction, CUC has taken steps to hire the expertise to operate and maintain the Saipan and Rota power generation facilities. CUC needs to be able to hire the workers it needs when it needs them. Otherwise, if CUC had to discharge these workers, its **staffing** levels would return to those which overworked its limited staff. For example, over pay period numbers 2 through 11 of the year 2009, CUC accumulated **18,053** hours of overtime from technical employees who each worked 40 or more hours of overtime in a pay period. This condition is extreme, and a repeat can result in **inefficiencies** and poor work quality. It can lead to dangerous mistakes, producing injury or death.

31. CUC has repeatedly asked the Legislature to lift the restrictions on foreign workers. The Legislature has failed to act on the CUC request. Without relief, this inaction will effectively set the stage for loss of service and higher rates. Among other things it will thereby reverse the \$6 million-per-yearbenefit of terminating the Aggreko temporary power contract.

32. CUC points out that the power distribution system is highly vulnerable because, like the sewer system, so much of the maintenance and replacement was deferred for one reason or another over the past 20 years. Since 1995, 26 villages on Saipan were identified as needing major improvements to the power lines; only five have seen those improvements. Power T & D fails in bits and pieces. One of the big pieces that failed in February 2010 was one of 12 termination cables on the Kiya Substation (Transformer One). A power outage to the southern

Page 10 of 28

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- 1 parts of Saipan lasted from one to five hours. CUC management states that the excellent response from the crews in both Power Generation and Power T & D demonstrated the 2 3 importance of having skilled workers. The top two engineers were non-residents. Without this 4 EO in place, given present statutes, it is unlikely CUC would be able to secure the services of such valuable individuals. 5
 - 33. The extended dry season this year (see below) meant that vegetation needed to be cleared away from the lines early and often. Brush fires can damage the power lines, telephone facilities, and television cables. Tree-trimming was also necessary to protect lines from the effects of high winds. Meanwhile, CUC crews must replace failing insulator bolts and failing switches in order to avoid distribution-related power outages.
 - 34. CUC has demonstrated that the required workers are available as nonresident workers, and cost-effectivelyso. In the last months it was able to renew the contracts for approximately two dozen essential foreign expert workers, thereby sustaining the integrity of CUC's systems. Thus, continued relief from the legislative prohibition of hiring foreign national workers is necessary to ensure the delivery of uninterrupted power services to the people of the Commonwealth.

Complying with the federal court order on disposal of used oil

- 35. CUC has taken concrete steps to address the storage and disposal of used oil, consonant with the federal court's Stip Order 2. Federal court Stipulated Order 2 relates to the used oil from the engines for four facilities (Power Plants 1, 3, 4 and Rota) and all CUC transformers. USA v. CUC & CNMI, Civ. No. 08-0051 (D. NMI Mar. 11,2009) ("Stip Order 2"). With an adequate complement of trained technical employees, complemented by expert contractors, CUC believes that it can meet the Stip Order requirements. On August 12,2010, the Court issued the Second Joint Stipulation ("SJS"), which replaced many otherwise unattainable deadlines, but provided other deadlines and stiff penalties for a host of technical and management positions. The SJS also provided for firm dates for reporting on the use of grant funds, on the progress of secondary containment facilities, providing a facilities response plan ("FRP"), and cleaning out Tank 104.
- 36. A September 2009 inspection by the US Coast Guard (USCG) resulted in the imposition of another cost that was unanticipated even with Stip Order 2. The USCG now requires additional and more stringent measures to contain or eliminate the possibility of any oil reaching the ocean from Power Plants 1, 2 and the power plant on Rota. Further, as of October 2009, CUC has faced the following staffing needs in this area. It critically needs the resources to inspect and redesign the entire fuel storage, pumping and handling system in order to meet the more stringent requirements of today. The clean fuel storage tanks at Lower Base were originally designed for another application. The fuel line from the oil company's terminal is in danger of

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rupturing during a transfer; the pumping rate has to be **reduced** to prevent this. Fixing all of this requires trained CUC staff.

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37. Serious deficiencies in the waste oil handling system at Lower Base have come to light in the past year and are being addressed by both CUC and EPA. One deficiency is that the oily water separators were not functioning as such because of the excessive amount of oil (as opposed to water) entering the system. As a result, oil was spilling onto the ground rather than being separated and skimmed off properly. Power Plant #1 has been sealed off to prevent any waste oil from leaving the plant and flowing into the oily water separators. To prevent oil from accumulating uncontained in the plant itself, emergency measures have been taken to store waste oil and to fabricate above-ground tanks. The oily water separators, pipes, holding tanks, and baffles are being cleaned out so that the entire system can be carefully inspected and re-engineered. All of the additional work is expensive. Regardless of who does the work initially, CUC staff, EPA contractors, or a combination thereof, CUC requires skilled, trained workers for the clean-up. Failure to correct this situation could harm the nearby environment, CUC⁷s ability to generate electricity properly, and the assurances given pursuant to Stip Order 2. CUC hired an Oil Technical Manager, but he turned in his resignation in November 2010.

38. Incinerators play a crucial role in helping CUC meet Stip Order 2. After substantial progress in removing and incinerating **Tank 104** oil in the year 2010, the rate dropped substantially, as the remaining oil proved to be more like grease. This EO has permitted Power Generation the flexibility of hiring skilled non-US-citizens to not only repair and overhaul the generating sets, but to **fir** and **supervise** such important auxiliary equipment as the incinerators. CUC technical staff, with EPA help, solved the slowdown.

39. The EPA on February 18,2010, filed a status report with the US District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands which was highly critical of the progress in CUC's efforts to comply with Stip Order 2's requirements to solve the used oil situation. Since that report CUC has contracted with the GRESCO firm to remove waste oil from Tank 104. The EPA strongly urged CUC to accelerate the removal. CUC found two additional special double-walled "ISO" tanks for use in the project, to add capacity to the contractor's six tanks. As a result, GRESCO transferred just under 180,000 gallons of used oil to Guam by July 15. But, with success came additional technical difficulties, as the remaining 70,000 gallons of oil became more concentrated, and grease-like, and, therefore, increasingly difficult to pump out. However, after CUC engineers tested methods of incineration, with EPA help, the incineration resumed at a faster pace, and CUC believes that it will clean the tank out by February 2011.

40. Presently CUC is in process on these specific efforts to comply with Stip Order 2's requirements, with federal funding authorized: Technical Manager secured for the oil disposal management position; secondary containment (new and repair) has received permits and NEPA clearance, and construction has begun; oil disposal for Saipan's Tank 104; oil transfer pipeline

for Lower Base design work commenced, construction contract under review by CPUC, with a target in-service date of February 24, 2011; oil handling and training commenced; used oil sampling laboratory in California contracted; used oil tank system integrity testing and cleanout's RFP published; oil-water separators in planning stage; the section of the facility response plan ("FRP") which provides services for oil spills from a new Saipan-based firm has been executed and approved by the CPUC.

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Complying with the federal court order on managing the water and wastewater systems

41. As long as the Water and Wastewater Divisions can hire competent staff and receive power from the Power Division, they can function.

42. The U.S. Department of Justice ("DoJ"), Environment and Natural Resources Division, has sued CUC in federal court to come into compliance with critical water and sewage treatment requirements. *USA* v. *CUC* & *CNMI*, Civ. No. 08-0051 (D. NMI Mar. 11,2009) ("Stip Order 1"). *See also* http://www.usdoj.gov/enrd/Consent_Decrees.html. In July 2008 CUC, the CNMI and (in September 2008) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") stipulated to this first of two orders lodged with the U.S. District Court on the date the Complaint was filed. This order requires CUC to implement a series of improvements to its water and wastewater systems that respond to years of neglect, for which it presently lacks the funds and the complete technical capability. On August 12,2010, the Court issued the Second Joint Stipulation ("SJS"), which replaced many otherwise unattainable deadlines, but provided other deadlines and stiff penalties for a host of technical and management positions. The SJS also provided for firm dates for an Interim Financial Plan, Reorganization Plan, full metering and billing, a complete chlorination and disinfection program, the hiring of qualified operators in direct responsible charge ("DRC"), and procedures to generate the scope of work for CUC's Master Plan.

43. Sewage collection piping failures are continuing at an accelerated rate. The Wastewater Division must respond to acid damage in the asbestos cement piping system, the product of over 30 years of anaerobic conditions in sewers. This has caused significant damage to cement and metal infrastructure, so that key pipe systems have collapsed. Replacement involves complex excavations, avoiding electric, phone and water utilities, blocking traffic, stopping the infiltration of seawater (which damages treatment plant facilities), and pumping sewage around blocked and excavated areas. The Division has already far exceeded its repair budget. Without this EO, says CUC, procurement for such repair work would constitute a significant impediment.

44. Providing and improving water service presents new challenges. With **DEQ's** classification of Rota's cave-based domestic water as "surface water" CUC has had to expand water quality monitoring and testing, requiring more manpower and more equipment. In May 2010, CUC

Page 13 of 28

experienced failures in water pipes as the Cross-Islandroad project's contractors' equipment broke pipes, requiring CUC staff to be pulled from other jobs, with required equipment, to address the emergency. In addition, a substantial section of the As **Terlaje** sewer line collapsed, requiring an emergency procurement to hire an outside **firm** to make the repair. As of October 15, 2010, repair work reached 90 % completion.

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45. The Sadog Tasi Wastewater Treatment Plant is undergoing long-planned rehabilitation. But, without such redundant equipment as a clarifier, CUC must devote extra resources to the facility while the contractor repairs the only unit. Such work has to be conducted w i t .strict parameters by properly trained technicians to prevent contamination of the environment. Due to equipment malfunctions, sludge is not pressed, which may have produced unacceptably **high** recent levels of enterococci in effluents from both the Sadog Tasi and Agingan Point treatment plants.

46. The Division also needs serviceable vehicles to move its workers to and **from** job sites. Presently six vehicles are in such bad shape that they are dangerous. The resulting reduced vehicle problem raises costs and hurts service, as staff and materials cannot be brought to job sites on time. Starting in September 2010, CUC has had to rent vehicles in order to get its crews to trouble areas. Even more alarming is that during the past months both of the CUC-owned backhoes (one for Water Operations, and one for Wastewater Operations) have been broken, gone out of service, and await repair parts. CUC has had to rent backhoes for simply performing routine water and wastewater operations **functions** on a daily basis during the past month.

47. Sewage lift station failures continue, requiring CUC crews to install newly received pumps. Approximately 17 of the 45 CUC sewage lift station are in poor condition and require significant rehabilitation. CUC anticipates an EPA grant for the rehabilitation of these III stations. But that construction will not occur for approximately one year. In July there was a sewer blockage in the CK and Susupe areas, and CUC lacked the equipment to repair it; its usual contractor also suffered equipment problems.

48. CUC engineer staff shortages continue to hamper CUC's ability to anticipate and fix technical problems. CUC's Water/Wastewater Division needed to add engineers to its staff of three engineers, in order to fix the poor condition of the CUC sanitation assets. Significant engineering resources have been focused on addressing EPA Stip Order lissues. These issues include staffing plans, pre-treatment programs, materials management programs, customer inventory, and cross-connection control programs. CUC water and wastewater engineers are the lead professionals on several on-going construction projects, which also stretches the limited engineering resources. These include the Well Isolation Project, Sadog Tasi Sewer Plant Rehabilitation, and Agingan Sewage Treatment Plant Rehabilitation. Recruitment and retention of engineering staff to meet these challenges is difficult.

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49. Nonetheless, CUC engineering and operations departments hired 4 new engineers these past months, with one engineer assigned to the wastewater projects grants and construction management, one assigned to design, one to water operations, and one to wastewater operations. However, given the extensive engineering department workload many more engineer staff members are still needed. CUC has just hired another, with the employee scheduled to arrive in January 2011.

- 50. Incipient failures include the failure of 98 submersible pumps in the water system over a period of 12 months. Higher grade stainless steel grates have to be specified that are resistant to pitting. The pitting causes the grates to fail, and consequently the pump motors fail. CUC has had to purchase higher quality equipment, rather than the cheap units that fail prematurely. Motor protection continues to be challenging. During September 2010 one of the newly installed 30 HP motors with the higher grade stainless steel was damaged by **an** apparent lighting strike after only a month's operation.
- 51. CUC must be able to hire the staff to perform the required technical functions. But CUC has found that, regardless of salary levels, a nationwide shortage of such techs requires that it look overseas. The Water and Wastewater Divisions cannot carry out their missions without adequate staff; the EPA requires adequate technical staff. These staff are essential to producing clean, safe water supplies and removal of stormwater and sewage in a safe, timely manner. While the bulk of CUC employees are drawn from local and US populations, the Division management estimates that at least six trained technicians will be required – three experienced Level 3 wastewater treatment operators, two Level 3 wastewater collections operators, and an instrumentation/low voltage controls specialist. CUC lacks enough experienced plumbers and pipe-fitters. Skilled pipe-fitters are needed to repair failing CUC piping and related infrastructure, such as valves and hydrants. An experienced Water/Wastewater Division operations manager is required. CUC requires a chemist to meet federal requirements, but has been unable to find a qua ed one in the local population, or a cost-effective professional from the US Mainland. CUC announced a vacancy of the position for Deputy Director for Water and Wastewater, and has been interviewing candidates. CUC must hire this professional soon in order to meet EPA requirements.

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52. There have been special reasons why the water system had to be adequately staffed and maintained this year. This was an El Nino year, and water was relatively scarce. As predicted in the Pacific ENSO bulletin forecast back in February 1,2010, the CNMI dry season brought below normal rainfalls into June 2010. CUC went into an emergency mode, conserving water, accelerating water line replacements, and locating and repairing leaks. There was greater danger of fires this year, with less water available to fight them. For Capital Hill, the drought and a tank rehabilitation project required that the distribution system in this area be reconfigured in June 2010 in order to supply water at least two hours per day to Wireless Ridge. Upper reaches of Navy Hill were without water for several days until leaks were repaired. With the rainy season

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the aquifers are only slowly replenished. As a result Garapan saw fewer hours of water service. Unfortunately, the leaks were noted several months before, but lack of manpower and funds prevented the pressurization required for leak repair. In July the Kagman booster pump failed, and until it is replaced the **Papago** area will see less water delivered.

- 53. Recently CUC suffered severe setbacks in its ability to supply water and to develop a system for 24/7 water supply. For example, CUC has not been able to serve San Jose under standard "Water Watch" scheduled valve opening practice. There had to be a second opening of the Kannat Tabla tank in mid-September 2010 in order to provide San Jose two hours of water in one week. But this second opening of Kannat Tabla for San Jose created conditions that would impede opening the next day from the Kannat Tabla tank for Chalan LauLau and Southern Garapan. Also, September 2010 saw system water leaks, and pump and motor failures. CUC nearly failed to provide water to the Tanapag School on the first day of classes, and to the San Roque and Oleai Schools in mid-September 2010.
- 54. CUC continues to suffer an unprecedented number of waterline breaks and resultant water leaks.
 - a. During one day in September 2010 there were six new leaks reported which required repair crews to work significant overtime. All repair work was performed using rental backhoes, as CUC's backhoes were broken.
 - b. A 16" PVC waterline ruptured on As Terlaje Hill on the morning of October 23, 2010, at approximately 4:00 am. **An** entire length of 16" PVC piping ruptured, resulting in the loss of the Kannat Tabla Tank water volume contents, and producing significant damage to the As Terlaje Hill Roadway. The water rupture resulted in a cost to CUC of approximately \$100,000, of which asphalt repair alone was over \$87,000. The specific cause of the waterline rupture has not been determined, but CUC believes it was likely a result of improper installation and fatigued infrastructure.
 - c. CUC professionals consider that the number of leaks the company experiences to be excessive, particularly because CUC does not provide 24-hour water and does not properly pressurize the water system. These leak repoair projects stress CUC's limited staff and finances.
- 55. Put simply, Saipan does not have enough water. CUC professionals categorize much of the Saipan water distribution system as "fatigued". The do not believe that the number of breaks in the system will decline in the foreseeable future. Pump and motor problems perpetuate the

problem. There were 13 pumps down in October 2010, including four big ones (over 30 hp). CUC's water system in mid-September 2010 experienced several pump/motor failures.

- 56. Meanwhile, CUC must install meters to meet the requirements of federal Stipulated Order #1, the CPUC, and its own need for system revenue. Water metering and billing of customer water usage by volume continues to be a challenge for CUC. The water meters installed in the Saipan water system over the past five years have experienced nearly complete failure. Nearly 10,000 water meters by serial number have been reported to the Water Task Force ("WTF") by CUC as failed. The WTF, in turn, has reported these meters to the manufacturer for warranty purposes. While CUC has made huge strides in the past months with replacing approximately 1,000 broken meters with warranty supplied ineters, and reducing the number of customers whose water bills are *not* based on consumption to 3,117 (as of Nov. 13, 2010), there are still many customer meters to address. Compounding the challenge, CUC recently experienced nearly 400 water meter failures of the warranty meters provided by the manufacturer as replacement meters. The manufacturer has begun to indicate opposition to providing more replacements.
- 57. CUC lacks water staff and recently lost staff. CUC's water & wastewater workforce is shrinking. It takes a long time to recruit. Sadly, one of CUC's "Water Watch" supervisors died suddenly in mid-September 2010. Skeleton crews are handling system repairs. Having access to foreign skilled and semi-skilled technicians and trades people is critical, as with CUC's Power Division's generation operations. CUC's foreign contract employees have good formal training and education, and they show up to work religiously, in order to provide the services our population requires.
- 58. For its water and wastewater businesses, CUC has tried to hire water and wastewater certified operators. There has not been enough interest by qualified professionals. But CUC must hire such technical staff in order to comply with stiff EPA requirements, as expressed in the latest version of the Stipulated Orders. Those professionals whom CUC can identify more likely these are foreign nationals do not necessarily have the skill sets needed to actually perform the skilled hands-on tasks of operating a utility. Thus, CUC will be looking for plumber/pipefitters and mechanics (including a master who is skilled in maintaining and fixing hydraulic systems on heavy equipment), specialized electricians and others. Having these skills in-house, instead of at contracted local shops can save enormous amounts of money, as well. While in the long run these CUC needs provide opportunities for locals who wish to stay on our islands, CUC's needs, including the federal requirements, are immediate.
- 59. CUC also requires a constant supply of electricity to run its water and wastewater treatment systems. CUC has very limited on-site emergency generation capability, and for only portions of these systems.

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- 1 60. Meanwhile CUC continues to pay for power, chlorine, lab testing costs, and repairing collapsing sewer lines. CUC has hired a consulting team to assist it in achieving full cost 2 3 recovery for the water and wastewater systems through the processes of the CPUC. CUC filed a 4 wastewater rate increase request, complete with hundreds of pages of written expert witness 5 testimony and technical support, on January 31,2010. The Commission addressed the filing on May 28,2010, authorizing a June 21,2010, rate increase in wastewater rates and full cost 6 7 recovery for the electric costs of the water and wastewater divisions.
 - 61. Nonetheless, the EPA on July 21,2010, filed a status report with the US District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands which was highly critical of the progress of CUC's efforts to comply with Stip Order 1's requirements to solve the water and wastewater situations. It included a statement that tests in June and July each showed violation of the maximum contaminant level drinking water standard for total coliform bacteria. (7-21-10 Status Report, p 6 fn 5) The Court held a hearing which began on August 5,2010, and continued for five days until a Second Joint Stipulation ("SJS") was reached and executed by the DOJ/EPA, CUC and the Attorney General on behalf of the CNMI.

Meeting US District Court and CNMI Public Utilities Commission requirements to produce timely, accurate financial reports

- 62. The federal Stip Orders require CUC to produce and carry out an Interim Financial Plan, beginning in September, 2009. The "IFP" must develop over time, becoming more than "interim. CUC cannot do this unless it has a staff of trained accounting and other financial experts who can gather data, put the data in the required form and generate the **IFP** and its later versions. EPA is reviewing CUC's most recent version of the IFP. CUC must submit its final IFP on or before November 30, 2010.
- 63. Further, CUC is comprehensively regulated by the CPUC. The CPUC is charged by statute to oversee carefully CUC's operations and capital expenditures, and to develop rates that fully pay the costs of safely operating CUC's water and wastewater systems.
- 64. In electric and water/wastewater orders, of September 3 and November 20,2009, the CPUC addressed CUC's inability to deliver complete on-time financial reports, requiring CUC, in effect, to enhance its staff capability to provide critical regulatory information. (Docket No.'s 09-1 and 09-2.) The Commission revisited CUC rates, fees, charges and operations during this year, including in the recent rate case, Docket No. 10-01. CUC's Executive Director was a lead witness in the case, having filed written testimony (on January 31,2010) and supplemental testimony (on April 1,2010).

Page 18 of 28

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- 65. CUC cannot upgrade its financial and accounting operations unless it has a staff of trained accounting and other financial experts who can gather data, put the data in the required form and generate the required reports and filings with the CPUC, as well as provide the CPUC consulting staff with the data required for their oversight. CUC has obligated itself to provide an updated, compliant Interim Financial Plan and an organizational evaluation, both pursuant to Stip Order 1, to the US District Court, and most recently, according to the August 12,2010, SJS. EPA has yet to approve it.
- 66. CUC's procurement system is lengthy and complex. A relic of other decades, with their own challenges, it requires extensive technical experience in specifications and the procurement process, and often must be coordinated with the CNMI's separate procurement procedures, adding months to processes that must respond to the immediate challenges outlined in this Executive Order.
- 67. CUC last year lost 2 senior accountants plus a related specialist. The IT and billing department in August 2009 was reduced by one staffer, having advertised for a replacement for 4 weeks to no avail. While it appeared that CUC might have to look to employing foreign technical specialists, CUC hired back 2 former accountants in September 2009 and brought a third person aboard in October 2009. All are US citizens. Nonetheless, CUC must have the flexibility to hire competent professionals as needed. CUC is still short-staffed, and needs an accounting assistant, and an accounting specialist. On February 17,2010, CUC's new Chief Financial Officer reported for duty.
- 68. CUC's decades-old financial and accounting system computer failed repeatedly during the second half of 2010, including for a complete week. Already-over-committed finance and accounting staff were required to put in days of extra time in hand-recording customer payments and hand-generating bills. CUC bought a reconditioned replacement, which awaits proper software. CUC lacks the in-house expertise to generate the software. Further, in order to "query" its system for CPUC-required financial reports, CUC must depend on its IT manager, a foreign national who programs in SQL.
- 69. Nonetheless, the EPA on July 21,2010, filed a status report with the US District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands which was highly critical of the progress in CUC's efforts to comply with Stip Order 2's requirements to provide timely and complete financial and other operating reports and plans.
- 70. To summarize: Without properly trained technical staff CUC's ability to supply power is at risk. So is its ability to manage the rest of its systems, including its complex procurement, its finances and accounting. CUC's services could not be adequately staffed without the lifting of the artificial legislative regulation of CUC's workforce, in Directive #10, suspending the

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limitations on CUC hiring foreign workers. It is obvious that the hiring authority must be continued.

71. In fact, during July - September 2010 over 18 CUC employment contracts for **non-citizen**, technical specialists required renewal. Failure to timely renew could have crippled **CUC's** efforts to provide service and meet federal requirements. More such contracts must be executed. There is no indication that any of the above manpower situation will be resolved in the next month without continuing in effect this EO and Directive #10.

MANAGEMENT CRISIS IN ABSENCE OF A PROPER BOARD/CEO STRUCTURE

72. **Summary.** CUC is a \$70 million-per-year business, critical to the **CNMI's** economy and the public health. Yet, the recently-renewed statute organizing it places the Board of Directors in the position of day-to-day management of the corporation, and requires a complex mix of technical, geographic and other qualifications for Board membership. There is no Board because it has been impossible to meet these criteria. Without the Board, or its equivalent, CUC cannot take a critical step toward solvency and the ability to borrow to finance its work.

Forestalling corporate paralysis

- 73. **A** critical concern is that the CUC Act's constricted scope of authority for the Executive Director, and the complementary daily management by a **host** of Board volunteers, would paralyze the corporation. This is particularly worrisome in light of the above-listed tasks before CUC.
- 74. A careful reading of the CUC Act, PL 16-17, as amended, particularly its sections 4 CMC §§ 8131 (Bd qualifications), 8134 (Bd approval of all "allocations" of money and property), and 1 CMC § 8247 (limited daily reimbursement of \$60.00); 4 CMC §§ 8132 (E.D. described), 8133 (limited E.D. functions listed), and 8134 (Bd approval of all "allocations" of money and property), demonstrates that the Executive Director is to be left with little more to do than provide reports to a Board of volunteers who are nonetheless to run CUC, a complex \$70 million/year corporation, on a day-to-day basis. This includes such decision-making as purchasing materials and supplies, signing paychecks and other checks, hiring staff, assigning work crews, connecting customers, deciding on making repairs, collecting debts, complying with the details of federal Stipulated Orders and CPUC regulatory requirements, making and funding long-term technical power and water/wastewater plans, overseeing filings with the CPUC, including rate cases, and insuring that, on a day-to-day basis, the power and water flow and the sewage is treated.

Page 20 of 28

75. Permitting CUC to be managed this way would plunge the CNMI into economic chaos and a public health care crisis, as corporate activity and the CNMI's only hospital's operations ground to a halt – with or without a Board in place. The complex technical problems listed above simply cannot be managed on a day-to-day basis by a group of non-expert volunteers. For example, the Executive Director had to be available to renegotiate CUC's fuel oil contract last year, and insure that fuel supplies reached Tinian and Rota, as well as Saipan. Also, as a key witness in the recent CPUC dockets, and in future rate cases, the Executive Director must be enabled to testify in favor of the requested rate increase in order to fully present the required evidence. Finally, the Executive Director's hiring and role was mandated by the US District Court in the Stipulated Orders.

76. No private or public utility company in the United States runs this way—with a **group of** volunteers managing **a** \$70-million corporation's day-to-day operations. No other legislature in the United States has **mandated** this form of corporate management for a public utility.

77. CUC has applied for and become eligible for millions of dollars of US ARRA and Department of the Interior grants, which can substantially benefit the CNM1's infrastructure, help meet US EPA and Stipulated Order requirements, and create jobs needed in the CNMI's stressed economy. CUC has been awarded \$11 million in grants from the EPA. But developing the grant requests and implementing the grants requires management attention and expertise, part of a professionally-run business organization. CUC has placed its grants out for bid, so that these benefits can start flowing. CUC must evaluate its needs, and hire and contract for the needed technical specialists to manage the grant-funded projects. This requires a corporate structure capable of making and sustaining important decisions.

78. I can only conclude that the legislation's extraordinary structure for CUC is the result of a drafting error, and the People, through their elected representatives, wish their utility company to continue to supply them with essential power, water and wastewater services at a reasonable cost, meeting industry standards.

■ Fixing CUC's technical insolvency

79. CUC has been unable to borrow money to run its operations since the inception of this State of Disaster Emergency due to (a) its poor financial condition and (b) the existence on its books of a liability to the Commonwealth Development Authority ("CDA") of approximately \$115 million. This situation may be corrected if the Executive Director is recognized to have the authority to correct it. Part of this situation, the CDA relationship, has been corrected precisely because the Executive Director was empowered by this Executive Order to do so.

Page 21 of 28

81. The booked CDA obligation rendered CUC nominally insolvent. While CUC was deemed insolvent, CUC could not borrow money. But CUC must be able to borrow money to bridge the gap between (a) the need to spend money on essential goods and services to provide electricity, water and sewage service, and (b) the lagged collection of revenues **from** the sale of those services. Recent improvements in CUC finances, including the issuance of audit reports, have been insufficient to allow CUC to go to market.

82. The CPUC, in its September 3,2009, electric order, Docket No. 09-1, approved a CUC-CDA settlement converting the CDA debt to preferred stock. But the deal has required CUC's Board to agree to it.

83. There is no Board. CUC has functioned without a Board of Directors, because it has had to. While CUC's enabling act, reenacted as PL 16-17, as amended, authorizes a Board, there is no CUC Board yet because, while the staff of the Governor's **Office** have diligently tried to **find** Board volunteers who meet the complex statutory qualifications, they have been unable to do so. Nonetheless, CUC must continue to function, including borrowing money.

84. Directive #9 provides the required authority to the Executive Director. It also permits him to continue to run CUC, carefully manage cash to pay tens of millions of dollars annually for fuel oil and purchased power, and do all the things necessary to providing power, water and wastewater services, until the remaining members of a properly constituted Board can be identified, confirmed, and convened for business. Without a fully empowered Executive Director, CUC would be unable to attain financial and operational health. For example:

a. In February 2010 the Executive Director delivered to CDA management the stock certificates required for the debt-equity conversion. CUC has received the fully executed copy of the Stipulated Notice of Dismissal (with prejudice) in CDA v. CUC, Superior Court Civil Action No. 01-0248D (4/21/2010), which the CPUC has required that CDA provide to make effective the conversion of the CDA debt to preferred equity. CUC sought CPUC final approval. The Commission provided that approval in the rate order authorized at its May 28,2010, business meeting. Soon, CUC must be able to demonstrate to the financial community that it is properly managed, so that it can borrow and pay back long term capital.

b. On May 28,2010, the CPUC issued a rate increase order that was critically required to return CUC's water and wastewater operations to financial health. The Executive Director oversaw and approved of the complex rate request and approved the resulting stipulation supporting the rate order.

c. On November 10,2010, CUC filed a petition with the CPUC for an electric side rate increase which, if granted, would support in critical part CUC's securing \$15 million in long term financing. The debt would pay for necessary equipment and construction, including measures required by the US District Court and the EPA in the federal Stipulated Orders. For example, Power Plant #1 has no more spare parts, the roof of Power Plant 1's control room leaks, presenting the potential for shorting out critical control instruments, CUC's power poles and their insulator pins have degraded, are shorting out, and must be replaced, and CUC's vehicle fleet is failing, must be replaced, and is unsafe to the point where recently a wheel broke free of a moving truck. The Executive Director oversaw and approved the filing and served as CUC's lead expert witness.

Providing the basis for proper CPUC oversight

- 85. The broad and comprehensive statutory scheme of utility regulation in the Public Utility Act, 4 CMC §§ 8401-84, provides that the utility regulator, the CPUC, will carefully examine CUC activities, particularly fmancial activities.
- 86. This extensive oversight satisfies the policy need for a body of arms-length, well-informed citizens to watchdog the activities of this, the Commonwealth's key resource. Thus, the statute's error-infused creation of a volunteer Board which would run the corporation on a day-to-day basis, becomes much less important than satisfying CPUC requirements.
- 87. What becomes very important is CUC's capability to provide the CPUC with accurate and timely **financial** and accounting **information**. But such reporting is not possible without a competent, trained staff of accounting and financial experts at CUC, and a properly-empowered Executive Director to lead them.

■ Addressing a critical financial challenge

88. CUC faced a financial crisis in June 2010. It was critically short of funds to buy oil. Without oil CUC would be forced to shut down its generation, bringing the economy of the CNMI to a halt, and endangering health and welfare as electricity-dependent operations ceased – sewage treatment, water pumping, traffic lights and security lighting, air conditioning for the elderly, infants, and other medically fragile persons, and equipment at the CNMI's Hospital and

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- health clinics. The principal reason for the shortage was the Government's failure to pay millions of dollars of utility bills. The Government was in arrears about four months on its bills. Only by eliminating restrictions on the Governor's power to reprogram funds to address this issue was crisis averted.
 - 89. CUC only had a day or two's worth of purchased oil to power its system because it lacked the funds to buy oil from its sole, cash-only supplier.
 - 90. The Executive Director was required to spend substantial time on a concentrated basis interacting with high CNMI government officials as well as developing contingency plans for the orderly shut-down of the CUC system.
 - 91. Fortunately, the Administration was able to develop a multi-stage plan to enable the payment of enough CNMI Government bills, and the reprogramming of CUC funds to forestall disaster. (The Government is once again over two months in arrears on its bills.)
 - 92. In order to facilitate this solution, the Governor issued a Declaration of Disaster Emergency (June 8,2010).
 - **93.** Development of this temporary financial rescue plan would not have been possible without the dedicated, focused effort of a properly empowered Executive Director. Such financial conditions may continue unless the Government, and other large CUC customers, can be brought current, and remain current, on their bills. This may present a challenge for CUC, given the stressed financial conditions of the Commonwealth. A properly empowered Executive Director will be required to address this challenge.
 - 94. On May 11,2010, CUC submitted to EPA a **draft** organization evaluation and reorganization plan. But on June 14,2010, the EPA assessed CUC a \$140,000 penalty for failing to submit timely such a plan. EPA has yet to approve a master plan for CUC. In a July 1,2010, official letter EPA stated its belief that CUC still lacked the technical capability to put together "adequate" submissions. The EPA required the hiring of a new Executive Director by October 29,2010; this was accomplished. But EPA disapproved of a CUC "Reorganization Plan" by its letter of November 5,2010.
 - 95. Importantly, CUC requires a functioning management, including a properly empowered Executive Director, to forestall additional EPA punitive action.

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39 40 41 CRISIS FROM THE LACK OF LEGISLATIVE ACTION

- 96. There is no Legislative relief coming. For months CUC has repeatedly asked the Legislature for such relief, including submission of draft legislation in July 2010. The Legislature has declined to respond. There is no alternative to providing this relief other than an order from the Governor. Inaction will produce a disaster in which CUC is unable to provide its critical community services. Directives # 9 and #10 were designed to avert this crisis. (The other Directives, #1 through #8, are no longer relevant, and were discontinued.)
- 97. This Declaration is necessary to protect the health and safety of our children, our senior citizens, businesses and all other CNMI residents and visitors.

CONCLUSION AND ORDER

Therefore, I hereby invoke my authority under Article III, § 10, of the Commonwealth Constitution and 3 CMC \ 5121(f) to take all necessary measures to address the imminent threat facing the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Exercise of the Constitutional and statutory authority invoked herein will be effectuated by the issuance of Executive Directives setting forth the measures to be taken to address the State of Disaster Emergency pursuant to 3 CMC \(\frac{1}{2} \) 5121(f), which states:

- (f) In addition to any other powers conferred upon the Governor by law, the Governor may, during a state of disaster emergency:
 - (1) Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conduct of the Commonwealth's business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any Commonwealth activity or agency, if strict compliance with the provision of any such statute, order, rule or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the emergency;
 - (2) Utilize ail available resources of the Commonwealth as reasonably necessary to cope with the disaster emergency of the Commonwealth;
 - (3) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of the Commonwealth departments and agencies or units thereof for the purpose of performing or facilitating emergency services;

3 CMC \(\bigsig 5121(f)(1)-(3). \)

Page 25 of 28

By today's disaster emergency declaration, I intend to enable CUC to continue to provide necessary service to the people of the Commonwealth. 3 4 This Declaration of a State of Disaster Emergency shall take effect immediately and all memoranda, directives and other measures taken in accordance with this Declaration shall 5 remain in effect for thirty (30) days from the date of this Executive Order unless I, prior to the 6 7 end of the thirty (30)-day period, notify the Presiding Officers of the Legislature that the state of emergency has been lifted or has been extended for an additional period of thirty (30) days. 1 8 9 CMC 5 7403(a); 3 CMC 5 5121(c). 10 A comprehensive report on the exercise of my constitutional authority shall be transmitted to the 11 presiding officers of the Legislature as soon as practicable in accordance with 1 CMC § 7403(a). 12 13 14 **DIRECTIVES** 15 16 17 I direct the following: 18 Directive 1: Deleted. 19 20 Directive 2: Deleted. 21 22 Directive 3: Deleted. 23 24 Directive 4: Deleted. 25 26 Directive 5: Deleted. 27 28 Directive 6: Deleted. 29 30 Directive 7: Deleted. 31 32 Directive 8: Deleted. 33 34 Directive 9: The Executive Director of CUC shall have all the powers of the CUC Board, 35 thereby enabling him to carry out all critical business of CUC, pending the earlier of either (1) 36 the confirmation and convening of an operating CUC Board, or (2) the termination of the 37

Page 26 of 28

authority of this order. In particular, the Executive Director shall have full power and authority

to agree to swap CDA debt and related obligations for preferred stock and related features and

rights.

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40 41 Directive 10: The following strike-out-formatted language of the quoted provisions of the following statute regulating government employment is, as indicated, suspended immediately:

\$4532. Exemptions.

Persons other than citizens and permanent residents may be exempted from the employment restriction in 3 CMC \$4531 and employed within the following government entities and positions, on a case by case basis:

- (a) Department of Public Health. United States or Canadian board-certified physicians and dentists licensed to practice in the Commonwealth.
- (b) Department of Commerce: Temporary or part-time employees as needed for censuses and statistical surveys.
- (i) Government translators: Approved foreign national translators for: the Department of Labor, the Office of the Attorney General, the Office of the Public Defender, the Department of Public Safety, the Commonwealth Superior Court, the Commonwealth Supreme Court, and the Marianas Visitors Authority: The Attorney General shall establish guidelines for the approval of foreign national translators for the Executive Branch. The Supreme Court may establish guidelines for the approval of foreign national translators for the Judiciary.
- 3 CMC \(\frac{1}{2} \) 4532, as most recently amended by PL 17-1. (Strikeout is deliberately added) That is, the following language is suspended: "the following", "on a case by case basis" and the following listing:
- (a) Department of Public Health. United States or Canadian board-certified physicians and dentists licensed to practice in the Commonwealth.
- (b) Department of Commerce. Temporary or part-time employees as needed for censuses and statistical surveys.
- (c) Government translators. Approved foreign national translators for: the Department of Labor, the Office of the Attorney General, the Office of the Public Defender, the Department of Public Safety, the Commonwealth Superior Court, the Commonwealth Supreme Court, and the Marianas Visitors Authority."

I further suspend and delete the "moratorium" of sec. 4601:

\$4601. Moratorium.

There is hereby enacted a moratorium on the hiring of foreign national workers, as defined in 3 CMC §4911. This moratorium shall be read in conjunction with

Section 4532 of Chapter 2 of this part; and said moratorium shall be strictly construed and adhered to by all agencies and instrumentalities of the Commonwealth government:

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3 CMC § 4601 as most recently amended by PL 17-1. (Strikeout is deliberately added) That is, the following language is suspended immediately: "There is hereby enacted a moratorium on the hirring of foreign national workers, as defined in 3 CMC §4911. This moratorium shall be read in conjunction with Section 4532 of Chapter 2 of this part, and said moratorium shall be strictly construed and adhered to by all agencies and instrumentalities of the Commonwealth government."

I hereby direct that the effect of the suspension of the indicated language shall be that CUC shall have the complete power, without regard to citizenship or otherwise lawful immigration status, to hire engineers, professional employees in technical or trade areas, power plant mechanics and utility technicians, either directly or indirectly. I further direct that these professional employees may include, but shall not be Limited to, sanitarians, engineers, accountants, financial experts, information technology specialists, mechanics, electricians, well-drillers, pipefitters, plumbers, wastewater treatment facilities operators, laboratory specialists and other trades technicians and their professional managers.

I further direct generally that the suspension of the language for specified agencies and the specified positions shall not be held as a limitation as to unnamed agencies and instrumentalities, bur shall continue to permit other government entities to continue to fill needed positions, particularly in the areas of health care, census and translation/interpretation. Additionally, suspension of the term "on a case by case basis" shall permit government entities, including, notably, CUC, to develop programs and procedures that avoid the delays inherent in creating or obtaining case-by-case reviews and approvals. Finally, suspension of the moratorium is not intended to impede the efforts of CNMI agencies and instrumentalities in lawfully identifying and filling positions with qualified citizens and legal residents.

Done this 19th day of November, 2010.

ELOY S. INOS Acting Governor

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Page 28 of 28



COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

Benigno R. Fitial Governor

Eloy S. Inos Lt. Governor

2	EXECUTIVE ORDER 2010-09
3	DECLARATION OF A STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY:
5 6 7 8	COMMONWEALTH UTILITIES CORPORATION'S IMMINENT GENERATION AND OTHER FAILURE AND THE NEED TO PROVIDE IMMEDIATE RELIABLE POWER, WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICES
10	CONTINUATION #25
11	I, BENIGNOR. FITIAL, pursuant to the authority vested in me as Governor of the
13	Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands by Article III, Section 10 of the Commonwealth
14	Constitution and 3 CMC § 5121 of the Commonwealth Disaster Relief Act of 1979, do hereby
15	declare a State of Disaster Emergency for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands
16	due to the inability of the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation (CUC) to provide critical power
17	generation service to the CNMI and the extreme, immediate and imminent threat such condition
18	poses to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
19	
20	This Executive Order is intended to, and does, continue in effect portions of the Governor's
21	preceding disaster emergency declarations on this matter, EO 2009-01 through -09, and 11-13,
22	and EO 2010-01 through -06, and -08, except as specifically modified. As more filly stated
23	below, this Executive Order shall expire on the 3 1st day following the date of my signature. The

Page 1 of 25

Caller Box 10007 Saipan, MP 96950 Telephone: (670) 664-2200/2201 Facsimile: (670) 664-2211

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following findings and conclusions further support continuation of the Declaration and issuance of directives.

™ Table	e of Contents	
DECL	ARATION OF A STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY:	Pape i of 2:
FMDN	AGS	Page 3 of 2
MANP	OWER CRISIS DUE TO RESTRICTIVE LEGISLATION	Page 3 of 3
Summa	ary	Page 3 of 2:
Backgr	ound	Page 3 of 2:
Staffing	gCUC with the technical experts to permit continued electric service	Page 5 of 2:
Comply	ying with the federal court order on disposal of used oil	Page 10 of 2.
Comply	ying with the federal court order on managing the water and wastewatersystems	Puge 12 of 3:
Meeting	g US District Court and CNMI Public Utilities Commission requirements to produce timely. accura financial reports.	
MANA	GEMENT CRISIS IN ABSENCE OF A PROPER BOARD/CEO STRUCTURE	<u>Page 17 해 2:</u>
Foresta	lling corporate paralysis	Page 17 of 3.
Fixing (CUC's technical insolvency.	Page 18 of 2:
Providi	ng the basis for proper CPUC oversight	Page I of 2:
Address	sing a critical financial challenge	Page 20 of 35
CRISIS	FROM THE LACK OF LEGISLATIVE ACTION	Page 21 of 2:
CONCI	LUSION AND ORDER	Page 21 of 2:
DIREC	TIVES	Page 22 of 2:
Directiv	ve 9: The Executive Director of CUC shall have all the powers of the CUC Board	Page 23 of 2:
Directiv	ve 10: The following strike-out-formatted language of the quoted provisions of the following statute regulating government employment is. as indicated, suspended	

Page 2 of 25

FINDINGS

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I find that:

1. All findings and conciusions of EO 2009-01 through -09, and 11-13, and EO 2010-01 through -06, and -08 are incorporated by reference, except as specifically varied in this Executive Order.

MANPOWER CRISIS DUE TO RESTRICTIVE LEGISLATION

- 2. Summary. A shortage of manpower forced by **legislation limiting** skilled foreign workers has continued to place CUC operations at risk. **Incipient failures** in the CUC water, wastewater and power transmission and distribution networks have underscored the importance of having in place a well-funded and functioning preventive maintenance program Skilled workers and a responsive support system are key to the success of the operations, particularly of preventive maintenance. Presently CNMI law (PL 16-14) prohibits CUC from hiring anymore non-US technical workers than the 19 skilled professionals recently with CUC. CUC has repeatedly **asked** the **Legislature** for relief **from** this statute regulating the Government's workforce, to no avail. Further, errors in wording in the CUC enabling legislation recently reenacted, PL 16-17, as amended, would bar the Executive Director from day-today management of the corporation, effectively shutting CUC down. This EO eliminates these **problems** while it is in effect.
- 3. Background. CUC has substantially minimized the risk of losing the services of its owned generating **capacity**, which losses created **intermittent** blackouts on portions of its system. therefore allowed the **Aggreko** year-long temporary power contract to terminate, as provided in the agreement, effective September 12,2009. This saves CUC customers at least \$6 million per year in fees. But it still presents risks, as the strategy requires proper operation and maintenance of CUC's owned engines by CUC's technical staff, and the timely securing of materials and supplies.
- 4. CUC bears a substantial obligation to deliver highly technical work on time to the satisfaction of the US District Court and the US EPA, pursuant to two consent, or "stipulated", orders.
 - The first requires the upgrade and smooth functioning in virtually all aspects of a. CUC's water and wastewater divisions. The second requires CUC to properly eliminate over 400,000 gallons of used oil and to institute measures to avoid uncontrolled buildup of such inventories. Failure to meet the requirements of the federal court orders could subject CUC and the CNMI to substantial fines and charges, and, in the extreme, to a federal takeover of their finances. Presently

Page 3 of 25

CUC is "accruing" substantial fines. Most of the fines have not been levied; but they could be. The EPA has, however, levied two fines, in the amount of \$29,000 and \$140,000 (June 2010 letter).

- b. On February 24, 2010, the US District Court entered an additional stipulated order. It provided, among other things, that a professionally-developed Interim Financial Plan ("IFP") would be provided to the US EPA within 30 days, by March 26, 2010. This additional stipulation requires CUC to meet a number of deadlines, each involving the application of technical expertise. CUC has timely filed the IFP. It now has the task of implementing the IFP and meeting these deadlines. Failure to meet these requirements would subject CUC to the described sanctions.
- c. Of concern to CUC are the tight deadlines for Stipulated Order 2 (Oil Management) projects that are funded by a \$4.05 million CIP grant awarded in February, 2010, by the US Department of the Interior's Office of Insular Affairs. The funding is to assist CUC is disposing of the used waste oil discussed in this Executive Order. Failure to meet the deadlines could subject CUC to additional EPA sanctions.
- **d.** The coordination of the approvals from the various agencies **calls** for a responsive procurement system at CUC, including the trained technical staff to **implement** the system.
- 5. CUC is thoroughly regulated by the Commonwealth Public Utilities Commission("CPUC"). The regulator has plenary power over CUC rates, charges, fees, operations and capital investments. CUC's failure to timely and competently meet CPUC orders and other requirements can result in severe rate discipline, and fines and other penalties. For example, the Commission required CUC to meet certain requirements, including the filing of a technically complex rate case (Docket No. 10-01) by the end of January 2010, or face fines of \$500 per day.
- 6. CUC is the sole electricity supplier to the Government of the CNMI, including all public safety activities, the schools, and the only hospital. CUC also supplies electricity to most of the CNMI's businesses and homes. While some businesses and agencies own backup generators, they are not generally organized, to use the backups as permanent power sources; and the diesel oil purchased to run these generators is substantially more expensive than that used for CUC power.
- 7. Without CUC electricity:

Page 4 of 25

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- most CNMI economic activity would come to a halt, the courts would soon close. a. much refrigeration and air conditioning would end, and the airports and ports would be forced to rely on emergency generation and the limited, expensive oil supply for it;
- h. the CNMI's health and safety would immediately be at risk, since traffic signals and street lighting would cease to **function**, emergency, fire and police facilities and their communications systems, and the Hospital and island clinics would have to rely on limited oil supplies for emergency generation and then cease functioning, much refrigeration of food and medicines would end, as would air conditioning for the elderly and medically fragile;
- c. the **public** schools and the Northern Marianas College would close. Other educational institutions would close as their backup oil supplies for emergency generators were exhausted, and
- đ. water and sewage treatment would soon end. One of CUC's largest electric customers is the combined CUC Water and Wastewater Divisions. CUC is the sole supplier of electricity for these systems. **CUC's** water system relies on electricity to maintain the system pressure needed to avoid the backflow of pathogens, to chlorinate, and to pump, store and to distribute water supplies. CUC's wastewater system requires electricity to collect, pump, process, treat and discharge sewage. The lack of electricity could result in sewage overflows, contamination of land and water and rendering unsafe the CNMI's beaches, which are also **principal** tourist destinations.

8. As discussed below, CUC is currently advertising for about 20 vacancies, including the Executive Director, the Water Distribution Manager, the Wastewater Manager, five engineers, a general counsel, an internal auditor, a grants writer and/or a grants specialist, two wastewater level 2 treatment operators, two wastewater level 2 collection operators, and two water treatment **/distribution** levels 1 and 2 operators for Rota. CUC also seeks to renew 18 technical and professional contracts for non-US citizens. Without these positions filled CUC's operations would be severely compromised.

Staffing CUC with the technical experts to permit continued electric service

9. CUC continues to maintain and rehabilitate its owned power plants. CUC tries to maintain and rehabilitate the operating units to adequately meet load. CUC has secured federal funds to buy many needed parts to avoid outages. CUC began the needed overhaul of PP #1 unit DE-5 in September 2009. In October four other **units** began required overhaul, which will take 12 months.

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10. In November 2009, the following **work** started: The critical replacement of the PP **#1** anchor bolts, in order to stop the **shifting** and **vibration** that has ruined the **plant**; and foundation repairs to Engines 1 and 8. Shortly thereafter the replacement of turbochargers **and** oil-water separators began. All of this work is **essential**.

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11. This work has been successful. Power Plant 1 Engines I, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 are available. Engine 8's critical foundation repair and anchor bolt replacement have been completed. The major engine overhaul is under way.

12. In **effect**, CUC management, with generous federal financial **assistance**, has brought its generation back **from** the brink of system failure. There are adequate reserves. If maintained properly, the system can provide the CNMI's citizens and residents with adequate power.

13. Adequate technical staff is essential to this work. A major challenge to *carrying* out this rehabilitation has been finding the *trained* technicians needed to carry out these rehabilitation projects, and maintain and run the equipment. The technicians must be ready for service when needed and their services must be affordable. Any significant reduction in CUC's present technical workforce could seriously compromise CUC's ability to generate and distribute power.

14. With respect to **CUC's** lines, **equipment** used by **CUC's Transmission** and **Distribution** unit ("T & D"), **including** many vehicles, is dilapidated and bordering on being unsafe. There is an insufficient number of skilled workers to operate T & D. The **linemen** must be trained to, and **skillful** in, meeting US standards. **Fortunately**, a federal **DOUOIA** grant paid for **same** lineman training in June. The critical upcoming projects in T & D include the replacement of the antiquated, rundown and unsafe vehicle fleet; the redesign of T & D using **national** Rural Utility Service standards; the **replacement installation** of insulators, transformers, **overcurrent** protection, **sectionalizers** and the installation of efficient LED street lighting.

15. For example, **Saipan's** early-September 2009 brush with Typhoon Choi-Wan 15W that passed to the north of Saipan, and typhoon **Melor**, which passed just north of Saipan in October 2009, **underscored** the extreme vulnerability of **CUC's** power transmission and **distribution** system In September 2009, over 150 calls of no-power and line **faults** were fielded by crews when, **for** a storm of this size, there should have been no more than a score. Fortunately, last year's typhoon season ended with no direct hits on the CNMI and **the** power **distribution** system Accelerating improvements to the T & D **system**, with proper staff under an Emergency Order, would allow CUC to "harden" the **system** in anticipation of a bigger storm event. The alternative, in a more serious storm, is CUC's inability to recover in any reasonable time period. The year 2010 will see a new typhoon season.

Page 6 of 25

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- 16. Nonetheless, outages due to Power Transmission & Distribution were extremely low: May saw only 11 minutes; April just one minute. These are the lowest such figures in the last seven years, reflecting an extraordinary accomplishment for an understaffed, overworked CUC work group.
- 17. Further, utility industry safety margins for isolated, island systems typically require a reserve equal to the capacity of the two largest generating units. In CUC's case this would be another 15 MW of load, equivalent to the departed Aggreko temporary units. Meeting this reserve requirement means CUC must have an adequate repair and maintenance staff.
- 18. The Legislature, through PL 17-1 (Mar. 22, 2010), has limited CUC's ability to hire technical staff; eliminating prior statutory permission to hire up to 19 foreign workers, and reinstituting a moratorium on the Government's hirring foreign nationals, even if needed for highly technical positions for which no local or Mainland citizens are available. The CUC Act, as subsequently re-enacted by PL 16-17 (Oct 1, 2008), provides that CUC shall hire such persons as are necessary for operations, except as otherwise *limited by other law.* 4 CMC § 8123(h).
- 19. **PMIC** at PP #4 and **Telesource** on Tinian, and the Rota Resort on Rota, as Independent Power Producers (IPPs), are not subject to the Legislature's limitation or prohibition on foreign workers. Nor are consulting firms that provide specialty utility industry services.
- 20. There are not enough **technical** specialists at **CUC** to get the power generation work done, particularly specialists with experience in the type of engines that CUC uses. CUC believes that the vast majority of skill sets must come **from** non-US personnel.
- 21. CUC has tried to hire diesel mechanics m the CNMI, but has been unsuccessful in finding all the qualified candidates. In the summer of 2009 CUC identified 16 potential new staff after interviews = 7 mechanics, I welder, 1 machinist, and 7 operators. Two of the operator candidates were US citizens.
- 22. CUC has hired some local staff in time thanks to the aggressive steps of CUC HR, the Executive Director and earlier versions of Directive 10.
- 23. CUC has hired skilled trade technicians needed on Saipan for power plant operations and maintenance. For Rota, CUC announced the need for a mechanic-operator and an electrical operator. As more units begin working after the rehabilitations are largely complete, CUC will. need more staff to operate and maintain them. For the foreseeable future, CUC needs to maintain its complement of skilled workers. In the meantime, CUC continues to work with the Northern Marianas Trade Institute (to find local trainees, part of a multi-year

Page 7 of 25

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24. With generous grant funding and the use of in-house technical specialists and outside contractors, **CUC** has undertaken substantial rehabilitation of its power **system**. Future projects include replacing turbochargers, conserving and reclaiming used tube and waste oil, retrofitting

apprenticeship **program.** CUC has about a dozen of these trainees, but requires fully trained,

streetlights with low-wattage **LED's**, and **restoring** power generation and adequate distribution on Rota. Even if contractors do the work, CUC technical staff must research and prepare bid documents, review technical proposals, and oversee the work.

- 25. The bottom line on CUC's technical work has been a substantial increase m reliability, specifically the availability of CUC's generation. CUC's transmission and distribution has similarly improved – January 2010 saw 10 hours 44 minutes of outages, April 2010 saw one minute. It was **critical** to this latter improvement that CUC had the skilled, trained work force to maintain power lines.
- 26. But even as power **becomes** more reliable, CUC must reduce its distribution losses from the reported level of 8%. With world oil prices increasing CUC's power costs, such losses already account roughly for \$4.8 million, which CNMI customers must cover. CUC requires a team of skilled technicians to find and eliminate power theft and line losses.
- 27. The impact of an inadequate workforce would be four-fold:

experienced technicians to keep the power plants running.

- **First,** there would be a direct negative effect on the existing **consumers.** There a. would be brownouts, or area blackouts, with the above-mentioned loss of service.
- b. Second, the power plants would again degrade, producing more of these outages.
- Third, there would be an **indirect** effect, increasing rates over the longer term, C. because small consumers would have to shoulder more of the fixed costs of the CUC system. First, there would be loss of large customers. By contrast, if the hotels were to become part of the system, they could help pay CUC fixed costs, which **would** lower everyone else's rates. The hotels need reliable, 2417 power. But with unreliable power, CUC would be unable to convince large commercial customers, particularlythe hotels, to join, or rejoin, its system Second, would come additional expenses. If CUC fails to meet federal court deadlines for the stipulated orders, the Court could appoint a federal receiver and its consulting team – with all expenses charged to CUC customers. The EPA has already imposed stipulated order penalties; it recently required the payment of a \$140,000

Page 8 of 25

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penalty. Thus, the indirect effect of an inadequate workforce would be to boost rates.

- Fourth, with the recovery of the world economy, advise CUC experts, oil prices d. can be expected to rise. If **CUC's** generators become less **efficient**, because technical staff are unavailable to maintain CUC's engines' efficiency, that much more oil would be needed to generate a given amount of electricity. The price rise will thereby harm CUC's customers and electricity-dependentservices with higher rates.
- 28. Rota's status today is precarious and financially un-sustainable. Rota has suffered blackouts fiom inadequate generator maintenance. The power plant's other facilities and the island's distribution system similarly need the attentions of additional manpower. The Rota power plant needed additional generating sets to come on he, as there are only 1.5 dependable sets in the plant. The third of two feeders was, until June 2010, powered by the Rota Resort, a private resort, at a cost of \$200,000/month to CUC. The revenues to CUC from the customers on this feeder fall far below this cost. CUC has negotiated with a Mainland supplier for a new generating set, with funding from the US Department of the Interior. The alternative for Rota was akin to Saipan's recent Aggreko situation - purchasing higher cost, reliable power from the Rota Resort. Therefore, in June 2010, two 0.9 MW Cummins generating sets were transported from Power Plant 4 on Saipan to Rota in order to augment the power generation. These two generating sets should be commissioned by the end of July, 2010.
- 29. Since **EO 2009-8** in August, **and** the suspension of the **harmful** legislative employment restriction, CUC has taken steps to hire the expertise to operate and maintain the Saipan and Rota power generation facilities. CUC needs to be able to hire the workers it needs when it needs them. Otherwise, if CUC had to discharge these workers, its staffing levels would return to those **which overworked** its limited staff. For example, over pay period numbers 2 through 11 of the year 2009, CUC accumulated 18,053 hours of overtime from technical employees who each worked 40 or more hours of overtime in a pay period. **This** condition is extreme, and a repeat can result in inefficiencies and poor work quality. It can lead to dangerous mistakes, producing **injury** or death.
- **30.** CUC has repeatedly asked the Legislature to lift the restrictions on foreign workers. The Legislature has **failed** to act on the CUC request. Without relief, this inaction will effectively set the stage for loss of service and higher rates. Among other things it will thereby reverse the \$6 million-per-yearbenefit of terminating the **Aggreko** temporary power contract.
- 31. CUC points out that the power distribution system is highly vulnerable because, **like** the sewer system, so much of the maintenance and replacement was deferred for one reason or another over the past 20 years. Since 1995, 26 villages on Saipan were identified as needing

Page 9 of 25

major improvements to the power lines; only five have seen those improvements. Power T & D fails in bits and pieces. One of the big pieces that failed in February 2010 was one of 12 termination cables on the Kiya Substation (Transformer One). A power outage to the southern parts of **Saipan** lasted **from** one to five hours. CUC management states that the **excellent** response from the crews in both Power Generation and Power T & D demonstrated the importance of having skilled workers. The top two engineers were **non-residents**. Without this EO in place, given present statutes, it is unlikely CUC would be able to secure the services of such valuable **individuals**.

32. The extended dry season this year (see below) **means** that vegetation must be cleared **away from** the lines early and often. Brush fires **can** damage the power lines, telephone facilities, and television cables. Meanwhile, CUC crews **mst** replace falling insulator **bolts** and **falling** switches in order to avoid distribution-related power outages.

33. CUC has demonstrated that the required workers are available as nonresident workers, and cost-effectively so. **Thus,** continued relief from the legislative **prohibition** of **hiring** foreign national workers is necessary to ensure the delivery of **uninterrupted** power services to the people of the Commonwealth.

Complying with the federal court order on disposal of used oil

34. CUC has taken concrete steps to address the storage and disposal of used oil, consonant with the federal court's Stip Order 2. Federal court Stipulated Order 2 relates to the used oil from the engines for four facilities (Power Plants 1, 3, 4 and Rota) and all CUC transformers. USA v. CUC & CNMI, Civ. No. 08-0051 (D. NMI Mar. 11, 2009) ("Stip Order 2"). With an adequate complement of trained technical employees, complemented by expert contractors, CUC believes that it can meet the Stip Order requirements. On August 12,2010, the Court issued the Second Joint Stipulation ("SJS"), which replaced many otherwise unattainable deadlines, but provided other deadlines and stiff penalties for a host of technical and management positions. The SJS also provided for firm dates for reporting on the use of grant funds, on the progress of secondary containment facilities, providing a facilities response plan ("FRP"), and cleaning out Tark 104.

35. A September 2009 inspection by the US Coast Guard (USCG) resulted in the imposition of another cost that was unanticipated even with Stip Order 2. The **USCG** now requires additional and more stringent measures to contain or eliminate the possibility of any oil reaching the ocean from Power Plants 1,2 and the power plant on Rota. Further, as of October 2009, CUC has faced the following staffing needs in this area: It critically needs the resources to inspect and redesign the entire fuel storage, pumping and handling system in order to meet the more stringent requirements of today. The clean the storage tanks at Lower Base were originally

Page 10 of 25

designed for another application. The **fuel** line **from** the **oil** company's terminal is **in** danger of rupturing during a transfer; **the** pumping rate has to be reduced to prevent this. Fixing **ill** of this requires trained CUC **staff**.

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36. Serious deficiencies in the waste oil handling system at Lower Base have come to light in the past months and are being addressed by both CUC and EPA. One deficiency is that the oily water separators are not **functioning** as such because of the excessive amount of oil (as opposed to water) entering the system As a result, **oil** was spilling onto the ground rather than **being** separated and skimmed off properly. Power Plant #1 has been sealed off to prevent any waste oil **from** leaving the plant and flowing into the oily water separators. To prevent oil **from** accumulating **uncontained** in the plant itself; **emergency measures** have been taken to store waste oil and to **fabricate** above-ground tarks. **The** oily water separators, pipes, holding tanks, and baffles are being cleaned out so that the entire system can be **carefully** inspected and re-engineered. All of the additional work is expensive. Regardless of who does the work initially, CUC staff, EPA contractors, or a combination thereof, CUC requires skilled, trained workers for the clean-up. Failure to **correct** this situation could harm the nearby environment, **CUC's** ability to generate electricity properly, and the **assurances** given pursuant to Stip Order 2. CUC has hired an Oil Technical Manager.

37. Incinerators play a crucial role in helping CUC meet Stip Order 2. The two incinerators at Lower Base (Power Plants 1 and 2) are now operating, and burning **about 1000 gallons** of used oil per day. One had to be taken out of service due to mechanical issues, is being repaired by a contractor, and the contractor's work **must** be approved by the Deputy Director for Power Systems, a non-US-citizen. This EO has permitted Power Generation the **flexibility** of **hiring** skilled non-US-citizens to not **cnly** repair and overhaul the generating sets, but to fix and supervise such important auxiliary equipment as the **incinerators**.

38. Nonetheless, the EPA on February 18, 2010, filed a status report with the US District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands which is highly critical of the progress in **UC's** efforts to comply with Stip Order 2's requirements to solve the used oil situation. Since that report CUC has contracted with the **GRESCO** firm to remove waste oil from Tank 104. The EPA has strongly urged CUC to accelerate the removal, bringing the "empty" date forward from October 2010 to July 30, 2010. CUC found two additional special double-walled "ISO" tanks for use in the project, to add capacity to the contractor's six tanks. As a result, GRESCO transferred just under 180,000 gallons of used oil to **Guam** by July 15.

39. Presently CUC is in process on these specific efforts to comply with **Stip** Order 2's requirements, with federal **finding** authorized: Technical Manager sought for oil position; secondary containment (new and repair) has received permits and NEPA clearance, and construction has begun; oil disposal for Saipan's **Tank** 104; oil transfer pipeline for Luwer Base design work commenced, construction contract under review by CPUC, with a target in-service

Page 11 of 25

Complying with the federal court order on managing the water and wastewater systems

40. As long as the Water and Wastewater Divisions can hire competent staff and receive power from the Power Division, they can function.

41. The U.S. Department of Justice ("DoJ"), Environment and Natural Resources Division, has sued CUC in federal court to come into compliance with critical water and sewage treatment requirements. USA v. CUC & CNMI, Civ. No. 08-0051 (D. NMI Mar. 11,2009) ("Stip Order 1"). See also http://www.usdoj.gov/enrd/Consent_Decrees html. In July 2008 CUC, the CNMI and (in September 2008) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") stipulated to this first of two orders lodged with the U.S. D i t Court on the date the Complaint was filed. This order requires CUC to implement a series of improvements to its water and wastewater systems that respond to years of neglect, for which it presently lacks the funds and the complete technical capability. On August 12, 2010, the Court issued the Second Joint Stipulation ("SJS"), which replaced many otherwise unattainable deadlines, but provided other deadlines and stiff penalties for a host of technical and management positions. The SJS also provided for firm dates for an Interim Financial Plan, Reorganization Plan, full metering and biling a complete chlorination and disinfection program, the hiring of qualified operators in direct responsible charge ("DRC"), and procedures to generate the scope of work for CUC's Master Plan.

42. Sewage collection piping failures are continuing at an accelerated rate. The Wastewater Division must respond to acid damage in the asbestos cement piping system, the product of over 30 years of anaerobic conditions in sewers. This has caused significant damage to cement and metal infrastructure, so that key pipe system have collapsed. December 18,2009, saw the sixth failure in six months. Failures will continue until 10 miles of sewer pipe are replaced. But replacement involves complex excavations, avoiding electric, phone and water utilities, blocking traffic, stopping the infiltration of seawater (which damages treatment plant facilities), and pumping sewage around blocked and excavated areas. The Division has already far exceeded its repair budget;

43. Providing and **improving** water service presents new challenges. With DEQ's classification of Rota's cave-based domestic **water** as "surface water" CUC has had to expand water quality **monitoring** and testing, requiring more manpower and more equipment. In May 2010, CUC

experienced failures in water pipes as the Cross-Island road project's contractors' equipment broke pipes, requiring CUC staff to be **pulled from** other jobs, **with** required equipment, to address the emergency. In addition, a substantial **section** of the As **Terlaje** sewer line collapsed, requiring an emergency procurement to him an outside from to make the repair.

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44. Sewer line collapses are not uncommon, typically the result of pipe thinning. CUC investigates and undertakes repairs. Without this EO, says CUC, procurement for such repair work would constitute a significant impediment.

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45. The Sadog Tasi Wastewater Treatment Plant is undergoing long-planned rehabilitation. But, without such redundant equipment as a clarifier, CUC must devote extra resources to the facility while the contractor repairs the **only** unit. Such work has to be conducted within strict parameters by properly trained technicians to prevent contamination of the **environment**. Due to equipment malfunctions, **sludge** is not pressed, which may have produced unacceptably high July levels of enterococci in effluents **from** both the Sadog Tasi and Agingan **Point** treatment plants.

46. The Division also needs serviceable vehicles to move its workers to and **from** job sites. Presently six **vehicles** are in such bad shape that they are dangerous. The resulting reduced vehicle problem raises costs and hurts **service**, as staff and materials cannot be brought to job sites on **time**.

47. Sewage lift station failures continue, requiring CUC crews to install newly received pumps. Approximately 17 of the 45 CUC sewage in station are in poor condition and require significant rehabilitation. CUC anticipates an EPA grant for the rehabilitation of these lift stations. But that construction will not occur for approximately one year. In July there was a sewer blockage in the CK and Susupe areas, and CUC lacked the equipment to repair it; its usual contractor also suffered equipment problems.

48. CUC engineer staff shortages continue to hamper **CUC's** ability to anticipate and technical problem. While **CUC's Water/Wastewater** Division **employs four** engineers, the poor condition of the CUC sanitation assets requires at least two more engineers. But, **significant** engineering resources are already focused on addressing EPA **Stip** Order **lissues**. These issues **include staffing** plans, pre-treatment programs, **materials** management programs, customer inventory, and cross-connectioncontrol **programs**. CUC water and wastewater engineers are the lead with several on-going construction projects, which also stretches the limited engineering resources, including the Well Isolation Project, Sadog Tasi Sewer Plant **Rehabilitation**, and Agingan Sewage Treatment Plant Rehabilitation. Recruitment and retention of engineering staff to **meet** these challenges is **difficult**.

49. Incipient **failures** include the **failure** of 98 submersible pumps in the water system over a period of twelve months. Higher grade stainless **steel** grates have to be **specified** that are resistant to **pitting**. The pitting causes the grates to fail and consequently the pump **motors**. CUC will need to purchase higher quality equipment, rather than the cheap units that fail prematurely.

50. CUC must be able to hire the staff to perform the requited **technical** functions. The Water and Wastewater Divisions cannot **carry** out thek **missions** without adequate staff. **These staff** are essential to producing clean, safe water supplies and removal of stormwater and sewage in a safe, timely manner. While the bulk of CUC employees are drawn **from** local **and** US populations, the Division management estimates that at least six trained technicians **will** be required – three experienced Level 3 wastewater **treatment** operators, **two** Level 3 wastewater collections operators, and **an** instrumentation **/low** voltage controls **specialist**. An experienced **Water/Wastewater** Division operations **manager** will be required. CUC requires a **chemist** to meet federal requirements, but has been unable to find a qualified one in the **local** population, or a cost-effective professional from the US Mainland; a foreign hire has been identified, however. CUC has also announced a vacancy of the position for Deputy **Director** for Water and Wastewater. Seven candidates will be reviewed and **evaluated** by a team which includes the Executive Director.

51. There are special reasons why the water system must be adequately **staffed** and maintained this year. This was an El Nino year, and water was relatively scarce. As predicted in the Pacific ENSO bulletin forecast back in February 1,2010, the CNMI dry season **brought** below normal rainfalls into June 2010. CUC went into an emergency mode, **conserving water**, accelerating water line replacements, and locating and repairing leaks. There was greater danger of fires this year, with less water available to fight **them**. For Capital Hill, the drought and a tank rehabilitation project required that the distribution system in this area be reconfigured in **June** 2010 in order to **supply** water at least two hours per day to Wireless Ridge. Upper reaches of **Navy Hill** were without water for several **days until leaks** were repaired. With the rainy season the aquifers are only slowly replenished. As a result Garapan is seeing in July fewer hours of water service. Unfortunately, the **leaks** were noted several months before, but lack of manpower and funds prevented the pressurization required for **leak** repair. In July the Kagman booster pump failed, and until it is replaced the **Papago** area will see less water delivered.

52. For its water and wastewater businesses, CUC has tried to hire water and wastewater **certified** operators. There has not been enough interest by qualified professionals. But CUC must hire such technical **staff** in order to comply with stiff EPA requirements, as expressed in the latest version of the Stipulated Orders.

53. CUC also requires a constant supply of electricity to **run** its water and wastewater treatment **systems**. **CUC has** very limited on-site emergency generation capability, and for only portions of these systems.

Page 14 of 25

54. Meanwhile CUC continues to pay for power, chlorine, lab testing costs, and repairing collapsing sewer lines. CUC has hired a consulting team to assist it in achieving cost recovery for the water and wastewater systems **through** the processes of the CNMI Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC"). CUC filed a wastewater rate increase request, complete with hundreds of pages of written expert witness testimony and technical support, on January 31, 2010. The Commission addressed the filing in May, authorizing a June 21,2010, rate increase in wastewater rates and full cost recovery for the electric costs of the water and wastewater divisions.

55. Nonetheless, the EPA on July 21,2010, filed a status **report** with the US District **Court** for the Northern **Mariana** Islands which is highly critical of the progress in **CUC's** efforts to comply with Stip Order **1's** requirements to solve the water and wastewater situations. It included a statement that tests in June and July each showed violation of the maximum contaminant level **drinking** water standard for total **coliform** bacteria. (7-21-10 Status Report, **p** 6 **1** 5) A hearing before the Court is scheduled for August 4,2010. The prior status hearing resulted in the additional stipulated order addressed elsewhere **m** this Executive Order.

Meeting US District Court and CNMI Public Utilities Commission requirements to produce timely, accurate financial reports

56. The federal Stip Orders require CUC to produce and carry out an **Interim** Financial Plan, beginning in September, 2009. The "IFP" must develop over time, becoming more **than** "interim" CUC cannot do this unless it has a staff of trained accounting and other financial experts who can gather data, put the data in the required form and generate the IFP and its later versions.

57. Further, CUC is comprehensively regulated by the Commonwealth Public Utilities Commission("CPUC"). The CPUC is charged by statute to oversee carefully CUC's operations and capital expenditures, and to develop rates that fully pay the costs of safely operating CUC's water and wastewater systems.

58. In electric and water/wastewater orders, of September 3 and November 20,2009, the CPUC addressed CUC's inability to deliver complete on-time financial reports, requiring CUC, in effect, to enhance its staff capability to provide critical regulatory information. (Docket No.'s 09-1 and 09-2.) The Commission revisited CUC rates, fees, charges and operations during this year, including in the recent rate case, Docket No. 10-01. CUC's Executive Director was a lead witness in the case, having filed written testimony (on January 31,2010) and supplemental testimony (on April 1,2010).

Page 15 of 25

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- 59. CUC cannot upgrade its financial and accounting operations unless it has a staff of trained **accounting** and other **financial** experts who **can** gather data, put the data in the required form and generate **the** required reports and filings with the CPUC, as well as provide the CPUC consulting staff with the data required for their oversight. CUC has obligated itself to provide an updated, compliant Interim Financial Plan and an organizational evaluation, **both** pursuant to Stip Order 1, to the US District Court, and most recently, according to the February 24,2010, additional stipulated order. CUC submitted **an** IFP on March 26,2010. But EPA has yet to approve it.
- 60. CUC's procurement **system** is lengthy and complex A relic of other decades, with their own **challenges**, it requires extensive **technical** experience **m specifications** and the procurement process, and often must be coordinated with the **CNMI's** separate procurement procedures, adding **months** to processes that must respond to the **immediate** challenges outlined in this Executive Order.
- **61.** CUC last year lost 2 senior accountants plus a related specialist. The IT and billing department in August 2009 was reduced by one **staffer, having** advertised for a replacement for 4 weeks to no **avail.** While it appeared **that** CUC might have to look to employing **foreign** technical **specialists**, CUC hired back 2 former accountants in September 2009 and brought a third person aboard in October. All are US citizens. Nonetheless, CUC **mst** have the flexibility to hire competent professionals as needed. CUC is still short-staffed, and **needs** an accounting assistant, and an accounting specialist. On February 17,2010, CUC's new Chief Financial Officer reported for duty.
- 62. **CUC's** decades-old **financial** and **accounting** system computer failed repeatedly **during** the last three months, **including** for a complete **week**. **Already-over-committed finance** and **accounting** staff were required to put in **days** of extra time in hand-recording customer payments and hand-generating bills. It failed again this week, on July 19.
- 63. Nonetheless, the EPA on February 18,2010, *filed* a **status** report with the US District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands which **was** highly critical of the progress in **QQ's** efforts to comply with Stip Order **2's** requirements to provide timely and complete financial and other operating reports and plans.
- 64. To summarize: Without properly trained technical **staff CUC's** ability to supply power is at **risk.** So is its **ability** to **manage** the rest of its systems, **including** its complex procurement, its **finances** and accounting. CUC's services could not be adequately staffed without the lifting of the artificial legislative regulation of CUC's workforce, in EO **2009-08**, Directive #10; suspending the limitations on CUC **hirring foreign** workers. It is obvious that the hiring authority must be continued.

Page 16 of 25

65. In fact, during July - September 2010 over 18 CUC employment contracts for non-citizen, technical specialists will require renewal. Failure to timely renew could cripple CUC's efforts to provide service and meet federal requirements. There is no indication that any of the above manpower situation will be resolved in the next month without continuing in effect this EO and Directive #I 0.

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MANAGEMENT CRISIS IN ABSENCE OF A PROPER BOARD/CEO STRUCTURE

66. Summary. CUC is a \$70 million-per-year business, critical to the CNMI's economy and the public health. Yet, the recently-renewed statute organizing it places the Board of Directors in the position of day-to-day management of the corporation, and requires a complex mix of technical, geographic and other qualifications for Board membership. There is no Board because it has been impossible to meet these criteria. Without the Board, or its equivalent, CUC cannot take a critical step toward solvency and the ability to borrow to finance its work.

Forestalling corporate paralysis

67. A critical concern is that the CUC Act's constricted scope of authority for the Executive Director, and **the** complementary daily management by a host of Board volunteers, would paralyze the corporation. **This** is **particularly** worrisome in light of the above-listed tasks before **CUC**.

68. A careful reading of the CUC Act, PL 16-17, as amended, particularly its sections 4 CMC §§ 8131 (Bd qualifications), 8134 (Bd approval of all "allocations" of money and property), and 1 CMC §§ 8247 (limited daily reimbursement of \$60.00); 4 CMC §§ 8132 (E.D. described), 8133 (limited E.D. functions listed), and 8134 (Bd approval of all "allocations" of money and property), demonstrates that the Executive Director is to be left with little more to do than provide reports to a Board of volunteers who are nonetheless to run CUC, a complex \$70 million/year corporation, on a day-today basis. This includes such decision-making as purchasing materials and supplies, signing paychecks and other checks, hiring staff, assigning work crews, connecting customers, deciding on making repairs, collecting debts, complying with the details of federal and CPUC regulatory requirements, making and funding long-term technical power and water/wastewater plans, overseeing filings with the CPUC, including rate cases, and insuring that, on a day-to-day basis, the power and water flow and the sewage is treated.

69. Permitting CUC to be managed this way would plunge the CNMI into economic chaos and a public health care crisis, as corporate activity and the Hospital's operations ground to a halt – with or without a Board in place. The complex technical problems Listed above simply cannot be managed on a day-to-day basis by a group of non-expert volunteers. For example, the Executive

Page 17 of 25

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Director had to be available to renegotiate CUC's firel oil contract this year, and insure that firel supplies reached Tinian and Rota, as well as Saipan. Also, as a key witness in the recent CPUC Docket 10-01, and m future rate cases, the Executive Director must be enabled to testify in favor of the requested rate increase in order to **fully** present the required evidence.

7 8 9 70. No private or public utility company in the United States runs this way - with a group of volunteers managing a \$70-million corporation's day-to-day operations. No other legislature in the United States has mandated this form of corporate management for a public utility.

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71. CUC has applied for and become eligible for millions of dollars of US ARRA grants, which can substantially benefit the CNMI's infrastructure and create jobs. CUC has been awarded \$11 million in grants from the EPA. But developing the grant requests and implementing the grants requires management attention and expertise, part of a professionallyrun business organization. CUC has placed ARRA grants out for bid, so that these benefits can start flowing. CUC **mst** evaluate its needs, and hire and contract for the needed technical specialists to manage the grant-funded projects. This requires a corporate structure capable of making and sustaining important decisions.

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72. I can only conclude that the legislation's extraordinary structure for CUC is the result of a drafting error, and the **People**, through their elected representatives, wish their **utility** company to continue to supply them with essential services at a reasonable wst, meeting industry standards.

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Fixing CUC's technical insolvency

73. CUC has been unable to borrow money to run its operations since the inception of this State of Disaster Emergency due to (a) its poor financial condition and (b) the existence on its books of a liability to the Commonwealth Development Authority ("CDA") of approximately \$1.15 million. **Tris** situation may be corrected if the Executive Director is recognized to have the authority to correct it. Part of this situation, the CDA relationship, has been corrected precisely because the Executive Director was empowered by this Executive Order to do so.

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34 35 74. Meanwhile, billings and collections are substantially below the levels required to prudently manage CUC's current operations and provide for system repairs, replacements and upgrades. For example, billings alone for water and wastewater are less than 70% of requirements to run those two systems. This will change as the PUC's June 2010 rate increase takes effect.

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75. The booked CDA obligation rendered CUC nominally insolvent. While CUC was deemed insolvent, CUC could not borrow money. But CUC must be able to borrow money to bridge the gap between (a) the need to spend money on essential goods and services to provide electricity,

Page 18 of 25

76. The CPUC, in its September 3,2009, electric order, Docket No. 09-1, approved a CUC-CDA settlement converting the CDA debt to preferred stock. But the deal has required CUC's Board to agree to it.

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> 77. There is no Board. **CUC** has functioned without a Board of Directors, because it has had to. While CUC's enabling act, reenacted as PL 16-17, as amended, authorizes a Board, there is no CUC Board yet because, while the **staff** of the Governor's **effice** have diligently tried to **find** Board volunteers who meet the **complex** statutory qualifications, they have been unable to do so. Nonetheless, CUC must continue to function, including borrowing money.

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78. EO 2009-08's Directive # 9 provides the required authority to the Executive Director. It also permits him to continue to run CUC, carefully manage cash to pay tens of millions of dollars annually for fuel oil and purchased power, and do all the things necessary to providing power, water and wastewater services, until the remaining members of a properly constituted Board can be identified, confirmed, and convened for business. In February 2010 the Executive Director delivered to CDA management the stock **certificates** required for the debt-equity conversion. **CUC** has received the fully executed copy of the Stipulated Notice of Dismissal (with prejudice) in CDA v. CUC, Superior Court Civil Action No. 01-0248D (4/21/2010), which the CPUC has required that CDA provide to make effective the conversion of the CDA debt to preferred equity. CUC has sought Public Utilities Commission final approval. The **Commission** provided that approval in the rate order authorized at its May 28,2010, business meeting. Soon, CUC must be able to demonstrate to the financial **community** that it is properly managed, so that it can borrow and pay back long term capital

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Providing the basis for proper CPUC oversight

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79. The broad and comprehensive statutory scheme of utility regulation in the Public Utility Act, 4 CMC §§ 8401-84, provides that the utility regulator, the CPUC, will carefully examine CUC activities, particularly financial activities.

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80. **Tris** extensive oversight satisfies the policy need for a body of arms-length, well-informed citizens to watchdog the activities of this, the Commonwealth's key resource. Thus, the statute's error-infused creation of a volunteer Board which would run the corporation on a day-to-day basis, becomes much less important than satisfying CPUC requirements.

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81. What becomes very important is CUC's capability to provide the CPUC with accurate and timely financial and accounting information. But such reporting is not possible without a

Page I9 of 25

NUMBER 11

competent, trained staff of accounting and financial experts at CUC, and a properly-empowered Executive Director to lead them.

Addressing a critical financial challenge

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82. CUC faced **a financial** crisis in June 2010. It was critically short of **funds** to buy **oil**. Without oil CUC would be forced to shut down its generation, bringing the economy of the **CNMI** to a halt, and endangering health and **welfare as** electricity-dependentoperations ceased – sewage treatment, water pumping, **traffic** lights and security lighting, air conditioning for the elderly, infants, and other medically **fragile** persons, and equipment at the **CNMI's** Hospital and health clinics. The principal reason for the shortage was the Government's failure to pay **millions** of dollars of **utility** bills. The Government was in **arrears** about four months on its **bills**. Only by eliminating restrictions on the Governor's power to reprogram funds to address **this** issue was crisis averted.

83. CUC **only** had a day or two's worth of purchased oil to power its system because it lacked the **funds** to buy oil fi-om its sole, cash-only supplier.

84. The Executive Director was required to spend substantial time on a concentrated basis interacting with high **CNMI** government officials as well as developing contingency **plans** for the orderly shutdown of the CUC system.

85. Fortunately, the Administration was able to develop a multi-stage plan to enable the payment of enough CNMI Government bills, and the reprogramming of **CUC** funds to forestall disaster. The **Government** is still, however, about two months **m** arrears on its bills.

86. In order to **facilitate** this solution, the Governor issued a **Declaration** of Disaster Emergency (June 8,2010).

87. Development of this **temporary financial** rescue plan would not **have** been **possible** without the dedicated, focused effort of a properly empowered Executive Director. Such financial conditions **may** continue unless the Government, and other large CUC customers, can be brought current, and remain current, on their bills. This **may** present a challenge for **CUC**, given the stressed financial conditions of the Commonwealth. A properly empowered Executive Director will be required to address this challenge.

88. On May I1, 2010, **CUC** submitted to EPA a draft organization evaluation and reorganization plan But on June 14, 2010, the EPA assessed CUC a \$140,000 penalty for failing to submit timely such a plan. EPA has yet to approve a master plan for CUC. In a July 1, 2010, official letter EPA stated its belief that CUC still lacked the technical **capability** to put

Page 20 of 25

 together "adequate" submissions. Importantly, CUC requires a functioning management, including a properly empowered Executive Director to forestall any such additional EPA punitive action.

☐ CRISIS FROM THE LACK OF LEGISLATIVE ACTION

- 89. There is no Legislative relief coming. For months CUC has repeatedly asked the Legislature for such relief, including submission of draft legislation in July. The Legislature has declined to respond. There is no alternative to providing this relief other than an order from the Governor. Inaction will produce a disaster in which CUC is unable to provide its critical community services. Directives #9 and #10 were designed to avert this crisis. (The other Directives, #1 through #8, are no longer relevant, and were discontinued.)
- 90. This Declaration is necessary to protect the health and safety of our children, our senior citizens, businesses and all other CNMI residents and visitors.

EXECUTION AND ORDER

Therefore, I hereby **invoke** my authority under Article **III**, § 10, of the **Commorwealth** Constitution and 3 CMC § 5121(f) to take all necessary measures to address the imminent threat facing the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Exercise of the Constitutional and statutory authority invoked herein will be effectuated by the issuance of Executive Directives setting forth the measures to be taken to address the State of Disaster Emergency pursuant to 3 CMC § 5121(f), which states:

- (f) In addition to any other powers conferred upon the Governor by law, the Governor may, during a state of disaster emergency:
 - (1) Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conduct of the Commonwealth's business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any Commonwealth activity or agency, if strict compliance with the provision of any such statute, order, rule or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the emergency;
 - (2) Utilize all available resources of the Commonwealth **as** reasonably necessary to cope with the disaster emergency of the Commonwealth;

Page 21 of 25

Executive Order 2010-09 August 2010

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(3) Transfer the **direction**, personnel, or **functions** of the Commonwealth departments and agencies or **units** thereof for the purpose of performing or facilitating emergency services;

3 CMC \(\frac{5}{5} \) 5121(f)(1)-(3).

By today's disaster emergency declaration, I intend to enable CUC to continue to provide necessary service to the people of the Commonwealth.

This Declaration of a **State** of Disaster Emergency shall take **effect** immediately **and all** memoranda, directives and other **measures** taken in accordance with this **Declaration shall** remain in **effect** for thirty (30) days **from the** date **of this** Executive Order unless I, prior to the end of the thirty (30)-day period, **notify** the Presiding Officers of the Legislature that the state of emergency has been lifted or has been extended for an additional period of thirty (30) days. 1 CMC § 7403(a); 3 CMC § 5121(c).

A comprehensive report on the exercise of my constitutional authority **thall** be **transmitted** to the **presiding** officers of the Legislature as soon as practicable in accordance with 1 CMC § 7403(a).

DIRECTIVES

I direct the following:

Directive 1: Deleted.

Directive 2: **Deleted**.

Directive 3: Deleted.

Directive 4: Deleted.

Directive 5: Deleted.

Directive 6: Deleted.

Directive 7: Deleted

Directive 8: Deleted.

39 40 Ditive 9: The Executive Director of CUC shall have all the **powers** of the CUC Board, thereby **enabling** him to **carry** out all critical business **of** CUC, pending the earlier of either (1) the **confirmation** and convening of an operating CUC Board, or (2) the termination of the authority of this order. In particular, the Executive Director **shall** have **full power** and authority to agree **to** swap CDA **debt** and related obligations for preferred **stock** and related features and rights.

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Directive 10: The following strike-out-formatted language of the quoted provisions of the following statute regulating government employment is, **as** indicated, suspended immediately

4532. Exemptions.

Persons other than citizens and permanent residents may be exempted from the employment restriction in 3 CMC §4531 and employed within the following government entities and positions; on a case by case basis:

(a) Department of Public Health: United States or Canadian board-certified physicians and dentists licensed to practice in the Commonwealth:

(b) Department of Commerce. Temporary or part-time employees as needed for consuses and statistical surveys.

(c) Government translators. Approved foreign national translators for: the Department of Labor, the Office of the Attorney General, the Office of the Public Defender, the Department of Public Safety, the Commonwealth Superior Court, the Commonwealth Superior Court, and the Marianas Visitors Authority. The Attorney General shall establish guidelines for the approval of foreign national translators for the Executive Branch. The Supreme Court may establish guidelines for the approval of foreign national translators for the Judiciary.

3 CMC \S 4532, as **most** recently amended by PL 17-1. (Strikeout is **deliberately** added) That is, the **following language** is suspended: "the **following"**, "on a case by **case** basis" and the following listing:

" (a) Department of Public Health. United States or Canadian **board-certified** physicians and dentists licensed **to** practice in **the** Commonwealth.

 (b) Department of Commerce. Temporary or part-time employees as needed for censuses and statistical surveys.
 (c) Government translators. Approved foreign national translators for: the Department of

 Labor, the Office of the Attorney General, the Office of the Public Defender, the Department of Public Safety, the Commonwealth Superior Court, the Commonwealth Supreme Court, and the Marianas Visitors Authority."

Page 23 of 25

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I further suspend and delete the "moratorium" of sec. 4601:

§ 4601. Moratorium.

There is hereby enacted a moratorium on the hiring of foreign national workers, as defined in 3 CMC §4911. This moratorium shall be read in conjunction with Section 4532 of Chapter 2 of this part, and said moratorium shall be strictly construed and adhered to by all agencies and instrumentalities of the Commonwealth government:

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3 CMC § 4601 as most recently amended by PL 17-1. (Strikeout is deliberately added) That is, the following language is suspended immediately: 'There is hereby enacted a moratorium on the hiring of foreign national workers, as defined in 3 CMC \$4911. This moratorium shall be read in conjunction with Section 4532 of Chapter 2 of this part, and said moratorium shall be strictly construed and adhered to by all agencies and instrumentalities of the Commonwealth governent.''

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I hereby direct that the effect of the suspension of the indicated language shall be that CUC shall have the complete power, without regard to citizenship or otherwise lawful immigration status, to hire engineers, professional employees in technical or trade areas, power plant mechanics and utility technicians, either directly or indirectly. I further direct that these professional employees may include, but shall not be limited to, sanitarians, engineers, accountants, financial experts, information technology specialists, mechanics, electricians, well-drillers, pipefitters, plumbers, wastewater treatment facilities operators, laboratory specialists and other trades technicians and their professional managers.

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Executive Order 2010-09 August 2010

I further direct generally that the suspension of the language for specified agencies and the specified positions shall not be held as a limitation as to unnamed agencies and instrumentalities, but shall continue to permit other government entities to continue to fill needed positions, particularly in the areas of health care, census and translation/interpretation. Additionally, suspension of the term "on a case by case basis" shall permit government entities, including, notably, CUC, to develop programs and procedures that avoid the delays inherent in creating or obtaining case-by-case reviews and approvals. Finally, suspension of the moratorium is not intended to impede the efforts of CNMI agencies and instrumentalities in lawfully identifying and filling positions with qualified citizens and legal residents.

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Done this 21" day of August, 2010.

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© DO 2010-09-CUC Dis DesigniAnglifi Governor. Hpd



Benigno R. Fitial Governor Eloy S. Inos
Lieutenant Governor

MEMORANDUM

DATE: October 22,2010 DIRECTIVE NO. 276

TO: All Department and Activity Heads

FROM: Governor

SUBJECT: Implementation of 64-hour workweek

Please be advised that pursuant to Public Law 17-21, the Executive Branch will be implementing a 61-horn work schedule beginning with the pay period that starts on October 24, 2010.

In observance with this Directive, the following schedule of business hours for departments/activities under the Executive Branch shall be adhered to:

Pay Period Week #1

Monday - Thursday: 8:30am - 4:30pm

Friday: 7:30am-4:30pm

Pay Period Week #2

Monday - Thursday: 8:30am - 4:30pm

Friday: CLOSED

At this time, this Directive shall be observed by all locally-funded and federally-funded employees under the Executive Branch. While I recognize that certain offices and/or functions may be required to adopt a modified 64-hour work schedule to meet certain needs and requirements, written requests must be submitted to my office and must be approved before any modified 64-hour work schedule may be implemented.

Furthermore, this Directive shall not apply to critical service personnel such as sworn police officers, fire fighters, corrections officers, juvenile detention unit officers, physicians and nurses. These personnel shall continue to report for duty pursuant to their respective approved work schedules.

Caller Box 10007 Saipan, MP 96950 Telephone: (670) 664-2200 /2300 Facsimile: (670) 664-2211/231.1

In view of the aforementioned revised schedule of operations, it is important that all affected departments/activities ensure that all necessary actions are taken to ensure that your respective staff report for duty in accordance to this Directive.

This Directive shall remain in effect until such time that it is rescinded or superseded by a subsequent directive to address certain needs as they *arise*.

BENIGNO R. FITIAL

ec: Lt. Governor

Caller Box 10007 Saipan, MP 96950 Telephone: (670) 664-2200/2300 Facsimile: (670) 664-2211/2311



COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

Benigno R. Fitial

Governor



Eloy S. Inos Lieutenant Governor

MEMORANDUM

DATE: October 27, 2010 DIRECTIVE NO. 277

TO: ALL BRANCHES, DEPARTMENTS, AND AGENCIES

FROM: Governor

SUBJECT: Declaration of Citizenship Day, November 4,2010 holiday with pay

Pursuant to Public Law 17-21 Section 605(c), I hereby declare Citizenship Day, November 4,2010 as a holiday which shall be paid as detailed herein.

Government employees who are not scheduled to work on Citizenship Day shall be paid charging available annual leave hours for this holiday. Government employees who are scheduled to work on this holiday shall be paid their regular pay.

I take this step to ease the financial impact on our employees and their families as a result of having both the Election Day and Citizenship Day holidays in the same week.

BENIGNO R. FITIAL

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994

TO : Chairperson, Civil Service Commission

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 17 - Re-issuance of Ditive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 214(c), Personnel Management Functions

Effective immediately, Section 214(c) of Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, provides that boards and commissions. including the Civil Service Commission, to the extent of budgetary resources, may retain or establish personnel management functions within their organizations, or, by agreement may arrange with the Office of Personnel Management (Office of the Governor) to perform sugh functions on their behalf.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Members, Civil Service Commission

SAIPAN, MP 96950

DIRECTIVE

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 072

TO : Personnel Officer

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 18 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 214, Personnel Office Abolished and Functions Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994. effective immediately, the Personnel Office is abolished and its functions transferred to the Office of Personnel Management.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order, Sections 503.504. and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Chairperson and Members, Civil Service Commission Special Assistant for Administration

DATE: \$\frac{7}{2} 4 \text{ AV6 1994} \\ \text{NO. 07.3}

TO : Director, Division of Environmental Quality

Director of Public Health Director of Public Works

FROM : Governor

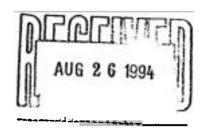
SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 19 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 304(d) Division of Environmental Quality Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 304(d), effective immediately, the Division of Environmental Quality is transferred from the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Works.

The procedures for **transferring** authority, **funds**, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in **Part** 5 of the Executive **Order**, Sections 503.504, and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO



DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 074

TO : Commonwealth Council for Arts and Culture

Secretary of Community and Cultural Affairs

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 20 - Commonwealth Council for Arts and Culture

This is to inform you that DIRECTIVE #20 is hereby withdrawn.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

COMMONWEALTH REGISTER VOLUME 32 NUMBER 11 NOVEMBER 22, 2010 PAGE 031055

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 075

TO : Sr. Land Commissioner

Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive **No.** 21 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 306(b). Land Commission Abolished and Functions Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 306(b) effective immediately, the Land Commission is abolished and its functions are transferred to a Division of Land Registration. which is hereby created within the Department of Lands and Natural Resources.

All employees of the Land Commission shall continue in their present positions. The Senior Land Commissioner is hereby re-designated to the Director of Land Registration, and the Deputy Land Commissioners are hereby re-designated as Deputy Directors of Land Registration.

The procedures for **transferring** authority, funds, **records**, property, and personnel, should this be **required**, **are set forth** in Part 5 of the **Executive** Order. Sections 503.504. and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

AUG 2 6 1994 NOVEMBER 22 2010 PAGE 031056

DATE: 2 5 AU6 1994 NO. 076

Secretary of Finance TO

FROM Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 22 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 307(b), Outside Contractors

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 307(b), effective immediately, all functions that the Civil Service Commission or the Personnel Office may have exercised relating to the procurement of services from outside contractors are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Finance.

cc:

Personnel Officer

Office of Personnel Management

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 077

TO : Attomey General

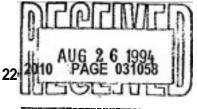
FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 23 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 309, Division of Intergovernmental Relations Abolished

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 309, effective immediately. the Division of Intergovernmental Relations is abolished Its functions may be assigned and delegated by the Attorney General.

FROILAN C. TENORIO



DATE: 2 4 AUS 1994 NO. 078

TO : Attorney General

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 24 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 207, Corporate Charters

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3. Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994. Section 207, effective immediately, all functions of the Governor relating to corporate charters pursuant to Chapter 1 of 4 CMC Division 4 are hereby delegated to the Attorney General.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Registrar of Corporations

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 079

TO Chairpersons and Members, Termination of Trusteeship Task Force and the Task Force

on Privatization of Government Services

FROM Governor

Withdrawal of Directive No. 25 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3, Section 406. Termination of Trusteeship Task Force and the Task Force on **SUBJECT**

Privatization of Government Services Abolished

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 406, effective immediately, the Termination of Trusteeship Task Force and the Task Force on Privatization of Government Services are abolished.

Their records, property, facilities, equipment and supplies are to be transferred to the Office of the Governor. Please contact my office if you have any records or property belonging to one of these task forces.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order. Sections 503.504. and 505.

NOVEMBER 22

DATE: 2 - AUG 1994 NO. 080

TO : Chairperson and Members, Wage and Salary Review Board

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 26 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 301(3)(b), Wage and Salary Review Board Abolished

'Ibis is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 301(3)(b), effective immediately, the Wage and Salary Review Board is abolished. Its records, property, facilities, equipment and supplies are transferred to the Department of Labor and Immigration.

The procedures for transferring authority. funds. records, property, and personnel should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order. Sections 503.504. and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC:

Secretary of Labor and Immigration

Secretary of Commerce

SAIPAN, MP 96950

DIRECTIVE

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 081

TO Chairperson and Members, State Planning Council on Developmental Disabilities

FROM Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 27 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 305(b), State Planning Council on Developmental Disabilities Allocated

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 305(b), effective immediately. the State Planning Council on Developmental Disabilities is allocated to the Department of Public Health for purposes of administration and coordination.

Section 507 of the Executive Order defines the relationship that will prevail between the Council and the

Department.

Secretary of Public Health CC:

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 082

TO Chairperson and Members, State Rehabilitation Advisory Council

FROM Governor

SUBJECT Withdrawal of Directive No. 28 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 305(b), State Rehabilitation Advisory Council Allocated

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 305(b), effective immediately, the State Rehabilitation Advisory Council is allocated to the Department of Public Health for purposes of administration and coordination.

Section 507 of the Executive Order defines the relationship that will prevail between the Council and the Department.

CC: Secretary of Public Health

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 083

TO : Chairperson and Members, Saipan Street Directory Commission

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 29 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 404, Saipan Street Directory Commission Abolished

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 404, effective immediately, the Saipan Street Directory Commission is abolished. Its records, property, facilities, equipment and supplies are to be transferred to the Office of the Mayor of Saipan.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds. records. property. and personnel, should this be required, are *set* forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order. Sections 503,504. and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Mayor of Saipan

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 084

TO Chairperson and Members, Coastal Resources Appeals Board

FROM Governor

SUBJECT Withdrawal of Directive No. 30 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 401(e), Coastal Resources Appeals Board Abolished and Functions Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 401(e), effective immediately. the Coastal Resources Appeals Board is abolished. Its functions are transferred to the Development Appeals Board.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order. Sections 503,504, and 505.

CC:

Administrator, Coastal Resources Management Office Chairperson, Development Appeals Board

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 085

TO Chairperson and Members, Building Safety Code Appeals Board

FROM Governor

SUBJECT Withdrawal of Directive No. 31 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 401(e), Building Safety Code Appeals Board Abolished and Functions

Transferred

This is to inform you that. in accordance with Executive Order 94-3. Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 401(e), effective immediately, the Building Safety Code Appeals Board is abolished. Its functions are transferred to the Development Appeals Board.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order. Sections 503, 504, and 505.

C. TENORIO

CC: Secretary of Public Works

Chairperson, Development Appeals Board

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 086

TO : Secretary of Public Works

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 32 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 304(b), Commonwealth Utilities Corporation Allocated

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 304(b), effective immediately, the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation is allocated to the Department of Public Works for purposes of administration and coordination.

Section 507 of the Executive Order defines the relationship that will prevail between the Corporation and

the Department.

CC:

FROILAN C. TENORIO

Executive Director, Commonwealth Utilities Corporation

DATE: **Z** 4 AU6 1994 NO. 087

TO : Administrator, Coastal Resources Management Office

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 33 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 206(a), Coastal Resources Management Office Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 206(a), effective immediately, the Coastal Resources Management Office is transferred to the Department of Lands and Natural Resources.

The procedures for transferring authority. funds. **records**, property, and personnel, should this be **required**, are set **forth** in Part 5 of the **Executive** Order. Sections 503.504. and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources

Directors, Coastal Resources Management Office

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 088

TO : Executive Secretary, Commonwealth Lottery Commission

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 34 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 307(a), Commonwealth Lottery Commission Abolished and Functions

Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3. Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 307(a), effective immediately, the Commonwealth Lottery Commission is abolished. Its functions are transferred to the Department of Finance. The Secretary of Finance shall consult with the Secretary of Commerce and the Attorney General as necessary for the effective administration of such functions.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Ext. 5 of the Executive ()rder, Sections 503, 504, and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Secretary of Finance Secretary of Commerce Attorney General

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994

TO : Special Assistant for Political Affairs

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 35 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 102, Special Assistant for Public Liaison Re-designation

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 102, effective immediately. the Special Assistant for Political Affairs is re-designated as the Special Assistant to the Governor for Public Liaison and shall head the Office of Public Liaison.

The procedures for transferring authority. funds. records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order. Sections 503,504, and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

DATE: 2 5 AUG 1994 NO. 090

Director of Public Health and Environmental Services TO

FROM Governor

Withdrawal of Directive No. 36 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3, Section 106(a), Department of Public Health Re-designated SUBJECT:

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 106(a), effective immediately, the Department of Public Health and Environmental Services is redesignated as the Department of Public Health.

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994

NO. 091

TO Secretary of Public Health

FROM Governor

Withdrawal of Directive No. 37 - on Health Planning and Development Agency and the Health Coordination Council Allocated **SUBJECT**:

This is to inform you that DIRECTIVE No. 37 is hereby withdrawn.

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 092

TO : Director of Personnel

Office of Personnel Management

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 38 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 214, Administrative Services Division Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 214. effective immediately, you are requested to transfer the employees of your Administrative Services Division (staff housing office) to the Department of Public Works.

An inventory of all government-owned property will be made prior to the actual move from your office to the Department of Public Works. One copy of this inventory will be maintained by your office and one copy shall be presented to the Secretary of Public Works. All such property is to be permanently transferred to the Department of Public Works.

Please make sure that the transfer of authority, funds, records, property, and personnel is accomplished in accordance with Part 5 of the Executive Order, Sections 503, 504, and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

C: Chairperson and Members, Civil Service Commission

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 093

TO : Chairperson and Members, Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 39 - Reissuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 209, Temporary Alcoholic Beverage Licenses Authority Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 209. effective immediately, the authority of the Governor under 4 CMC §5525 to issue temporary licenses for the sale of alcoholic beverages by non-profit organizations is transferred to the Secretary of Commerce.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order, Sections 503.504, and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Secretary of Commerce

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 094

TO Chairperson and Members, Statistical Advisory Council

FROM Governor

SUBJECT Withdrawal of Directive No. 40 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3.

Section 302(d), Statistical Advisory Council Abolished

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3. Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994. Section 302(d), effective immediately. the Statistical Advisory Council is abolished. Its records, property, facilities, equipment, and supplies are to be transferred to the Department of Commerce.

The Secretary of Commerce shall solicit from all activities of the Commonwealth Government, including those of the Legislative and Judicial Branches, and from the private sector as appropriate, their needs for government statistics and shall consider such needs when determining what statistics to collect, compile, and report

The procedures for transferring authority, funds, records, property, and personnel should this be P i 5 of the Executive Order, Sections 503.504, and 505.

Secretary of Commerce CC:

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 095

TO Chairperson and Members, Commonwealth Library Council

FROM Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 41 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 308(e), Commonwealth Library Council Allocated

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 308(e), effective immediately, the Commonwealth Library Council is allocated to the Department **© Community and Cultural Affairs for purposes of administration and coordination**

Section 507 of the Executive Order defines the relationship that will prevail between the Council and the Department.

Secretary of Community and Cultural Affairs CC:

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 096

TO Chairperson and Members, Commonwealth Ports Authority Board

FROM Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 42 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive

Order 94-3. Section 3(14(a), Commonwealth Ports Authority Allocated

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 304(a), effective immediately, the Commonwealth Ports Authority is allocated to the Department of Public Works for purposes of administration and coordination.

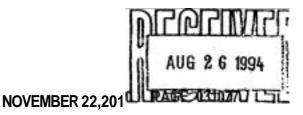
Section 507 of the Executive Order defines the relationship that will prevail between the Authority and the

11 . /1:

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Executive Director, Commonwealth Ports Authority

Secretary of Public Works



DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994 NO. 097

TO : Chairperson and Members, Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 43 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 302(c), Alcoholic Beverage Control Board Abolished and Functions

Transferred

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Ordw 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 302(c) effective immediately, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board is abolished and its functions transferred to the Secretary of Commerce.

The procedures for transferring authority, funds. records, property. and personnel, should this be required, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order, Sections 503.504. and 505.

FROILÁN C. THNORIO

CC: Secretary of Commerce

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994

NO. 098

TO : Director of Personnel

Office of Personnel Management

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 44 - Training Division Transferred

This is to inform, you DIRECTIVE No. 44 is hereby withdrawn

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: Chairperson and Members, Civil Service Commission

Chairperson and Members, Board of Regents

President, Northern Marianas College

DATE: 2 4 AUG 1994

TO : Executive **Director**, Marianas Public **Land** Corporation

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of Directive No. 45 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 306(a), Marianas Public Land Corporation Dissolved and Functions

Transferred

This is to **inform** you that. in **accordance** with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization **Plan** No. **2 of 1994**, Section 306(a), **effective** immediately, pursuant to **Section** 4(f) of **Article** XI of **our Constitution**, the Marianas Public Land **Corporation** is **dissolved** and its functions transferred to **the** Division **of** Public Lands in the Department of Lands and **Natural Resources**, which shall have at its head a Director of Public Lands.

Other sections of the Executive Order which may be of related interest are 105 and 306(b).

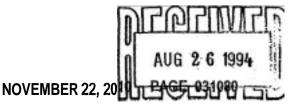
The procedures for **transferring** authority. funds, **records**, property, and personnel, should this be **required**, are set forth in Part 5 of the Executive Order, Sections 503, 504, and 505.

FROILAN C. TENORIO

CC: **Members, MPLC** Board

Secretary of Lands and Natural Resources

Director of Land **Registration**Director of Public Lands



DATE: **2** 4 AUG 1994 NO. 100

TO : Secretary of Community and Cultural Affairs

FROM : Governor

SUBJECT: Withdrawal of **Directive** No. 46 - Re-issuance of Directive on Executive Order 94-3,

Section 308(a), Division of Sports and Recreation Established

This is to inform you that, in accordance with Executive Order 94-3, Re-organization Plan No. 2 of 1994, Section 308(a), effective immediately. there is established within the Department of Community and Cultural Affairs a Division of Sports and Recreation, headed by a Director of Sports and Recreation.

The Division shall develop and administer programs relating to team and individual sports, recreational activities, and physical fitness for youth and adult... including senior citizens and persons with mental or physical disabilities.

FROILAN C. TENORIO